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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXVII NO. 193 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 16, 1939 PRICE: ONE ANNA

PILES
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Talks With Hitler, 'Strictly Confidential'

League Commissioner's DESPATCHES To British Govt.

Issue Of Peace Or War Rests With Democracies? Fascist Press On Danzig Crisis

LONDON, August 15.

The British Government received a message from Prof. Burckhardt concerning the general trend of his Berchtesgaden interview with Herr Hitler but this message and any further communication that Prof. Burckhardt on the Polish Government may make arising out of the former's conversation with Herr Hitler will be treated in strict confidence.

WILL HE VISIT LONDON?

The British Government have not received from Prof. Burckhardt or any other quarter any proposals for a settlement of the Danzig question and nothing is known of any intention on the part of Prof. Burckhardt to visit London.

Official circles point out that Prof. Burckhardt's principal function is to deal with questions arising between Danzig and Poland and he is in close contact with the Polish Government, through the Polish Commissioner-General in Danzig.

Br. Govt. Not Consulted

It is stated Prof. Burckhardt did not consult the British Government before visiting Berchtesgaden but merely informed them that he had received an invitation.

The British Government in their capacity as rapporteur have conveyed information regarding the invitation to the other two members of the Committee of Three. It is emphasised in London that Prof. Burckhardt conveyed no message from British Government and went to Berchtesgaden entirely in his private capacity.—Reuter.

'DE FACTO' SOLUTION OF DANZIG FROBLEM

"Situation Grave As In Last September"

ROME, Aug. 15.

Newspapers to-day unitedly declare that the issue of peace or war over Danzig rests with the Democracies and appeal for a pacific solution.

Ansaldo writing in the "Telegrafo" says that the situation is grave as in last September. "German Government will sooner or later feel morally bound to accept the unanimous vote of the Danzig population manifested in a solemn form. If, when faced with German annexation, Polish militarists brandish Mr. Chamberlain's blank cheque, we arrive at a general war."

The "Popolo d'Italia" writes:—"All problems in Danzig have already been solved 'de facto' in the proportion of 90 to 95 per cent and only remains the symbolical question of National Coat of Arms. It should not be difficult to reach a solution, even if only a temporary 'modus vivendi', to lessen the tension."—Reuter.

NAZI INSTIGATION TO SPAIN

Against British Possession Of Gibraltar

BERLIN: August 15.

"Gibraltar in English hands is a standing threat which Spain cannot permanently tolerate." declares Marshal Goering's mouthpiece, "National Zeitung" of Essen.

It adds: "Italy also has an interest in seeing that Gibraltar is in Spanish possession, not only because of Gibraltar's significance in English encirclement plans, but also since Italy's trade with Spanish America and United States must pass through the Straits. The future will show whether England can hold Gibraltar against the natural claims of Spain, which again is strong, but it is clear Spain will not permanently tolerate a British Gibraltar any more than she can tolerate an international Tangier."—Reuter.

WHEN WILL DEMOCRACIES UNDERSTAND?

PARIS, August 15.

While the majority of the French Press refrains from commenting on the proposed handing-over of the four Chinese suspects in Tientsin to the Japanese, the Nationalistic newspaper "L Epoque" makes this the occasion for a sarcastic comment.

"Four poor devils—four drops of water in an ocean of yellow humanity whose execution will cause little stir in the midst of the daily massacres in the Far East...Is it imagined in London that this derisory concession will diminish the Japanese aggressiveness, and that it will hold up for one second the demands which are being declared and ultimatums which are announced? How long it takes the democracies to understand!"

Commenting on the proposed handing-over of four Tientsin suspects the "Paris Midi" pays a tribute to Britain's "conciliatory attitude in trying to solve Tientsin incident by pacific anti-British demonstrations.—Reuter.

FRESH GERMAN WAR OF NERVES

PARIS: August 15.

"Le Populaire" renews a warning against a fresh German war of nerves declaring that the campaign of intimidation will grow. German-Italian military preparations will be revealed in well-calculated indiscretions accompanied by a new wave of fantasies regarding peace plans.

"WE MUST MAINTAIN 'SANG-FROID'." adds the paper.—Reuter.

ANGLO-FRENCH SOLIDARITY

SINGAPORE: August 15.

The Governor-General of French Indo-China, M. Jules Brevie, with his wife and staff, is expected here on August 23, on the French cruiser "Suffren," according to a communique, which adds that M. Brevie will make an official landing and stay with the Governor of the Straits Settlement, meet Defence Chiefs and visit the fortress and other points of interest.

The visit will be brief.

The guests will be leaving for France on August 24 aboard the French liner "President Doumer," but it is regarded as a demonstration of Anglo-French solidarity in the Far-East.—Reuter.

Lady graduates in the Bombay University Convocation procession on Tuesday.
(Mr. Masani's address on Page 11)

STAND BY BENGAL P.C.C.

Forward Bloc's Call Against Congress Cabinet's Decision

CALCUTTA, Aug. 15.

The Working Committee of the All-India Forward Bloc at its meeting to-day reaffirmed its approval of the decision of the Left Consolidation Committee to observe an all-India Day on July 9 last, to protest against the two resolution of the All-India Congress Committee on "Satyagraha in the Provinces" and on "Congress Ministries and Provincial Congress Committees."

The Committee assured the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee of its wholehearted support in the steps that the B. P. C. C., might be forced to take in the event of "unwarranted encroachment on its legitimate rights on the part of the Congress Working Committee." The Committee trusted that all Congressmen and Congress Committees in Bengal would rally round their Provincial Congress Committee at this "critical juncture".—A. P.

Congress Cabinet's Action Against Subhas Deplored

CALCUTTA, Aug. 15.

The All India Left Consolidation Committee, which met to-day at the residence of Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose, viewed the decision of the Congress Working Committee in connection with demonstrations of July 9 and the action against Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose with grave concern, and was of the opinion that the Congress Working Committee had been more actuated by the desire to suppress the Left, than to maintain discipline within the Congress.

The resolution passed by the meeting stated that it was the duty of the Left Consolidation Committee to see that by vigorous agitation and mobilisation of mass opinion, the action of the Working Committee was withdrawn and the drive against the Left ceased —A.P.

STOP PRESS

POLISH PAPERS ON BURCKHARDT'S VISIT

WARSAW: August 15.

Newspapers' attitude to Mr. Burckhardt's trip to the Reich is highly critical and they specially stress the fact that the Polish Government had no knowledge of his visit to Germany, which was undertaken purely on his own initiative.—Reuter.

Hands Off Rumania

King Carol's Warning Against Attempt To Change Frontier

BUCHAREST, Aug. 15.

A warning against any attempt to change Rumania's frontiers was given by King Carol to-day when speaking at Constanza after a review of the Rumanian Fleet.

"Whatever is Rumanian cannot be given away", the King said "and what is Rumanian will be defended. More than that if anyone loves peace he must realise that the frontiers as now marked out cannot be changed without the danger of a world-wide disaster.—Reuter.

SOVIET SUSPEND 14 AIR SERVICES

MOSCOW, Aug. 15.

Without any explanation the Soviet authorities have suspended operation of fourteen important airlines from Moscow "until further notice". The services include those to Novosibrisk and Sverdlovsk in central Asia and the Caucasus.—Reuter.

News-Reel Of Bombay's Welcome To The Congress President Banned In State.

(See Page 10)

NEW HIMALAYAN PEAK DISCOVERED

Polish Expeditionists Return To Almora

LUCKNOW, Aug. 15.

The remaining two members of the ill-fated Polish Himalayan Expedition returned to Almora during the week-end accompanied by Maj. Foy and Mr. Blake, states a message from Almora. Mr. Jansusz Kharneu has some eye trouble. Otherwise the expeditionists are quite fit while eight porters have also arrived safe.

Mr. Karpinski developed dysentery at a height of 14,000 feet and grew very weak, but courageously he led the climbers reaching a height of 23,000 feet.

From Bhitalgwar Mr. Karpinski and Mr Blake climbed another peak, east of Nanda Devi, which is hitherto unnamed and christined it as "Nanda Lapak" (stip of Nanda 18,700 feet).—A. P.

JAWAHAR'S CHINA VISIT

Plan Of One Month's Itinerary In Personal Capacity

ALLAHABAD, Aug. 15.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's programme in China is not yet definite. He plans to fly by the K. L. M., Plane via Calcutta, Rangoon, Bangkok and Hanoi, to Chungking. His further programme depends on the arrangements made by the inviting organisations there, especially the League of Nations Union branch. He may also go to Yenan, which is now the headquarter of the Indian Medical Unit. His visit is undertaken in his personal capacity. The tour is expected to extend for a month but it may be shortened if the international situation demands it.—Associated Press.

Four Drowned

COPENHAGEN: August 15.

Four passengers were drowned when the British Airways' "Lockhead Electra" liner fell into the sea in flames near Storstroms Bridge.

The machine left Heston this morning for Hamburg, Copenhagen and Stockholm. There had been a severe thunderstorm in the district and it is believed the machine was struck by lightning.

Fishing boats, lifeboats and pilot cutters rushed to the scene and one of the boats picked up the injured pilot just as the machine sank.

The four passengers drowned are respectively British, American, German and Mexican.

OIL ENGINE MANUFACTURER DROWNED

Mr. A. C. Crossley, M. P., Director of the famous oil engine manufacturers was among the four passengers who were drowned when the British Airways' "Lockhead Electra" liner fell into the sea in flames near Storstroms bridge. A member of the crew was also drowned.

SOLE SURVIVOR

The rescued pilot, Commander Wright, stated that after noticing fire in the wireless cabin he brought the airliner down to water and had to smash the window in order to get out. Commander Wright was the sole survivor and the member of the crew killed was the Radio Officer.

The Storstroms Bridge is the longest in Europe and links the Danish Islands, Masnedo and Falster

OTHER VICTIMS.

In addition to Mr. Crossley, the victims of the air crash were Mr. S. J. Simonton, American, Mr. C A. Castelillo, Mexican and Herr Beuss, German.

Bombay Assembly

Adjournment Motion Thrown Out

Home Minister's Charge Against 'Sawadhan'

Why Resort To Emergency Powers Act? Asks Jamnadas: Why Not Go To High Court? Retorts Munshi

(FROM OUR SPECIAL REPRESENTATIVE)

POONA, August 15.

AFTER a full-dress debate lasting for two hours wherein about a dozen members participated, the Bombay Legislative Assembly rejected by 72 votes to 19 Mr. Jamnadas Mehta's adjournment motion to discuss the question of the use of the Press Emergency Powers Act by the Bombay Government in demanding securities from the publisher of the "Savadhan", a Marathi Weekly, and the keeper of the Laxminarayan Press, Bombay, where the paper is printed, for publication of some alleged objectionable articles.

The Muslim League and the Progressive Party remained neutral.

INDIA ACT TO RESCUE?

Speaker Defers Ruling

Discussion on the adjournment motion of Mr. Jamnadas Mehta for two hours in the Assembly today caused a ripple in the otherwise sedate proceedings, which were mostly drab and dull. The motion was to discuss "an urgent matter of definite public importance, namely, the action of Government in demanding security from the editor of a newspaper, "Sawadhan" and the Printer of Laximinarayan Press, for publishing alleged objectionable matter."

The motion was lost by an overwhelming majority. The Muslim League party remaining neutral.

Before the motion was formally moved Mr. G. V. Mavlankar, Speaker, explained that the general principle as to whether the Press Act could be applied at all could be discussed and during the discussion instances could be cited.

ADJOURNMENT MOTION

Mr. Mehta moving his adjournment motion referred to the articles in "Sawadhan" alleged to tend to violence. Without going into lives of Lala Hardayal and Dhindra, revolutionaries, described in the articles, he stated "exigencies of fortune" brought down the former to Bombay. Describing him Mr. Mehta stated he was a revolutionary of most desired type and suggested his career should be prescribed for any text book of modern history.

MR. MUNSHI'S REPLY

Hon. Mr. Munshi citing the pedigree of the paper called the articles dangerous, because they showed the necessity and nobility of crimes involving violence. He stated that the same arguments were trotted out and cited instances to show how similar motions in the past had fizzled out and Government was vindicated by overwhelming majority.

Then followed a general discussion in which Messrs. R. R. Bhole, S. V. Parulekar and Karandikar arrayed themselves on the side of sponsor of the motion, whereas Messrs. Govindrao Deshpande, K. S. Firodea, S. K. Patil, Ali Bahadur Khan and J. B. Greaves opposed the motion and upheld the Government's action.

Mr. S. H Jhabvala looked at the question from a different point of view and asked whether Government should look on when violence seems to stalk the land and replied in the negative He did not, however, want prejudiced minds should see in the articles tendencies to set aflame the whole country.

LEAGUERS CONFUSED

Sir A. M. K. Dehlavi did not justify the action on "Sawadhan" but then the Speaker of the Assembly pointed out the wording of the resolution. Confusion in the minds of Muslim Leaguers persisted and Mr. Mavlankar had to amend the resolution. Supporters of the motion thought Muslim Leaguers did

(Continued on Page 7, Col. 3).

NAZIS INVITE INDIAN YOUTH?

For Labour Camp And Hitler Youth Organisation!

BOMBAY, Aug. 15.

Mr. Deepak Dutt Choudhury, an Indian youth, has arrived here from Berlin after visiting the labour camp of Nazi Germany.

The Nazi Labour Camp Organisation made a suggestion to Mr. Dutt Choudhury to send two Indian youths to Germany to work in the labour camp and study the labour situation there.

He met officials of the Hitler Youth Organisation also who made a suggestion of sending two German youths to India in exchange of two Indian youths to be sent to Germany in order to establish cultural relations between the two countries and study each other better.

Mr. Dutt Choudhury is proceeding to Wardha to meet Mahatma Gandhi and place the suggestions before him.—United Press.

OBEIDULLAH TO BE RELEASED

PESHAWAR, August 15.

The "United Press" understands that Mr. Obeidullah Khan, son of the Hon'ble Dr. Khan Sahib, the Premier, who was sentenced to three years' rigorous imprisonment in connection with the recent agrarian trouble at Muftiabad, is going to be released shortly.

A deputation consisting of about eight Congress workers and red-shirts waited on Dr. Khan Sahib to-day and urged him to release Mr. Obeidullah and his eight companions, as others numbering 150 who were imprisoned in this connection had already been released.

The Premier, it is understood, agreed to release them if they would give him an undertaking that they would not create further trouble.

The deputationists also met Mr. Obeidullah Khan in the Peshawar Central Jail, and they are understood to have persuaded him to abide by his father's terms.—United Press.

INDIAN TROOPS AT SUEZ

CAIRO, Aug. 15.

About 6,000 troops from India arrived at Suez this afternoon to strengthen British defence forces in Egypt.—Reuter's Special.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word Minimum Re. 1

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BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

42 SITUATION VACANT

Wanted Sub-overseers, Engineers, Lawyers, Doctors, Graduates and Clerks, Apply for Terms to No. 12151 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Agency Manager on Rs. 100—20—500 p.m. for a Bank to invest loan without security to everybody. Post Box 2410, Calcutta. (246)

Wanted a Lady Teacher—Graduate or under-graduate with S.T.C. —from 1st Sept., 1939, for a local school. A very good knowledge of English and Gujarati is essential. Apply immediately to Box No. 12160, "Bombay Chronicle."

141. EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Admissions are now open for Courses in Radio and Electrical Engineering and Wireless Telegraphy. Efficient training both in Theory and Practice. Paying careers. Short Courses. Moderate fees. Library and gymkhana facilities. For fully illustrated Prospectus apply: Khalsa College, Bombay Technical Institute, King's Circle, Matunga, Bombay No. 19. (10987)

191. MEDICAL ADLETS

Gonorrhoea Guaranteed cured through Electricity as in Germany and America. Visit personally, Electric Treatment Hospital, near Lamington Talkies, Lamington Road, Bombay, 7. (12149)

Right Contraceptive Jelly and Sexus Paste prevent conception; Gelotube prevents venereal disease. Right Agency, Girgaum, Bombay. (11847)

341. PARTNERSHIP WANTED

Experienced Engineer Wants Sleeping Partner who can invest about Rs. 50,000 in a paying Land and Buildings Proposition. Guaranteed Interests and Share Profits. Apply Box No. 12156, "Bombay Chronicle".

327. AGENTS WANTED

A well established Indian Life Office of position and standing invites applications for Chief Agencies from respectable persons or firms for unrepresented areas on decent commission together with office allowance against a small guarantee. For particulars apply to Box No. 24, G.P.O., Madras. (12150)

410. PHOTOGRAPHIC MATERIALS

Wanted: A Process Camera, Size, 10 x 12, with lense and prism. Write present condition, lowest offer to Khandar Trading Co., Denso Hall, Karachi. (12153)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

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Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

THE BRITISH BURMAH PETROLEUM CO., LTD.
(Incorporated in England).

AN INFORMAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Company will be held at the Old Share Bazar Hall, on THURSDAY, the 17th instant at 5-30 p.m., whereat the Chairman's speech will be read and the position arising out of the reduction and increase of Capital explained. All taking interest in the affairs of the Company are invited.

14-8-39

S. S. PANTHAKI.
Local Secretary.
815.

THE BOMBAY MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, LTD.

NOTICE HAVING BEEN GIVEN of the loss of Policy No. 55103 on the life of Mr. K M. Khandagle, a duplicate policy will be issued unless objection is filed with the undersigned within one month from date.

(Sd.) J. M. CORDERIO,
Secretary.

Post Box No. 645,
Fort, Bombay, 8th Aug. '39.
(12152)

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ON 16TH AUGUST, 1939
FOR ONE DAY ONLY

SUBSCRIPTIONS WILL BE RECEIVED ONLY IN THE FORM OF CASH OR CHEQUE

The Loan will be closed as soon as a total of approximately Rs. 2 1/2 crores has been subscribed, and in any case not later than the close of business on the 16th August, 1939.

Applications will be received at the offices of the RESERVE BANK OF INDIA, at Bombay, Calcutta, Delhi and Madras and at the Branches and Treasury Pay Offices of Imperial Bank of India in the Province of the Punjab.

Full particulars can be obtained at any of the offices or branches mentioned above or at any Treasury or Sub-treasury in the Province of the Punjab.
(796)

468. FRUITS & VEGETABLES

The most Popular Kulu Apples and Pears a Selection now in full bearing. Available 9lbs. net by post Rs. 5-8. By Rail 8, 14, 20, 30 and 40lbs. for Rs. 3-6, 6-4, 8-4, 11-4 and 14-4 respectively all inclusive. Tele.:—"Garh Bajaura". Superintendent, Kulu Fruit Gardens, Bajaura, (Kulu, Pb.) (1200)

HEALTH AND BEAUTY

"Betty" Manicurist, Pedicurist, "Lintinage," 2nd floor, Arthur Bunder Road, Bombay. (12147)

595. DANCING CLASSES

Miss Yvonne Dancing Class. "Lintinage," 1st Floor, Arthur Bunder Road. (12148)

Public Notices

"DECCAN QUEEN"

PASSENGERS travelling by the Deccan Queen during Week Ends and Public Holidays to Poona can reserve their berths for the return journey on payment of the usual fee to the Conductor on the train.

G. I. P.

824

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

CITY ENGINEER'S DEPARTMENT.
(Works Branch).

NOTICE.

TENDERS FOR the work of supply of asphaltic cement containing 700 tons of bitumen for sheet asphalt and mixed macadam paving mixtures, will be received upto 1 p.m. (Bombay Time) on WEDNESDAY, the 30th August, 1939.

Tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Fort, Bombay, enclosed in a sealed envelope bearing the description of the tender.

Forms of tender, specification, etc., will be issued on payment of Rupee One each to any one deputed to receive them by the Dy. City Engineer, who will on application give any further information that may be required

In case of a firm, the names of all the partners must invariably be specified in the tender.

The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

(Sd.) N. V. MODAK.
City Engineer.

City Engineer's Department
(Works Branch)
Municipal Offices,
Bombay, 14th August, 1939.
823

Legal Notices

NOTICE OF SALE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that HUSEINABAI, widow of Abdulhusein Mulla Mahomedali, EBRAHIM ABDULHUSEIN, DAWOODBHOY ABDULHUSEIN, NURUDDIN ABDULHUSEIN, FIDAHUSEIN MAHOMEDALI and MARIAMBAI, daughter of Fidahusein Mahomedali have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client free from incumbrances.

THAT any person having any claim, right, title, interest, in or to the said property by way of sale, mortgage, charge, trust, lien, possession, gift, inheritance, lease, or otherwise howsoever is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 36, Tamarind Lane, Tamarind House, Fort, Bombay, and to the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes within FOURTEEN days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim: and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

ALL that piece or parcel of perpetual Fazandari land or ground with dwelling house standing thereon, situate on the North side of Ganchee Moholla or MIRZA STREET without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, admeasuring 128-5/9 square yards and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No 1390, Cadastral Survey No. 1316 of Bhuleshwar Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under C Ward No. 647 and Street Nos. 70-72 and bounded as follows, that is to say, on the East by the house of Bhai Saheb, on the West by the house of Akberali Musbher Raja, on the North by a sweepers passage and on the south by the said Ganchee Moholla or Mirza Street.

Bombay dated this 15th day of August, 1939.

GHULAMALI NOORANI & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
(819)

Legal Notices

HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY

INSOLVENCY No. 359 of 1938.

Re: MAHOMED ABDUL KADAR ABBAS ARAB, of Bombay Mahomedan Inhabitant, residing at No. 10, Cirrus Avenue, Lamington Road, formerly a Broker in pearls and now unemployed: ..... An Insolvent.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the abovenamed Insolvent has applied to the Court for his discharge and that the Court has fixed the 19th day of September, 1939, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon for hearing the application.

Dated this 14th day of August, 1939.

S. J. RAHIMTOOLA,
Insolvency Registrar.
(821)

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that MR. KAHANDAS KISHORDAS PATEL, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our clients.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 111, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL that piece or parcel of lease-hold land or ground, admeasuring 711 square yards or thereabouts with the messuage tenement building or dwelling house standing thereon being plot No. 126 (North) of Scheme No. 6 of the Dadar-Matunga (North) Estate of the Municipal Corporation for the City of Bombay (Improvement), situate at Bhau Daji Road in the City and Island of Bombay and Registration Sub-District of Bombay, bearing Cadastral Survey No. 332/10 of Matunga Division and assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under F Ward No. 7888 (1A), Street No. 1455AA and bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the East by the said Bhau Daji Road, on or towards the West by Laxmi Narayan Road and thereafter by plot No. 135 and on or towards the North partly the said Bhau Daji Road and partly by Telang Road and on or towards the South by the said Telang Road.

Dated this 12th day of August, 1939.

N. C. DALAL & CO.,
Purchasers Attorneys.
818.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE VI, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration to the property and credits of Dr. NATVERLAL BHOGILAL FADIA alias DR. NATWARLAL BHOGILAL FADIA alias NATVERLAL BHOGILAL FADIA alias N. B. FADIA, late of Surat Hindu Bania Medical Practitioner. ..... Deceased

BAI SARLA, widow of Dr. Natverlal Bhogilal Fadia, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Ishwardas Building, Nana Chowk, Grant Road, without the Fort ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness SIR JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT, Knight Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this 10th day of August in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and thirty-nine and in the third year of our Reign

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL,
Prothonotary and Senior Master

(Sd.) TAHIR ALI.

The 10th day of August, 1939.
MESSRS. MATUBHAI JAMIETRAM & MADAN,
Petitioner's Attorneys.
820.

Legal Notices

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that FRAMJI PESTONJI BAMBOAT, of Bombay Parsi Inhabitant has contracted to sell to our client the undermentioned property. All persons having any claim or interest in or to the property or any portion thereof by way of sale, exchange, mortgage, lease, lien, charge, possession, trust, gift, inheritance, maintenance, easement, or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office in Fort Chambers, Hamum Street, Fort, Bombay, within fourteen days from the publication hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claims and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

ALL THAT piece or parcel of Leasehold land or ground with the messuages, tenements or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being at Mahomedan Street, without the Fort, in the City of Bombay and in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 250 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 3554, Cadastral Survey No. 1|1553 of Byculla Division and in the Fazandars Records under No. 9 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under E Ward No. 3870 and Street No. 57 (Old) and No Street Nos. 31 C, 33 A and bounded as follows:—that is to say on or towards the North by the Mahomedan Street and on or towards the South by a passage and beyond that by the property of Shankar Ramji and on or towards the East by the property of Bachoo Saheb and on or towards the West by the property of Fatmabai.

Dated this 15th day of August, 1939.

NANU HORMUSJI & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
(825)

Auction Sales

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLAIMED GOODS AT UNCLAIMED GOODS OFFICE, WADI BUNDER, G.I.P. RY.

Under instructions from G.I.P. Ry. and in accordance with sections 55 and 56 of Indian Railways Act IX of 1890, Messrs, BENNETT and Co., will on THURSDAY, the 31st August, 1939 at 2 p.m. (S.T.) sell by public auction at the above place unclaimed goods including:-

Rice, wheat, gram, toor, G. N. seeds husk, cotton seeds, linseed hirda, bajri, jowari, empty drums barrels tins of oil, tea, shoes, soap, cotton, dry fish, motor tyres, hosiery, bidi leaves, bundles of iron bar, medicine, tarpaulin and rope pieces, gunny bags, glass beads, glass-ware, churries, champals, etc.

Terms—50 per cent. deposit or full amounts, and balance to be paid and delivery to be taken on or before 9th September, 1939.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY AT NOWROJI STREET (NEAR THAKORDWAR).

Under instructions from Messrs. Motichand and Devidas attorneys for Mr. Bhagwanji Morarji the Mortgagee and on account and at the risk of Goswami Shri Ghanshyamlalji Ramanlalji Maharaj, Messrs BENNETT & CO., will on FRIDAY, the 18th August, 1939, at 4 P.M. (S.T.) sell by public auction on the premises the following.

All that piece of Pension Tax land with dwelling house on it situate at Nowroji Street and admeasuring about 257 sq. yds., and bearing Municipal "C" Ward No. 2215 St. No. 4, and bounded on the East and West by the properties of Edulji Nassarwanji Sethna on the North by a boundary wall and Bhai Jiwanji Oart and on the South by a Roadway.

For particulars and conditions apply to Messrs. Motichand and Devidas, Solicitors or the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.

EXCELSIOR

4, 6-30 & 10 P. M.

CHARLES BOYER
MICHELE MORGAN
IN
"ORAGE"
(TEMPEST)
The FINEST French Film of the Year!

PATRONISE THE EXCELSIOR CHINESE RESTAURANT.

THE CAPITOL

DAILY AT 3-30, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
4th Glorious WEEK

MERA LALL

COMPANION PICTURE TO
MOTHER INDIA
with STARS of "Mother India"
DIRECTED BY:—
GUNJAL

HOMO SAPIEN—
OR THE ORDINARY 'MAN'
UNDER THE PRABHAT TOUCH—

PRABHAT PICTURE

ADMI

with Shanta Hublikar, Shahu Modak, Buvasaheb, Gouri, Chhotu, Ram Marathe and all the rest.

Directed by SHANTARAM
Music by MASTER KRISHNARAU

COMING TO CENTRAL

Distributed by—
FAMOUS PICTURES' Ltd.

RAJPUT CHIVALRY
and
MOGUL MAGNIFICENCE
IN THE GLORIOUS DAYS OF
JEHANGIR THE JUST

Brought to the screen in Minerva's Spectacular historical production

Pukar

Directed by SOHRAB MODI

STARS: SOHRAB MODI, CHANDRAMOHAN, NASEEM, SHEELA, SADIQALI and SARDAR AKHTAR.

COMING SHORTLY TO YOUR FAVOURITE THEATRE

WATCH for the DATE

It is the GRANDEST SHOW FOR A LONG TIME!

5TH WEEK
SUPREME'S GREAT SOCIAL
MY EYES
Featuring:—
KHURSHID SITARA
AT
WEST END
CINEMA
Daily.—At 4-30, 7-15 & 10 p.m.
Holidays: MATINEE AT 1-45 P.M.

NOW SHOWING AT
PATHE
DAILY: 3-30, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
BERNARD SHAW'S
PYGMALION
M-G-M PICTURE.
FROM SAT. 19TH
I WILL GIVE A MILLION
SUN. 20TH AUG.
MORNING SHOW AT 10 A.M.
LAST OF MRS. CHANEY

6TH WEEK
WADIAS'
Punjab Mail
featuring NADIA
LAMINGTON
Daily at 4-45, 7-15, 10 p.m.
Fri. Sat, Sun-Matinee at 1-45 p.m.

FOURTEENTH WEEK
In Bombay
Huns Pictures
"BRANDIKI BOTAL!"
Starring:—WINAYAK
CENTRAL
DAILY: 4-30, 7-15 & 10 P.M.

8 EIGHTH
ELOQUENT WEEK!
ALL OF THEM...! AT THE FEET
of this great Saint! Even His Enemies!
SEE
RANJIT'S
DEVOTIONAL EPIC
Sant Tulsidas
Starring:
PAGNIS, VASANTI, LEELA CHITNIS, K. DATEY, etc.
Directed by JAYANT DESAI.
Smashing the Box Office at
OPERA HOUSE
Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p.m.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 17 April, 2017

MAN OF WHIMS

THAT IS WHAT THE WORLD THOUGHT OF HIM

NOBLEST OF MEN

THAT IS WHAT HE REALLY WAS

SEE HIS

DUAL CHARACTER

IN

COMRADES

OR

JIVAN SATHI

SAGAR'S TREATISE ON LOVE

Coming Shortly at PATHE

SPECIAL BENCH FOR PROPERTY TAX CASES

Both Suits To Be Heard On Sept. 12

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The adjourned hearing of the notice of motion in connection with the two suits challenging the legality of the Urban Immovable Property Tax came on before Mr. Justice Kania at the High Court.

Sir Chimanlal Setalvad, who appeared for the plaintiffs, intimated to the Court that on the application of the parties the Chief Justice had directed that both the suits should be heard by a Special Bench of three Judges on September 12 immediately after certain suits concerning Tata Iron and Steel Co. are disposed by that Bench.

Mr. M. C. Setalvad, Advocate-General, stated that the Chief Justice had expressed a desire that the judges of the Special Bench should have some information as to the points involved in the suits before the due date of the hearing.

In view of this, the parties have agreed that the plaintiffs should address a letter to the attorneys of the first defendants, i.e., Government of Bombay, within a week, giving a general indication of the grounds of their case, and the Government should file their statement within a week after that. The Municipal Corporation and the Municipal Commissioner, who are the second and third defendants, may or may not file their statements.

His lordship directed the motion to stand over.

In the first suit, the plaintiffs are Jagmohandas Kalliandas and others, and the other suit is filed by Sir Byramjee Jijibhoy.

The defendants are the same in both the cases.

The plaintiffs contend that the Property Tax is illegal and 'ultra vires' of the Bombay Legislature and that the Municipality has no right to collect the same.

Suit Against Bombay Municipality

Right To Collect Urban Immovable Property Tax Questioned

Another case in which the powers of the Bombay Municipality to collect the Urban Immovable Property Tax are questioned came on for hearing before Mr. Justice Kania at the High Court to-day.

This was a notice of motion taken out by Jamshedji Cowasji Dubash in connection with his suit against the Bombay Municipal Corporation.

It appeared that some time ago the defendants sent to the plaintiff a bill for Rs. 2,500 which included Rs. 900 by way of Property Tax.

The plaintiff paid on the other taxes but refused to pay the property-tax on the ground that the Municipality had no powers to collect this tax under the provisions of the Municipal Act.

The defendants, thereupon, attached the plaintiff's motor car to enforce payment of the tax.

The plaintiff, thereupon, filed this suit for the recovery of the car and took out the present notice of motion to restrain the defendants from selling the car.

By consent of parties, his lordship directed that the suit should be placed on the short causes board on Wednesday, August 23.

In the meantime, the defendants undertook not to sell the car.

Sir Chimanlal Setalvad appeared for the plaintiff and Sir Jamshed Kanga for the defendants.

RAILWAY TIME-TABLE

G. I. P. Railway

(IN FORCE FROM APRIL 1, 1939).

Arrivals at and Departures from Victoria Terminus.

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Calcutta Mail (Chhecki)	9 15	20 45
Madras Mail	6 00	22 00
Peshawar Lucknow (Exp.)	6 15	23 00
Calcutta Mail (Nagpur)	7 51	17.40
Madras Express	10 15	14 50
Poona Mail	10 30	17 30
Punjab Mail	11 40	18 45
Nagpur Express	14 05	21 25
Poona Fast (Pass.)	16 50	11 50
Poona Express	19 32	8 05
Allahabad Express	20 25	7 00
Deccan Queen (on Fridays only)	—	17 15
Deccan Qn. (on Mondays only)	10 55	—

B. B. & C. I. Railway

Time-table in force from April 1, 1939.

Arrivals at and Departures from Bombay Central.

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Ahmedabad Passenger	5 33	13 50
Delhi Express	6 00	22 15
Gujarat Mail	6 45	22 00
Kathiawar Mail	7 25	21 30
Frontier Mail	8 15 (Mon.)	21 15 (Sat.)
*The Flying Ranee Surat	9 48	15 10
The Flying Ranee, Surat	10 58	18 03
Ahmedabad Passenger	14 15	22 30
Kathiawar Express	18 45	8 45
Baroda Passenger	20 33	9 25

*If Monday is a Bank Holiday, this train will run on Tuesday.

ARRIVALS AT BALLARD PIER.

	Arr.
Frontier Mail (on Saturday only for Homeward Passengers)	8 40

AIR SERVICES

The following air mail time table is in force in Bombay:—

London—Bombay via Poona.

Planes call at Karachi, Bhuj, Ahmedabad and Poona.

Arrival at Poona: Sunday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday, 1 p.m.

Delivery in Bombay: Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday at 8 a.m. and Sunday at 12-30 p.m.

Bombay via Poona—London.

Planes call at Ahmedabad, Bhuj and Karachi.

Latest hours of posting at the G. P. O. Bombay: Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday at 6-30 p.m.

Bombay via Poona—Colombo.

Planes call at Hyderabad, Madras and Trichinopoly.

Latest hours of posting at the G. P. O. Bombay: Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday at 7-15 a.m.

Colombo—Bombay via Poona.

Delivery in Bombay: Monday at 8 a.m. Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6 p.m.

Bombay via Poona and Calcutta—Singapore—Australia

Latest hours of posting: Sunday, Monday and Thursday 6-30 p.m.

Australia—Bombay via Poona and Calcutta

Delivery: Tuesday, Wednesday and Saturday 11 a.m.

Bombay via Poona and Calcutta—Hongkong, China and Japan

Latest hour of posting Monday and Thursday 6-30 p.m.

Hongkong—Bombay

Delivery: Tuesday and Saturday 11 a.m.

The air services of the Air Services of India, Ltd., between Bombay and Kathiawar and between Bombay, Poona and Kolhapur have been suspended on account of the monsoon.

GREAT NEWS!!

BE PREPARED TO MEET YOUR FAVOURITE STAR

SABITADEVI

IN

SUDAMA PRODUCTIONS'

A SUPER SENSATIONAL SOCIAL DRAMA

AS YOU PLEASE

Supported by: VASANTI, KHURSHID, MAZHAR KHAN, K. N. SINGH.

WITH MOTILAL

Director: BADAMI

A SUPREME RELEASE

TO BE RELEASED AT IMPERIAL CINEMA.

STRONG ENOUGH

to hold a Village in fee: CONQUERED BY THE CHARACTER OF A WEAK WOMAN!

AUNDHAKAR as the SAHUKAR MAKHAN in:

"DURGA"

BOMBAY TALKIES' MUSICAL ROMANCE OF REAL RURAL LIFE:

STARRING:—

DEVIKA RANI

WITH

RAMA SHUKUL

Supported By:

HANSA, AUNDHAKAR, MUMTAZ ALI, V. H. DESAI, PITHAWALA, SAROJ BORKAR

7th Week of Well-Earned Success!

ROXY

Daily: 4-30, 7-15 & 10 P. M. Sat., Sun., Monday & Holidays: 1-45 p.m.

TALKIES

NEW QUEEN'S RD.

You will certainly not Smoke or Chat while seeing

Sadhana

BECAUSE

SADHANA WILL ABSORB YOUR INTEREST

WHOLESALE!

SEE

SADHANA

SAGAR'S EPIC ON LOVE

AT

IMPERIAL

Daily: 4-30, 7-15 & 10 p.m.

IT IS THE TALK OF THE TOWN

DOCUMENT

OF FILM ART & TECHNIQUE

Directed by: DEBKI BOSE

NEW THEATRES' NOVEL HIT:

SAPERA

(THE SNAKE—CHARMER)

Starring: KANAN, NAWAB, PAHARI, MENAKA, K. C. DEY

Music By: R. C. BORAL

SEVENTH GREAT WEEK

KRISHNA

DAILY: 4-30, 7-15 & 10 P.M.

Sat., Sun.: 1-45 p.m.

New Theatres Super Social

BARI DIDI

at

PLAZA

Daily:—4-30, 7-15 & 10

Skeletons Unearthed

Interesting Discoveries At Ujjain

GWALIOR, August 13.

Ujjain, the ancient capital of Hindu Emperors and culture, is likely to provide one of the thrills of archaeological discoveries in near future. The Department of Archaeology of the Gwalior Government undertook excavation work at the Vaishya Tekri and Kumbhar Tekri about four miles to the north-east of the modern city of Ujjain.

The Vaishya Tekri (dancing girls' hillock) was till now supposed to be the palace of a queen of Emperor Asoka, but on trial excavation it was revealed that it was one of the biggest stupas, whose construction had special features and in course of further examination it may provide many interesting details that would throw light on the ancient history.

Only a few months back the explorers were thrilled to find an ancient cemetery with a number of human skeletons in various poses. Some of the skeletons, it is believed, preclude the possibility of meeting their end through natural causes; a sudden catastrophe seemed to have overtaken them when they were buried alive on the spot. Side by side with these skeletons were found a few jars containing charred bones and ashes. It is hypothetical that in the period to which these relics belong, cremation and burial were simultaneously in vogue.

These skeletons are now being examined by the archaeological laboratory at Calcutta. The racial and anthropological conclusions in relation to these finds have still to be drawn. It is hoped that as the results of examination the missing link between the people of the Indus valley civilisation and the present population of the country may be supplied. From the coins found there, the period cannot be later than the first or the second century A. D.

From 26th August ★ STARS!

Durgabai Khote

Prithvi Raj

Rose, K. Datey

Here is a Glittering Bunch of Stars of all India Repute—who shine out with all their glamour and histrionics

and Ila Devi, Ishwarlal, Mira, etc.

to greate a soul-stirring saga of a family--modern & otherwise

All in Shree RANJIT'S Social Super

'Adhuri-Kahani'

(UNFINISHED TALE)

FROM 26th at WEST END

G. K. U. DRIVE FOR MEMBERS IN KURLA

2,000 Join In 3 Months: Workers Resolve To Fight New Offensive

KURLA: Tuesday.

A mass meeting of nearly a thousand workers of the Swadeshi Mills was held yesterday evening at Kurla under the auspices of the 'Red Flag Girni Kamgar Union,' Kurla, with a view to prepare the workers 'to retaliate the new offensive of the mill owners. Messrs. A. S. Dange and R. M. Jambhekar addressed the meeting.

Mr. Dange, after briefly explaining the present situation in the textile industry and the nature of the Industrial Disputes Act, characterised the Act as an attempt to smash the leadership of the Reds with a view to introduce from above the "leadership" of people who believe that employers are the trustees of workers! "Our slogan in answer to this offensive" said Mr. Dange "is strengthen your unions by over 25 per cent. mass membership."

Mr. Jambhekar traced the history of the workers' struggle against the Industrial Disputes Act and said that the protest strike of November 7th had not been in vain. The lives of two Red Flag workers had not been lost in vain. The suspension of certain penal clauses was a direct victory of the 7th of November. He then pointed out that the restrictions put by the Black Act on Red leadership could only be nullified by over 25 per cent. of the workers enrolling themselves as members of the union, i.e., over two thousand. "Within three months" he said "we must have over 2,000 members on the register of our union in order to retaliate this new offensive."

Amidst shouts of "Victory to the Red Flag" the meeting resolved to act up to the slogan.

Wage-Cuts Galore

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, August 14.

The Ahmedabad millowners protest too much when they have surreptitious programme of wage cuts at hand. Only a month ago, the Secretary of Ahmedabad Millowners' Association ostentatiously stepped in to prove that the mills had effected or intended to make any wage reductions.

10 PER CENT. CUT IN NEW MANECKCHOWK MILL.

It is a well-known fact that some mills in Ahmedabad do not pay wage increment recommended by the Textile Inquiry Committee. The New Maneckchowk Mill was among one of them. The management reduced 10 per cent. of the wages without notice. The workers lodged a complaint with the Mill Kamdar Union, and an enquiry was instituted by Mr. Maganlal Patel, General Secretary of the Union, who referred the matter to Mr. Gadgil the wage inspector. The authorities refused to admit Mr. Patel for further inquiry. Mr. Patel, therefore approached Mr. Gadgil, who after further inquiries ordered the mill to pay back one month's wages, as their actio was not in keeping with the Payment of Wages Act, and that sufficient notice was not given to the workers before effecting any cuts. It may be remembered here that the Majoor Mahajan exists in this mill, and it maintained a silence in this case.

FURTHER WAGE CUTS?

It is understood that the wages of jobbers in Mangaldas Group will be reduced by ¼ per cent. by next pay-day

3 Killed In Faction Fight

Clash At A Village Near Kalyan

(From Our Correspondent.)

KALYAN, Aug. 15.

Information about a serious affray involving three deaths and wounds to several persons in Naigaon, a village 12 miles off Kalyan, has reached here.

The affray, it is understood, took place between two factions in the village, following dispute over cattle in a cattle pound. Sticks and bricks were freely used in the melee that ensued. The Kalyan Police hurried to the spot.

Physical Culture Feats At R. M. Bhat School

Under the auspices of the Bombay Vyayam Prasarak Mandal an interesting and instructive programme of physical feats was shown under the presidentship of Prof. V. G. Rao before a large number of spectators at R. M. Bhat High School.

Prof. Kalyanpurkar in the course of his speech traced the activities of the Mandal and took the opportunity of wishing all success to Mr. Pitale who was proceeding to Japan to acquaint himself with the "Ju-Jutsu."

Prof. V. G. Rao in the course of his speech referred to the importance of physical training and thanked Government for the keen interest shown and the impetus given by it to the cause of Physical education.

He wished all success to Professor Kalyanpurkar for his sincere work in this behalf and wished bon voyage to Mr. Pitale.

With a vote of thanks by Mr. Patil the function terminated.

SARVAJANIK EDUCATION SOCIETY.

The twenty-six Annual General Meeting of the Sarvajanik Education Society, Surat, was held on August 13, in the Central Hall of the M. T. B. College, Surat. In the absence of the President Sir Kikabhai Premchand, Kt., Mr. P. J. Taleyarkhan, one of the Vice-Presidents was voted to the Chair.

NASIK ANTI-CORRUPTION COMMITTEE.

The Government of Bombay have appointed Sjt. Vasantrao Naik, M.L.A., President, District Congress Committee Nasik and Mr. B. H. Kazi, (Hony. Magistrate) as non-official members of the Committee appointed to check corrupt practices in different Departments and amongst public servants in Nasik Dist. and those who encourage them.

The other official members are the Collector and the Dist. Superintendent of Police Nasik.

STAR FLASHES

by BRUNO

"HOLLYWOOD CAVALCADE" RETITLED "FALLING STARS," HAS BEEN GIVEN ITS ORIGINAL TITLE AGAIN DESPITE THE JINX OF THE WORD HOLLYWOOD IN FILM TITLES.
AN OLD-TIME CAMERA ONCE USED TO FILM KEYSTONE COPS AND BATHING BEAUTIES OF 25 YEARS AGO — IS INSURED FOR $10,000 WHILE BEING USED IN "HOLLYWOOD CAVALCADE"
TERRY KILBURN, 'BOY STAR OF GOODBYE, MR. CHIPS', CAN MEMORIZE A DOZEN PAGES OF DIALOGUE MERELY BY READING THEM OVER 3 OR 4 TIMES.'

Around The Courts

Bombay, Tuesday.

Revision Appeal Filed Against Judgment In Typewriter Case

In the High Court of Bombay a revision appeal has been filed by Mr. Govind Mahadeo Vipradas, against the judgment of the lower court in the case in which in May last, the complainant had filed a complaint in the Girgaum Police Court against Kharvandikar Mhatre, a Tailor, and Raghunath Mahadeo, on charges of criminal trespass, wrongful confinement, voluntarily causing hurt and theft in respect of 13 Typewriters, belonging to his Special Typewriter Co., at "Pethe Building", Girgaum Road. The respondents were charged under Sections: 447, 341, 323, 380 and 114, I. P. C.

The complainant alleged that on the 9th May, at about 7 p.m. while he was sitting in his concern, the respondent No. 1 accompanied with No. 2 and No. 3 entered the premises and with the help of coolies removed 13 Typewriters. The Respondent No. 2 was alleged to have held the complainant forcibly.

The Magistrate had discharged the notice and dismissed the complaint.

Rioting Arrests

Sultan Faizbux and Sk. Jangoo Sk. Mosam were arrested yesterday in connection with the rioting which occurred on the 1st instant, near Chota Kabristan. It is stated that they were seen throwing stones at the police party.

Both the accused were remanded into Police custody till the 28th instant at the Girgaum Court to-day.

15 MEN DISCHARGED.

In the general round-up in connection with the rioting on the evening of the 1st instant in the affected areas of Northbrook Gardens, Kumbharwada and Durgadevi Street, fifteen persons who were arrested and were offered bail of Rs. 100 were all discharged to-day by the Presidency Magistrate, K. J. Khambatta, Girgaum Court.

Accidental Death Verdict On Labourer

A verdict of accidental death was returned, to-day by the Bombay Coroner's jury, at an inquest held on Dadoo Namdeo (20), who died of injuries yesterday morning.

It was stated that the deceased was employed as a lobourer in Messrs. Richardson Cruddas Iron Factory Work Shop, Byculla. When the deceased was working on a Sand Rubbing Machine, he suddenly got entangled in one of the rollers of the machine, and was subsequently crushed to death.

Ibrahim Saboo (25), who stood charged with committing housebreaking and theft of property collectively valued at Rs. 93 belonging to Sir Chunilal Mehta on July 9 last, was sentenced to one month's rigorous imprisonment under sections 457 and 109 I.P.C. and to one month's rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 75, in default to two months' rigorous imprisonment under section 380 and 109 I.P.C., the substantive sentences to run concurrently.

Out of the fine, if recovered, Rs. 30 was ordered to be paid to the complainant.

Three persons arrested yesterday by the Prohibition Police on a charge of possessing 'charas' without permit, were placed today before the Presidency Magistrate, Third Court. They were ordered to be released on bail.

Kallu Mullu and Mahomed Hussein Fazal were arrested at Bhatia Bagh. One pill from the first and 16 pills of 'charas' from the second accused were recovered by the police.

Mahomed Hanif was arrested at Khoja Street and one pill of 'charas' was seized from him.

The Magistrate directed the accused to be released on bail.

Ganja Smoking Den

A 75-year-old man was sentenced to two months' rigorous imprisonment by the Chief Presidency Magistrate on being found guilty on a charge of keeping a ganja smoking den.

Abdulla Khudabux and five others, one of whom was over sixty years old, were arrested on August 9, following a raid carried out by the Prohibition police on a room situated at Bara Imam Road.

According to the prosecution, the police found all the accused seated in a circle. In the centre of the room was a burning lamp and the room looked like a regular smoking den. Prepared opium and pipes were seized by the police.

The accused were then arrested.

The first accused had obtained a permit for one-half tola of opium per day from August 1. He stood charged with keeping a common smoking den while the other accused were charged with being members of an opium smoking Assembly. Except the second accused, all of them had a previous conviction for a similar offence.

The Magistrate in passing order, observed that the first accused had committed a serious offence in that, having taken a permit from the Government, he made use of a room to supply prepared opium to others and made profit out of it. This, added the Magistrate illustrated what use was made of the permits by some persons. The accused was, therefore, sentenced to two months' rigorous imprisonment.

The second accused was sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 50. The remaining accused were sentenced to one month's rigorous imprisonment each.

ON THE AIR

Bombay—I Programme

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

8 a.m. Keep fit! 8-10 News in Hindustani. 8-20 News in English. 6-30 Subh-I-Arab. 8-40 Master Purushottam. 8-55 Mohammed Umer Khan. 9-5 Khadim Husain. 9-25 Tunes from 'Tulsidas' 9-35 Saranji Solo. 9-40 Kasht-Nivaro. 9-45 G. M. Nagpuri.

12-30 p.m. Intezar. 12-40 Naghma-I-Nim-Roz. 12-50 Gul-O-Bulbul. 1 Market rates. 1-10 Mutual Understanding. 1-25 Akhtaribai Faizabadi. 1-30 Music. 2-30 Musical Prelude. 2-35 Marathi Literature, Eknath, by J. R. Ajgaonkar. 2-50 Gujarati Bhavgeets. 3 Geography. 6 Lalita Gauri. 6-10 Indirabai Wadker. 6-30 Jaltarang and Clarionet. 6-40 Prem-Kahani. 6-50 Purushottam. 7 Music (Hindustani), by Rafique Ghaznavi. 7-15 Khadim Husain. 7-30 Commercial News. 7-45 Vishnupant Pagnis. 8-5 Ao Radio Sunen. 8-25 Indirabai Wadker. 8-45 Vishnupant Pagnis, Bhajans. 8-55 Talk of Town 9 News in Hindustani. 9-15 News in English. 9-35 G. M. Nagpuri. 9-45 World Affairs, by H. Wickham Steed (from B B C). 10 Indirabai Wadker. 10-30 Epilogue.

Bombay—II Programme

31.4 metres (9,550 kc/s)

8 to 10 a.m. and 12-30 to 3-15 p.m. As in Bombay 1.

61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)

6 p.m. to 9-35 As in Bombay 1. 9-35 Julia Wortmann (Pianoforte). 9-50 L'Association Artistique Des Concerts Colonne, Paris. 10 A I R Nonette. 10-30 Epilogue.

Delhi—I Programme

336.6 metres (836 kc/s)

8 a.m. to 8-10 As in Bombay 1. 8-10 News in Hindustani. 8-20 News in English. 8-30 to 9 As in Bombay 1.

12-30 p.m. to 2-30 As in Bombay 1. 6-10 Sarod. 6-20 B. S. Rawat. 6-40 Afzal Husain. 7 to 9 As in Bombay 1. 9-35 Yvonne Printemps. 9-45 World Affairs, by H. Wickham Steed (from B B C). 10 to 10-30 As in Bombay 2.

Delhi—II Programme

31.3 metres (9,590 kc/s)

8 to 9 a.m. and 12-30 p.m. to 2-30 As in Delhi 1.

60.48 metres (4,960 kc/s)

6 p.m. to 9-35 As in Delhi 1. 9-35 Duets. 9-45 Mixed Melodies. 10 to 10-30 As in Bombay 2.

Delhi—III Programme

19.62 metres (15,290 kc/s)

8 to 9 a.m. and 12-30 to 2-30 p.m. As in Delhi 1.

31.3 metres (9,590 kc/s)

6 p.m. to 9-45 As in Delhi 1. 9-45 to 10 As in Delhi 2. 10 to 10-30 As in Bombay 2

Lahore Programme

276 metres (1,086 kc/s)

6 p.m. Hansraj Madan. 6-20 Badrbai of Multan. 6-40 Ahmadi Khan. 6-50 Interlude. 7-10 Kumari Indra Kohli. 7-20 Ustad Fayyaz Khan. 7-25 Hansraj Madan. 7-45 For Countryside. 8-15 Press Today, 4 (Hindustani). 8-30 Badrbai of Multan. 8-40 Hansraj Madan. 9-35 Badrbai of Multan. 9-45 World Affairs, by H. Wickham Steed (from B B C). 10 Hansraj Madan 10-20 Badrbai of Multan.

Peshawar Programme

(Broadcasts on 200m. (1,500 kc/s) from 7 to 10-30 p.m., relaying Lahore programmes from 8 p.m.)

Trichy Programme

397 metres (758 kc/s)

2 p.m. Shrimati Janaki Ammal, Vocal. 2-23 Songs from Maya Machindra. 2-45 Nagaswaram. 6 For Villages. 6-30 M. N. Nataraja Pillai, Flute. 7 Concert, 2. 8-30 Recorded Interlude. 8-45 M. N. Nataraja Pillai, Flute.

Calcutta—I Programme

(Add 24 minutes for Calcutta time).

370.4 metres (810 kc/s)

10-30 a.m. New Tunes on A I R. 12-30 p.m. Music of Anton Dvorak. 1-30 Recitations. 1-50 Music. 1-57 General Knowledge, 2. 2-17 Tune in Children! 5 Laugh Awhile! 6-10 For Countryside. 7 Manasa-Mangal. 8-5 Sport, by Bolai Chatterjee. 9-10 True Story, by Comola Chowdhury. 9-30 Variety.

Calcutta—II Programme

31.48 metres (9,530 kc/s)

10-30 to 11-30 a.m. and 12-30 p.m. to 2-30 As in Calcutta 1.

61.93 metres (4,840 kc/s)

5 p.m. to 6-10 As in Calcutta 1. 6-10 Pramatha Nath Sen Gupta. 6-30 Basanti Das. 6-45 Ashalata Roy. 7 to 9-30 As in Calcutta 1. 9-30 Nikhil Jyoti Ghose. 9-45 For Assamese Listeners.

Lucknow Programme

293.5 metres (1,022 kc/s)

6 p.m. Bhajans. 6-15 Kumari Rajeshwari Mansingh. 6-30 Hasinabai. 6-50 Akash Deep. 7 Light Melodies. 7-15 Hamara Panchayetghar. 7-45 Kumari Rajeshwari Mansingh. 8 Munshiji. 8-15 Mahesh Narayan Saksena. 8-40 Hasinabai. 9-40 Kumari Rajeshwari Mansingh. 9-50 Alap and Gat on Sarangi. 10 Mahesh Narayan Saksena. 10-15 Hasinabai. 10-27 Kanan Devi.

Madras—I Programme

211 metres (1,420 kc/s)

2 p.m. It might Interest you. 2-5 Natural Science. 2-20 Music. 4 Variety (Telugu). 5 C. P. Ramamrutha Raju: Voice. 5-30 Carnatic Orchestra, Hindola. 5-35 R. K. Narayanaswamy: Voice. 6-20 Street Singer 4. 6-35 R. K. Narayanaswamy: Voice. 7-15 Twin Temples on Cauvery (Tamil), by Dr. (Miss) G. Meenakshi. 7-30 A I R Artist: Gottuvadyam. 7-40 Shrimati C. Lakshmi Rajyam: Voice. 8 Marungapuri Gopalakrishna Iyer: Violin. 8-30 Shrimati C. Lakshmi Rajyam, Voice. 8-55 New Athletic Records, by Harold Abrahams (B B C). 9-30 Marungapuri Gopalakrishna Iyer: Violin

Madras—II Programme

31.35 metres (9,570 kc/s)

2 p.m. to 2-30 As in Madras 1.

50.98 metres (4,920 kc/s)

4 p.m. to 4-30 As in Madras 1. 5 to 9-30 As in Madras 1. 9-30 Jitterbug Jamboree. 9-45 Varietv. 10-15 Say It with Music

Hyderabad Programme

(Med. Wave 411 m. 730 kc/s).

5-30 p.m. Suresh Babu, Khayal, Dhurat. 6 to 6-30 For Children (Urdu). 6-30 N.S.B.S.S. Orchestra 'Hans Dhun.' 6-40 Tara Bai, Thumri, Ghazals. 7-10 "Wonders of Science" by Dr. Muzzafaruddin Quraishi. 7-25 Suresh Babu, Thumri, Pud. 8-30 Records. 8-45 Tara Bai, Dadra, Ghazal. 9-15 Suresh Babu, Khayal, Thumri & Pud.

B B C Programme

7-30 p.m. Empire Orchestra. 8-30 Charles Ernesco and His Quintet. 9 Shows from Seaside. 9-30 News. 9-45 World Affairs, by H. Wickham Steed. 10 Dance Music. 10-20 Sports. 10-55 Sports. 11 Paradise Isle. 11-30 News. 11-45 World Affairs, by H. Wickham Steed.

Weather Report

(From Our Correspondent)

POONA, Aug. 15.

The following are the maximum-minimum temperature and rainfall figures recorded at various stations during twenty-four hours ending 8 a.m. to-day:—

Station	Temperature Max.	Temperature Min.	Rainfall Past 24 hours	Rainfall Total since 1st June	Difference from Normal
Agra	93	80	0.1	14.1	—1.3
Amraoti	93	75	T	9.2	—9.3
Akola	96	79	—	11.7	—6.5
Ahmedabad	95	79	—	6.0	—14.0
Ajmer	96	83	—	2.4	—9.9
Ahmednagar	87	68	—	7.5	—2.1
Ambala	88	75	0.3	16.1	+0.1
Allahabad	87	76	—	25.2	+3.9
Benares	92	79	—	21.3	—0.7
Bareilly	86	77	0.1	17.6	—7.4
BOMBAY	88	79	T	38.9	—11.3
Bangalore	75	66	0.2	8.3	—1.2
Bhopal	92	74	T	33.4	—
Baroda	93	77	—	9.4	—
Belgaum	77	67	1.0	36.9	+6.5
Bahawalpore	103	82	—	1.3	—2.1
Bijapur	84	69	1.9	9.4	+2.5
Bellary	280	70	0.8	5.2	+0.4
Bhavnagar	93	78	—	8.5	—4.7
Chittagong	89	77	0.5	64.7	+11.6
Calcutta	90	80	T	40.5	+10.1
Cuttack	92	79	—	21.7	—7.0
Cawnpore	88	78	0.5	18.7	—0.6
Calicut	76	73	0.6	76.5	+2.6
Colombo	83	77	—	21.5	+6.7
Cheerapunji	79	65	1.5	268.3	+23.0
Cocanada	86	77	T	11.6	—1.5
Cochin	78	73	0.5	73.2	+14.8
Dehra Dun	76	72	9.2	59.0	+7.9
Delhi	94	74	0.4	10.3	—4.5
Dehra I. Khan	104	81	—	0.3	—3.7
Desa	97	79	—	1.9	—13.8
Dalhousie			2.3	36.0	—5.9
Fort Sandeman	101	78	—	3.3	—0.7
Gorakhpur	91	80	—	36.4	+8.4
Hyderabad (Dn.)	82	71	0.7	9.0	—5.1
Hyderabad (Sd.)	92	77	—	—	—4.7
Indore	92	72	0.4	13.4	—6.3
Jhansi	86	75	2.2	23.1	+1.1
Jubbulpore	89	74	0.3	32.2	—2.1
Jacobabad	98	80	—	—	—1.9
Jaipur	99	79	—	4.9	—9.0
Karachi	81	76	—	0.1	—4.8
Kodaikanal	58	53	0.1	11.0	—1.0
Khandwa	97	78	—	10.6	—6.4
Lucknow	88	79	—	23.7	+1.9
Ludhiana	97	80	—	9.3	—4.8
Lahore	103	84	—	7.1	—2.1
Lyallpur	103	83	—	5.2	—1.1
Multan	100	83	—	2.6	—1.2
Mysore	78	66	0.1	5.3	—1.2
Madras	87	76	T	3.0	—5.0
Marmagoa	79	74	1.8	53.8	—
Malegaon	94	73	—	9.7	—0.8
Mussoorie	64	58	4.0	33.7	—12.5
Mahableshwar	67	60	1.3	133.8	—61.7
Murree	72	61	0.1	16.9	—7.4
Mount Abu	79	66	—	6.4	—32.2
Masulipatam	85	75	—	10.5	—3.8
Mandalay	87	75	0.7	18.4	+7.6
Mangalore	75	73	1.5	89.0	+3.1
Meerut	—	—	0.3	10.3	—6.4
Mercara	65	62	1.2	61.1	—20.8
Nagpur	96	75	—	20.0	—8.3
Ootacamund	59	52	0.2	19.7	+0.6
Patna	92	81	—	36.4	+10.3
Peshawar	103	84	—	1.1	—3.0
Poona	87	72	—	10.0	—4.0
Pachmarhi	82	69	—	47.6	+1.4
Port Blair	84	77	0.1	38.5	—5.9
Quetta	95	65	—	0.6	—
Ranchi	85	72	T	28.2	—3.5
Rawalpindi	101	81	—	8.3	—6.3
Rangoon	81	74	1.2	43.9	—6.0
Ratnagiri	85	77	1.7	89.2	+16.3
Rajkot	91	74	0.1	2.9	—15.3
Sialkot	97	71	0.1	11.8	—3.2
Srinagar	90	66	0.6	2.5	—2.5
Sholapur	87	71	0.4	8.1	—2.9
Shillong	77	64	0.5	40.4	+1.6
Simla	62	58	0.4	33.3	—0.9
Surat	90	79	—	12.0	—16.1
Salem	86	73	0.1	14.6	+4.6
Trichinopoly	90	77	—	7.4	+3.2
Trivandrum	81	75	T	23.6	+2.9
Vizagapatam	85	79	0.1	8.2	—3.5

T indicates rainfall of 1 to 4 Cents.

IN THE MIDST OF SECOND SUMMER

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Bombayites have begun to feel that they are almost in the midst of a second summer.

The maximum temperature on Monday was 87.6 degrees—3 degrees above normal. The minimum was 79.4—3 degrees above normal.

Bombay south had only 0.01 inches of rain on Monday while Matunga had no rainfall. The total rainfall since June 1 is 38.88 inches which is 11.30 inches below normal.

WEATHER REPORT

POONA, Aug. 15.

Unsettled conditions in the north of the Bay of Bengal still persist. Monsoon has been strong in South Deccan and along and near the United Provinces Hills and active in Assam, Bengal, Konkan, Mysore and Malabar. Rainfall occurred locally in the central parts of the country, Orissa, East and North Punjab and at a few stations in the plains of the United Provinces, in Kashmir, Gujarat, North Deccan and North Madras Coast. Day temperatures were appreciably above normal from the West Central Provinces to East Rajputana and appreciably below normal in Madras Deccan.

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING

Locally heavy rain is likely in and near the hills of the United Provinces and East Punjab during the next 48 hours.—A. P.

GONORRHOEA CURED

OLD or NEW—cured Guaranteedly. MEDICINE CHARGES ON CURE: Time—9 to 12 a.m. and 5 to 9 p.m. Sunday: 9 to 12 a.m. only.

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½ Way Toothpastes CAN'T FIGHT PYORRHEA

Use Forhan's

To avoid dread pyorrhea, you must do more than merely brush your teeth. Your gums, too, must be cared for.

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DOES BOTH JOBS Cleans Teeth Saves Gums

R. J. Forhan D.D.S.

TRAINING IN MATCH MANUFACTURE

Government Award Six Scholarships

Government will award six scholarships of the value of Rs. 20/- each tenable for six months at the Sodepur Ashram, Khadi Pratistan, Calcutta, for training in Match Manufacture.

Candidates must have their permanent home in the British districts of the Province of Bombay.

The selected candidates will be given third class fare to Sodepur and back on completion of training but will have to bear all the charges in connection with the monthly fee of Rs. 5/- and the boarding and other expenses for which a deposit of Rs. 15/- will have to be paid to the Ashram with monthly renewals for expenses of the month.

Working knowledge of Hindi or English and previous knowledge in rural work are essential conditions for the award of these scholarships, which will be given on the clear understanding that the full course of six months will be completed by the scholars. Scholars leaving the Ashram before completing the training will be liable to refund to Government all sums received by them as scholarship.

Applications furnishing all necessary particulars, i.e., full name, caste and sub-caste, date of birth, domicile and birth, general education and previous experience, if any, of rural work, should reach the Director of Industries, Old Customs House Yard, Bombay, not later than September 15.

SIMLA, Aug. 15.

The Army Indianisation Committee adjourned for a week till Monday next to enable the members to prepare their points for incorporation in the report to be compiled from August 21.—United Press.

KARNATAK BUZZING WITH ACTIVITIES

Progress In Field Of Education Since Advent Of Congress Govt.

(From Our Correspondent).

DHARWAR, Aug. 14

The smooth proceeding in the Ramdurg Inquiry were suddenly disturbed by the walk-out staged by pleaders on behalf of the Praja Sangh. Before leaving, they thanked Justice Davar, for his courtesy and impartiality and made it clear that their move was as a protest against the coercion exercised by the State authorities towards Praja Sangha witnesses. Consequently, the pleader on behalf of the State wound up his case, Justice Davar remarking that the evidence so far recorded was enough for him to arrive at a decision.

BRISTLING WITH ACTIVITIES.

Since the advent of Congress Government, Karnatak is bristling with activities in the field of education. A secondary Training College has already been opened at Belgaum and now two training colleges for primary teachers are shortly going to be instituted, one in Belgaum and the other, in Dharwar.

SOCIAL WELFARE WORK

Bijapur leads other Districts in the field of Social Welfare Work. In addition to the Depressed Class Boys' Free Hostel, two new free hostels are opened, one for Depressed Class girls, and the other for Lamani boys. This commendable achievement is the fruit of patient and incessant efforts carried on by Shri Kaka Karkhanis, Secretary of the Karnatak Harijan Sevak Sangh.

KARNATAK UNIFICATION.

The Commissioner of Southern Division has sent a circular to important public bodies, eliciting their opinion on the 'Karnatak Unification'. This move, it is understood, is in accordance with the promise which the Premier, the Hon. Kher, gave to Karnatak, that he would do for Karnatak all that Shri Rajagopalacharlar has been doing for Andhra.

DEPUTATION TO RAJA SAHEB.

A deputation of a village in Jamakhandi State, led by Shri Hanumantrao Kanjalji, waited on the Raja Saheb. They demanded that, due to severe days, this year's revenue should be postponed, and that, as lands of their village were not properly assessed, fresh assessment of them should be ordered. The Raja Saheb patiently heard them and conceded their first demand and promised to consider the second favourably.

DELHI FORWARD BLOC LEADER CONVICTED

DELHI. (By Mail).

Maulana Imdad Sabri was convicted yesterday by Sardar Jaswant Singh, Magistrate First Class under Section 32 of the Police Act for obstruction on a public thoroughfare, and was ordered to pay a fine of Rs. 100 or in default to undergo simple imprisonment for two months.

The allegation against the accused, it may be remembered, was that, in connection with the announced meeting of the Delhi Forward Bloc, he got a stage prepared on a public thoroughfare in Lal Kuan Bazar, opposite Farashkhana, and installed loudspeakers. On being asked by the authorities not to hold the meeting there, the Maulana refused to comply with the request.

In the course of his judgment, the Magistrate observed that actual obstruction of traffic was not necessary for an order under Section 31 of the Police Act "because under that Section it is the duty of the police to prevent an obstruction and the police is not to wait till there is an actual obstruction and then to remove it." The Magistrate added: "I have no hesitation to hold that there was no meeting and the accused did not actually address the meeting."

SARDAR PATEL'S GUJARAT TOUR

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel will leave Bombay on Friday next on an extensive tour of Gujarat to study the condition of the peasantry.

Bombay Chamber's Representative In Corporation

Mr. H. C. D. Irwin of Messrs. Burmah-Shell Oil Storage and Distributing Company of India, has been elected to represent the Bombay Chamber of Commerce on the Bombay Municipal Corporation in place of Mr. E. L. C. Gwilt, resigned.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 15-8-1939.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours —026 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 81.7 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 76.7 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 87.6 degrees 2.7 (above normal).

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 79.4 degrees 3.5 (above normal).

Relative Humidity at 8 a.m. 79 p.c.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. W.

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 9 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 136 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 19 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10). 5.

Rain in 24 hours 0.01 inches.

Total rainfall during the month 1.13 inches.

Total rainfall during the year 38.89 inches.

Weather Remark—Rain.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 15-8-39.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 84.0 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 29.90 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.69 inches.

For correction of ship's instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

THE BOMBAY STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

MORMUGAO SAILING.

The m.s. "Sonavati" will leave Prince's Dock on Thursday 17th August at 5 p.m. for Mormugao and line ports. There will be no sailing to-day (Wednesday).

100, Frere Road, Bombay, 15th August, 1939. Tel. No. 25061. Prince's Dock Office. Tel. No. 24086.

KILLICK NIXON & CO., Agents.

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If you have the slightest difficulty in obtaining PHOSFERINE locally, send to Symonds & Co., Bombay. No charge for postage will be made.

BOMBAY and SUBURBS

Local Engagements

To-day

Hindu: Shravan Sud 1, 1995.
Muslim: Jamadi-Akhar 29, 1358.
Parsi: Aspandad 15, 1308.
Hightide: 0-10; 12-43.
Lowtide: 6-09; 18-51.
Sunrise: 6h. 20m.
Sunset: 7h. 6m.

Liberal Protest Meeting at Cowasji Jehangir Hall at 6 P.M.

GOKHALE EDUCATION SOCIETY

Mr. H. P. Bele donated Rs. 101 to the Endowment Fund of the Society's Shet Dharamsey Thackersey High School.

COMMERCE GRADUATES ASSOCIATION

A welcome party to the New Commerce Graduates will be held to-day (Wednesday), at the Association Rooms, Wadia Building, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay, at 6-15 p.m.

CHANGE OF PROGRAMME AT BANDRA TALKIES

From to-day (Wednesday), for three days Bandra Talkies is to screen Bombay Talkies romantic story "Vachan" starring Devika Rani with Ashok Kumar.

MUSICAL CONCERTS AT POONA BUND GARDENS

Weather permitting, The Radio House, Poona, will present a variety Musical Entertainment at the Bund Gardens, Poona, on Wednesday, (16th inst.) and on Friday, (18th inst), at the Empress Gardens, from 5 to 8 p.m.

INDIAN PROGRESSIVE GROUP

Dr. J. Buyak, one of the surviving members of the Polish Himalayan Expedition 1939, will give a lecture on the "Experiences of the Expedition" on Tuesday, the 22nd instant at 6-30 p.m. at Green's.

SANTA CRUZ PROHIBITION PROPAGANDA BOARD

Under the auspices of the above Board, a Powada party will sing prohibition songs on Saturday the 19th inst. at the following places as under:—
Agri Pada 8 p.m.
Chunabhatti Maharwada 9 p.m.

BOMBAY STUDENTS' UNION

Volunteers of the Bombay Students' Union who were given boxes for fund collections during the Students' Week are requested to return them to the Secretaries in the Office of the Union between 6 to 8 p.m. on any day.

FEDERATION OF SOCIAL WELFARE ASSOCIATIONS, BOMBAY

A meeting of the Federation of Social Welfare Association will be held to-day (Wednesday), at 6-30 p.m. at the Servants of India Society.

NAGPADA NEIGHBOURHOOD HOUSE

Dr. F. P. Antia will review and comment upon the last "Fortnight's politics in India", on behalf of the Indian Progressive Group to-day (Wednesday), at 6-30 p.m. His talk will be followed by a discussion.

ANJUMAN-I-NIZAMUL MUSLIMEEN

The eighth annual session of the above-named Anjuman will be held to-day (Wednesday), at 9-30 p.m. in the Khandwani Memon Jamatkhana Hall at Gauli Mohalla near Mohamedalli Road, under the presidency of Mrs. Khadija Shuffi Tyabji.

A special programme of the students of the Anjumans' Night Schools will be provided on the occasion

AKHIL BHARATIYA NABHIA SANSTHA, BOMBAY

A general meeting of the above Institution was held on Monday, the 14th instant at the Damodar Hall, Parel, Mr. P. R. Lele presiding. After introductory remarks by the Chairman a Council of Management was elected consisting of 26 members.

SOCIAL SERVICE LEAGUE, BOMBAY

The Voluntary Social Workers' Training Class will meet to-day (Wednesday) at the League's Head Office, Sandhurst Road, Girgaon, when Principal T. A. Kulkarni, B.A., Hansraj Pragji Thackersey College, Nasik, will deliver a lecture on "Crime and Punishment" from 6 to 7 p.m. (S.T.). Students are requested to attend in time.

Amusements Of The Day

METRO—"Let Freedom Ring." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Orage". Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
EROS—"Scipio Africanus." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Jesse James." Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Durga." Daily at 4-30, 7-15 & 10 p.m
CAPITOL—"Mera Lall." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Brandiki Botal." Daily at 4-30, 7-15 & 10 p.n
PATHE—"Pygmalion." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Netaji Palkar." Daily at 4-30, 7-15 & 10 p.m
WEST END—"My Eyes." Daily at 4-30, 7-15 & 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Sant Tulsidas." Daily at 4, 7 & 10 p.m.
MINERVA—"Tears of Love." Daily at 4-30, 7-15 & 10 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Sapera." Daily at 4-30, 7-15 & 10 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Sadhana." Daily at 4-30, 7-15 & 10 p.m.
LAMINGTON — "Punjab Mail." Daily at 4-30, 7-15 & 10 p.m.
NOVELTY—"Raja Shriyal". Daily at 4-45, 7-30 & 10 p.m.
PLAZA——"Bari-Didi." Daily at 4-30, 7-15 & 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"The Kid from Kokomo." Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

TRIBUTE TO LATE SIR HORMUSJI ADENWALLA

His Services To Cause Of Indians Overseas

The Council of the Imperial Indian Citizenship Association have adopted the following resolution at the death of Sir Hormusji C. Dinshaw:—

"The Council of the Imperial Indian Citizenship Association places on record its sense of profoundest grief at the death of Sir Hormusji C. Dinshaw Adenwalla who, as its member for over twenty years and later as its Vice-Chairman, rendered valuable service to the cause of Indians abroad. His intimate knowledge of the position of Indians in the Colonies and his mature judgment were of constant help to the Association in determining its attitude on questions relating to Indian Overseas with which it had to deal. His sincerity and simplicity impressed all those who came in contact with him; and his presence which lent dignity at the meetings of the Association will be much missed.

The Council extends its deepest sympathy to the members of the bereaved family in their irreparable loss".

Protest Against Property Tax

Under the auspices of the Western India National Liberal Association, a public meeting of the citizens of Bombay will be held at the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall, Mayo Road, Fort, today (Wednesday), at 6 p.m (S.T.) to protest against the taxation policy of the Government of Bombay. Sir Chimanlal Setalvad will preside

The Secretary of the Bombay Presidency Muslim League appeals to Musalmans to attend the above meeting in large numbers as the League's view accords with the object of the meeting.

POSTAL NOTICES

Registered and Unregistered Packet Mails and Superscribed Registered and Unregistered letters and postcards for Mauritius and all Correspondence for Reunion per Extra S.S. "Baloeran" via Madura, Colombo and Batavia will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 3 p.m. on Saturday the 19th and 9 a.m. on Sunday the 20th instant.

Information has been received from Messrs. Tata Sons Ltd. that their Northbound and Southbound planes will land at Bhuj from the 16th instant until further orders. Correspondence posted for Bhuj by air will therefore be accepted and despatched by air.

GREAT PHILANTHROPIST AND FRIEND OF POOR

"This meeting of the Managing Committee of the Byramjee Jeejeebhoy Institution Old Boys' Union express their deep sense of sorrow at the sad demise of Sir Hormusji Cavasji Dinshaw Adenwalla Kt., a staunch Zoroastrian, a great philanthropist, a public benefactor, a friend of the poor, a popular citizen, a leading businessman, an illustrious and acknowledged leader of the Parsee Community, an honoured trustee of the Parsee Panchayat of Bombay, a patron and benefactor of this Union and various other Parsee Charitable organizations.

His sudden demise has caused an irreparable loss to this country in general and to the Parsee Community in particular at this critical juncture when his able guidance and assistance were most needed.

This Union tender their heartfelt condolences to the members of the family of the deceased in their sad bereavement, and pray for the everlasting peace of his noble and selfless soul."

Dr. Eric R. de Mello who has passed the M. D. Examination of the Bombay University with distinction.

SETH JAMNALAL IN BOMBAY

Seth Jamnalal Bajaj and Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel arrived in Bombay yesterday.

Mr. Bajaj, who was only recently released from his internment in Jaipur, was accorded a reception by the Jaipur Rajya Praja Mandal and the Marwadi Sammelan.

Among those present at Victoria Terminus to receive Seth Jamnalal were Mr. R. D. Birla, the Hon. Mr. Govindlal Shivlal Motilal, Mr Ramkrishna Dalmiya, Mr Keshav Dev Newatia, President, and Mr. Shriniwas Bagarka, Secretary, of the Jaipur Rajya Praja Mandal, Mr. Premchand Kedia, Secretary of the Marwadi Sammelan, and Mr. Laxman Prasad Daga.

Dr. JIVRAJ EXAMINES SETH BAJAJ

Seth Jamnalal Bajaj, who arrived in Bombay on Tuesday, was examined by Dr. Jivraj N. Mehta. Seth Bajaj is suffering from Orstio-Arthritis in the knee. He will be staying in the City for another day or two before he leaves for Wardha.

BOMBAY CONGRESS SOCIALIST PARTY

"The Problem of the Slums" will be the subject of a discourse by Mr. Modak, Chief Engineer of the Bombay Municipality at a conversational meeting of the Bombay Congress Socialist Party, to-day (Wednesday), at 7 p.m. at the Congress House.

KAMATHIPURA SUB-DIVISION PROHIBITION GUARDS

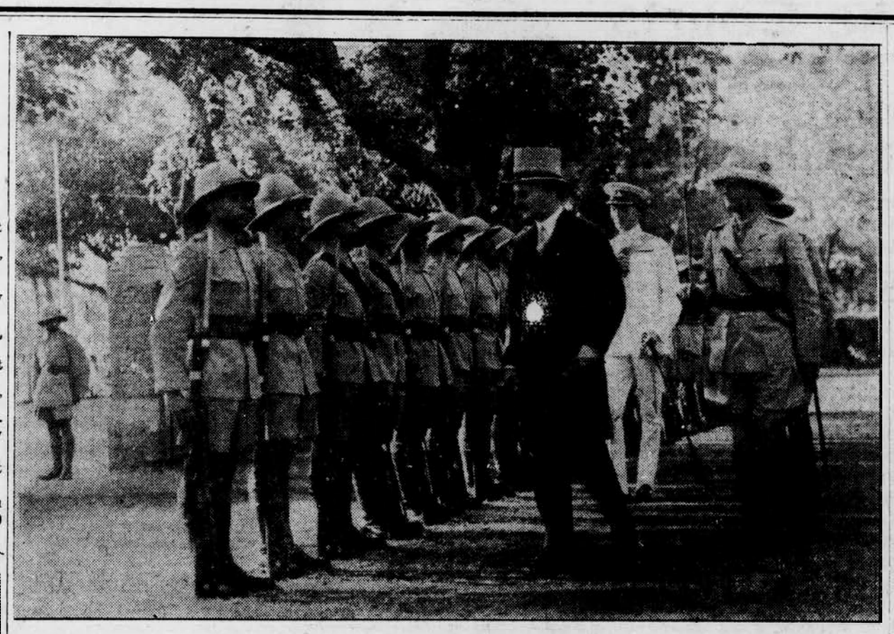
Under the auspices of the above Sub-Division a meeting of the residents of Kamathipura 6th Lane was convened by the Sub-Divisional Officers, Mr. Vishwanath R Tulla, and Mr. E. K. Korba, recently in the Bombay Telegu Padmasali Dayatganga Hall in the said Lane, to form the Lane Committee. Mr. Vishwanath Tulla presided.

A Committee consisting of 20 members was formed.

KANARA BILLAVARA ANATHA SANGHA

An appeal issued by Mr. M. A. Salian, Secretary of the Kanara Billavara Anatha Sangha, Bombay, says:—

Ours is a backward and poor community. The large majority of the community is also illiterate and steeped in ignorance. As it is now the ambition and effort of every backward community to improve itself, our community is also striving to make progress in its moral, spiritual and social status. These efforts are, however, greatly handicapped by want of funds. At present the most needful things we have to do are:—(1) To open a free library and a free reading room; (2) To have a hall in our native place where the illiterate can be given free instruction and the ignorant may be enlightened by lectures, where bhajans, marriage ceremonies may be held and meetings convened, etc." The philanthropic public of the city are requested to help the Sangha. (Address: Master Building, 6th Floor, Bazargate Street, Fort, Bombay).



H. E. the Governor, Chancellor, inspecting the "Guard of Honour" given by the University Training Corps.

Support To Tenancy Bill

M.P.C.C. Call To Organise Popular Demonstrations In Province

(From Our Correspondent)

POONA, August 15.

It was announced provisionally that a special general meeting of the Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee was to be held on 20th August. As this date is found inconvenient to many members it is now decided that the general meeting of the M.P.C.C. will be held in September.

The Executive will meet as announced the 20th instant.

All Congress Committees in Maharashtra have been requested by the M.P.C.C. to hold public meetings on 20th August for the purpose of supporting the tenancy and Debt Redemption Bills now pending before the Bombay Assembly.

Congress workers are requested to hold as many meetings as possible in rural areas and they are further requested to pass resolutions supporting the recommendations contained in the Select Committee's report.

Processions may also be taken out where possible.

WHEN STOMACH IS USED AS SAFE DEPOSIT

The 'post mortem' examination of the contents of the stomach of a City beggar picked up dead in a Bombay street some time ago, provided a surprise.

Deposited in the deceased's intestines were nearly 150 coins of various denominations in Indian currency. The discovery was made when the dissecting doctor opened the stomach of the deceased for a pathological scrutiny.

The corpse was removed to the morgue at the J.J. Hospital and a 'post mortem' was held.

The Coroner's attention was drawn to the cause of the death, which was due to swallowing coins.

For the benefit of medical students and numismatists the stomach with the coins is on exhibition at the Pathological School Museum near the J.J. Hospital.

Indian Troops And Baghdad Protest

ALLAHABAD, August 14.

A letter has been received at the A.I.C.C. office from an Indian in Baghdad on behalf of Indians living there expressing great indignation at the use of Indian troops by British Imperialist for their Imperialist purposes. The letter says:

"My brethren and myself most emphatically protest against the action of the British Government in sending Indian troops outside India for carrying out Imperialistic duty of removing the chestnut out of the fire for them. No Indian troops should be employed by the Imperial Government outside India without the consent of the people of India. Indian troops should be used for the sole protection of India and Indians only."

The signatory to the letter is Mr. A. S. K. Sager who has sent along with the letter contributions to the Congress Fund of the Indian National Congress and has requested for speeches of Mahatmaji and other nationalist leaders as these, he declares, are in great demand among them at Baghdad.—United Press.

FOR FRONTIER BY-ELECTION

PESHAWAR, August 15.

Mr. Mohammad Aslam of Kalupind has been selected as the Congress nominee to contest the by-election to the N. W. F. Province Legislative Assembly from the Haripur Central Mohammadan rural constituency.

A "Gazette" Extraordinary has been published declaring valid the nomination papers of four contestants, including one Congressman, Mr. Mohammad-i-Zaman, who turned out to be a 'rebel' and who is now contesting the seat independently.

The President of the Provincial Congress Committee has issued an appeal to the people of the constituency to support the official Congress candidate. He also threatens severe disciplinary action against Mr. Mohammad-i-Zaman.—United Press.

KHAN SAHEB TO TOUR BANNU

PESHAWAR, August 15.

The Hon. Dr. Khan Saheb, Prime Minister, left Peshawar this morning on an extensive tour for one week in the Bannu district, the scene of tribal disturbances to supervise the arrangements for preventing tribal raids, etc., personally and restore confidence in the public.

During his recent tour in Bannu and Kohat districts the Prime Minister is understood to have advised the Hindu population of those places to raise a militia of young men for defensive purposes and also advised Muslims to be prepared to save their Hindu neighbours.—United Press.

AUROBINDO'S SEARCH FOR REALITY

That the philosophy of Sri Aurobindo was based on actualities of life and his was not a mystic faith, was the view expressed by Mr. Jashwant Thacker, who spoke at Blavatsky Lodge, on the "Philosophy of Sri Aurobindo Ghosh" on Tuesday, the Savant's birthday

Mr. Thacker said that there was need of clearing popular illusions about Sri Aurobindo, about his super-natural powers. He was a common man who was very intelligent. He was conducting experiments about reality and the meaning of life. His experiments were based not on material values but on human values. A batch of students were being trained by him personally.

Science was not able to explain the why of evolution, but only described the processses thereof. The problem could only be solved in the realm of the spirit. Sri Aurobindo was concerned with the realm of the Spirit, but he did not believe in any mysticism or occultism as a solution.

CALCUTTA, August 15.

The Advisory Committee appointed by the Bengal Government in connection with the release of political prisoners, which postponed its sitting in view of the political prisoners' hunger-strike recently, met to-day for the first time after suspension of the strike by the prisoners.

Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose and Mr. Lalit Das Congress members, who resigned from the Committee, have not yet re-joined it.—United Press.

PROPERTY TAX, A TEST CASE

(From Our Correspondent).

VILE-PARLE: Tuesday.

The Ratepayers' Relief Association, I understand, is instituting a test case against the Vile-Parle Municipality in respect of the 10 per cent. re-assessment on property. This 10 p.c. relief was granted to the property-holders for the sundry expenses and other charges incurred by them on their property. And the discontinuation of the relief ,created a big furore and property-holders organised themselves to fight out the case as the assessment on properties in suburbs is reported to be very heavy. The compromise formula having failed to satisfy them, they have decided now to go to Court and secure the desired relief.

PROHIBITION IN SUBURBS

In spite of the advent of the Prohibition in suburbs from Aug. 1, there is not, one feels, that educating propaganda which would give the momentum to the movement and as one of the prominent Prohibition workers apprehended, the consequence of this neglect may not be avoided unless the Propaganda Committee rises to the occasion.

Gokulbhai Bhatt To Defy Shirohi Law?

(From Our Correspondent).

VILE-PARLE: Tuesday.

The air is thick with rumours that Sjt. Gokulbhai Bhatt is once again disobeying the "Shirohi Durbar's Black Law" and courting imprisonment, and various States' peoples' associations and Suburban Congress workers will see him off to-morrow night when he leaves Bombay for Shirohi.

PARTICIPATION IN JULY 9 MEETING

Clear Breach Of Congress Discipline Says B. P. C. C. Secretary

The Bombay Provincial Congress Committee has addressed the following letter to over a dozen Congressmen who participated in the meeting of July 9:—

"We are clearly of opinion that your participation in this meeting in defiance of the peremptory instructions of the Congress President and notwithstanding the warning given by us, constitutes an act of indiscipline. We hope that after careful consideration of the consequences of your action you are now prepared to express your unqualified regret for your act of indiscipline. Unless such an expression of regret is immediately forthcoming from you, we shall have to report the matter to the Executive Committee of the B.P.C.C. for whatever action they may deem fit. We are expecting your reply before the evening of Aug. 17."

METRO
DAILY AT 3:30 - 6:30 - 10 P.M.
TELEPHONE 31045

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as
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A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Picture.
BLASTING VICIOUS RACKETS . . BLAZING GANGSTER and THRILLER!

Now in Its 2nd BIG WEEK!
REGAL AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

DARRYL F. ZANUCK'S
JESSE JAMES
in TECHNICOLOR
TYRONE POWER HENRY FONDA NANCY KELLY RANDOLPH SCOTT and a cast of thousands

STAR FLASHES

by BRUNO

EXCITED CROWDS GATHERED WHEN AN OIL GUSHER "CAME IN" ON A STUDIO BACK LOT — BUT IT WAS ONLY A PHONY CONSTRUCTED FOR SCENES IN 'BRIGHT VICTORY'
RICHARD CARLSON, WHO PLAYS A PROFESSOR IN "WINTER CARNIVAL", ONCE WAS VOTED BEST DRESSED PROFESSOR IN THE COUNTRY WHEN HE TAUGHT AT THE UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA.
ANN SHERIDAN STUDIED TO BECOME A SCHOOL TEACHER BEFORE SHE BECAME THE SCREEN'S FOREMOST GLAMOR GAL!
BRUNO
7-12

Talk Of The Suburbs

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN.)

On Sunday the Parle Municipal Board had a heated discussion. The question was of providing a Fish and Mutton Market for Vile Parle. Consideration of the question was finally postponed for six months.

The discussion centred round the provision of a suitable site. The Christian members thought the West side would be an ideal one. While others preferred the East side. Several propositions were moved, but finally the resolution of Mr. R. N. Desai, that the scheme of the market be postponed for another six months was unanimously agreed to by the Board

KURLA MUNICIPAL MEETING

Another important meeting was that of the Kurla Municipal Board held at the Council Hall. Mr. S. I. Dave was in the Chair.

This meeting saw a record attendance of all the members.

Several important questions were discussed, one being the advertisement of an honorary post for doctors for the Kurla Hospital. It was finally decided that besides advertising, the prominent doctors should be approached personally.

The next question referred to the progress of the drainage scheme. It was decided to expedite the drainage works.

The recommendation of the Municipality requesting Government to withdraw the Property Tax as per the letter of Mr. Thosar, it was resolved, should be forwarded to Government.

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 16, 1939

ORISSA STATES

The Orissa States are generally little known to the public but they have leaped into prominence in recent years owing to grave unrest in several of them as a result of gross maladministration by the Rulers. The information available to the public about these States is, however, very meagre and not always authentic. The public will, therefore, welcome the appearance of the Report of the Orissa States Enquiry Committee, as considered and approved by the Orissa States People's Conference. The Committee was appointed in June 1937 by the Conference to inquire into the allegations of malpractices in most of the States of Orissa. The Committee, as unavoidably reconstituted later, consisted of Mr. Harikrishna Mehtab, a member of the Congress Working Committee, Mr. Lalmohan Patnaik, Secretary, Orissa Christian Educational Board, and Mr. Balvantray Mehta, member, Servants of the People Society. The Committee examined about 2000 witnesses, investigated at length into every grievance of the people and has produced a comprehensive Report of the conditions prevailing in the 26 States of Orissa. The Report, which extends to nearly 300 pages, contains ample evidence to support and substantiate the findings of the Committee. Some of the material at the disposal of the Committee has not so far been published but, we are told, it will be published if it is found necessary in the future.

Peasants' Plight

The findings of the Committee make very painful reading, and it is no consolation to know that worse things are common enough in many other States in the country. The Committee finds that in almost every State in Orissa "there is a crushing system of taxation with unusually high rents," that the Rulers "spend the major portion of the State revenues on themselves, their families and dependants," that "civil liberty is crushed and the people are daily oppressed with a feeling of potential danger to the security of life and property," and that Praja Mandals in almost all States are either unlawful or unrecognised. One of the worst and commonest grievances is the prevalence of forced labour. "A peasant spends over one hundred days of the year in doing forced labour for the States or its officials, without any remuneration for it. Often enough he is thus called away at sowing time or in the harvesting season. The custom accordingly "keeps him in grinding poverty" and "prevents his emergence from a State of serfdom." The Committee has reason to remark that the peasant's plight in Orissa States reminds one of the Austrian peasant who, on the eve of the French Revolution, petitioned his Emperor in the following words. "Most merciful Emperor, for two days in the week I must accompany the lord when he goes out hunting, for two days I must graze his cattle, for two days I must till his land and the seventh belongs to God. Consider, most merciful Emperor, how can I pay dues and taxes"?

Wanted Radical Reforms

The state of things revealed by the Committee's findings is extraordinary, indeed, and calls for extra-ordinary action. The Committee's recommendations are drastic but not more so than the situation demands. It recommends that "the Sanads granted to the Rulers of the States by the Paramount Power should be cancelled and they must be treated as landlords of permanently settled estates such as Aul, Kujang and Kanika. The Committee declares that the change can be effected without doing any violence to the rights of these chiefs. Pending the cancellation of the Sanads the Committee suggests that "the Governor in the Ministry of the Province of Orissa may be vested with the powers now exercised by the Resident, that is, the power of tendering advice to the rulers of the States under the terms of the Sanads." The Committee also suggests that till the Sanads are cancelled effect should be given to the minimum reforms recently recommended by Gandhiji. The Crown Representative will perhaps object that the inquiry on which these recommendations are based is one-sided But the Committee declares with confidence that any other impartial Commission of Enquiry "is sure to arrive at the same conclusions" and in fact challenges the authorities concerned to appoint such a commission "which would afford to the people all possible facilities for representation without any let or hindrance". The least that the higher authorities should do at once is to appoint a Commission as demanded and grant to the people of the States the minimum reforms recommended by Gandhiji. The public will accept as accurate the findings of the present Committee till they find it necessary to change their views in the light of a fuller inquiry.

A Critical Stage

The war danger is rapidly increasing in intensity and imminence. This is, of course, only too true. But there is a greater danger looming on the horizon: the danger of peace of the Munich type. The French Press reports a compromise settlement of Danzig which was proposed by Count Ciano to Herr von Ribbentrop. Whether the idea originated with Count Ciano or whether the two statesmen joindly arranged to "persuade" von Ribbentrop and through him the Fuehrer to consent to a settlement, there seems to be no doubt that Germany is willing to accept the "formula". Now this formula means nothing less than complete absorption of Danzig to Nazi Germany. It does not deserve a moment's consideration and Poland has quite naturally treated it with contempt.

What about the guarantors of Poland? The French, and the British Press both appear to be firm. This is very welcome. But what is the significance of hurried excursions to Berchtesgaden and then to London by Professor Burckhardt, the League High Commissioner in Danzig? He rushed post-haste to Herr Hitler, had talks with him on the Danzig problem and is now about to make a "confidential report" to Lord Halifax. The position of Lord Halifax as Rapporteur of a long-forgotten League Committee may serve as a plausible excuse for a visit from Herr Burckhardt. But it is quite possibly no more than a plausible excuse and a patently ridiculous one. The questions that arise are: Is the representative of the League —and what an irony!—trying as an intermediary to bring about a compromise designed to transfer Danzig to the Reich and how far are the British Government interested in it? The reaction in Britain and France to the general situation is destinctly anti-Munich. But Mr. Chamberlain and his colleagues are capable of succumbing to the fear of war in defiance of their own country.

Britain Could Beat Japan, If---

By H. N. BRAILSFORD

BRITISH policy in China is a subject as painful as it is obscure. Few of us pretend to know precisely what it is. In his most frigid tones, Mr. Chamberlain has declared that there is no change in our attitude towards China.

None the less, the one known result of the negotiations in Tokyo is the adoption of a formula which binds us to take no action that could prejudice whatever measures the Japanese may adopt to secure themselves in the parts of China they have occupied.

This reads like a declaration of benevolent neutrality in an unprovoked war of conquest. But the phraseology is vague, and it may reflect nothing more than indecision.

Events will interpret it as the weeks go by. Rumour prepares us for the surrender of the four Chinese on whose account the blockade of the Tientsin Concession was originally imposed.

On the other hand there is to be no early surrender of the Chinese silver reserve in the Tientsin banks—as to that it seems others must be consulted.

Finally, rumour whispers that further British credits may be extended to China. The picture is patchy, in the dualistic manner of the Downing Street school.

*

But clearly the Japanese are not yet satisfied with the results of their policy of intimidation.

The public insults and the engineered demonstrations continue, with the apparent object of making it impossible for British subjects, and it may be for Americans also to live and work outside a few garrisoned areas in China.

When we ask for the explanation of British impotence in this humiliating situation, there are two answers.

It is manifestly impossible in the present state of Europe to send adequate naval forces to the Far East.

We are next reminded that Hong Kong is an indefensible hostage, and that France has in Indo-China a pledge as vulnerable and more extensive.

The second reason commonly advanced is that if we venture to offend Japan, we shall drive her to ally herself without qualifications with the Axis Powers.

Doubtless it would be criminal folly to send any considerable naval force at present to the Far East, and to send anything less would be useless. But this is no new situation. In 1931, when the Manchurian crisis broke upon us, the same arguments were used.

Europe at that moment was tranquil: Germany was disarmed and Italy friendly. Yet it was authoritatively said that even with the League's backing, we could do nothing to stop, or even to check, Japan.

Then, as now, Hong Kong could not be defended, and we had no naval base available for operations in Chinese waters.

This is important, for if we have to think out a policy in the Far East, it is clear that the naval predominance on which we reckoned throughout the 19th century came to an end long ago.

We have all been thinking in terms of an antiquated myth.

The other argument is equally familiar.

That policy of enduring insults, threats and open breaches of faith was tried out in the case of Italy. She still has her air base in Majorca, and her striking force in Tripoli, and the Axis holds her like a spit. It could not be otherwise.

No one will rally to us because we confess our weakness. This is not a sentimental word.—

What is amiss with British policy is that it is clear-eyed to the point of defeatism in measuring our weaknesses. It then fumbles in drawing its conclusions.

If we are really so weak that we can only turn the other cheek to Japan, some fundamental revision of our policy is manifestly necessary.

Could we find allies, for example? We smashed the League. We are only now making our rather dubious approaches to Russia, which we have excluded and still exclude from the group of Powers whom we consult over Far Eastern questions.

Our dealings with America on this subject have been uniformly unfortunate, and even now the team work between Washington and Downing Street is not impressive.

Mr. Roosevelt clears the decks for economic action, while we evolve our ambiguous formula of capitulation at Tokyo.

*

But the obvious way to check Japan is to strengthen China. So far from being defeated, she is developing in her trials a stubborn courage, a new sense of national unity and a resourcefulness in her economic reorganisation that make this the most hopeful hour in her long history

A little has been done through credits and the exchange control to help her, but it has been halting and spasmodic.

Most of the little good that had been achieved was undone last month, when her dollar, vital to her solvency, was allowed to slump in three weeks from 8d. to 4d.

It is certainly a service to her that she can use the "back door" through British Burma. But the arms that reach her over that road come mainly from Russia and thanks to Russian credits. If I were Mr. Hudson with a billion to lend, I should send some of it in that direction.

Finally, if it is really these "hostages" in the shape of our concessions and settlements in China that explain our weakness, then it would be wiser to abandon them. We should have lost less in prestige and much less in self-respect by evacuating the Tientsin Concession than by cringing to retain it.

It is worth nothing to British merchants to-day, nor will it ever again be worth anything, if Japan is allowed to conquer China.

"The New Order" means for Japan political mastery and economic monopoly. If, on the other hand, we help China to recover her lost provinces, there will be wider scope than ever for economic co-operation.

And in that event the fewer privileges we seek to retain on her soil, the friendlier will our relations be.

So far we have been facing the consequences of our inability to

(Continued on Page 13, Col. 4).

The Convocation

By D. F. KARAKA

Yesterday I saw a group of young men and women standing at the threshold of a new life and wondered whether they realised the gravity of the occasion. It was the convocation of this University and the occasion of the conferring of degrees. In a hall packed with graduates who had successfully satisfied their examiners, with parents enthusiastically watching their progeny walk in procession, with members of the senate seated in their robes on the dais and with a large public who always attends this August function there walked in the man, who stood out by his own individual personality as the most impressive among them all. I refer to the Chancellor of this University, Sir Roger Lumley. The fact that he holds the position of Chancellor ex-officio, takes away some of the charm which attaches to his holding that office, but even so watching intently as I did the way in which he addressed the assembly of the senate on each occasion, I could not help feeling that he conducted that convocation with a dignity befitting the occasion. His voice, his intonation, his pauses were beautifully measured and for the first time I heard the words: "The Grace is passed" uttered in the manner in which they should be uttered.

* * * *

The graduates were not so impressive. There was not anything brilliant in the groups that lined up to take their degrees. Somehow the gowns and capes did not suit many of them, nor were they regarding the occasion with the solemnity which was its due. To the young men it seemed a huge joke, which was regrettable, because elsewhere in this world where there are universities I have seen convocations which grip your imagination.

* * * *

It is many years now since I sat in that university hall with its stained windows and its neo-Gothic appearance and listened to the convocation address. The last time was memorable, for there had come to this university the veteran Seal, whose address though a trifle too long was one of the more brilliant academic orations that it has been my privilege to hear. Mr. P. P Masani struck a different note. His address varied so much in thought and style that one never had a chance to get accustomed to its tempo. In parts it was rhetorical, in parts humorous, in parts modern and topical. It was of its kind a very able resume of the things that appertained to this University, but one could not help feeling that it was not that classical and oratorical effort, such as I know the present Vice-Chancellor is capable of. Perhaps the Vice-Chancellor thought and rightly that it was more practical to be real and to deal with the things that are happening around us today than with general principles of living and thinking such as I remember hearing in the address of the old man Seal. But I was personally a trifle disappointed to find references in a convocation address to such topics as prohibition and such anectodes as it was interspersed with. Mr. Masani began so brilliantly when he discussed the march of world events and the attitude of totalitarian states to their universities that I leant back to wait for the more brilliant things that were yet to come. But the change was so abrupt that it was difficult to get used to it. On the other hand I cannot help feeling that any speech, however good, would have been lost on a body of graduates who at the end of their University career were not sufficiently disciplined to control themselves from barracking and cheering ironically a man, who is one of the most distinguished Vice-Chancellors this University has had When Mr. Masani spoke of the function of a University as that of teaching discipline, the behaviour of those who had only just graduated from it was a sad reflection on the 'alma mater' which they represented. And that will always be held up against our young man of the student class, viz., that he does not realise the importance of occasions, nor does he till a much later age learn to pay respect to his elders and to his superiors It is something that cannot be taught but has to be acquired.

* * * *

Sometimes when I am asked by cynics what it is that Oxford teaches a man which Bombay does not, the answer is that it teaches us to behave on occasions such as these in a manner befitting the 'alma mater' which we represent. The impatience of the students at the Vice-Chancellor's address and the cheering which was ironic and impolite was something which I say with confidence Oxford is not capable of. I have seen and taken part in many a

(Continued on Page 14, Col. 5)

Frankly Speaking

Commendable Decision

All honour to those in Britain and in Shanghai who are determined resolutely to fight for the lives of the four Tientsin Chinese whom Mr. Chamberlain's Government have decided to hand over to the brutality of the Japanese aggressors. It is reported that they have decided to fight to the very end and to take the matter, if necessary, to the Privy Council in case the application for the writ of Habeas Corpus fails in the Shanghai Court. This decision is to be welcomed for more reasons than one. There is a strong case to suggest that the "juridical" opinion on which Mr. Chamberlain relies was influenced more by "realistic" than by legal considerations. If that is so the Privy Council, the ultimate custodian of what are supposed to be British traditions of justice is the best body to give an authoritative decision on the subject. Incidentally the question about "de facto" recognition by Britain of Japanese aggression will also be canvassed publicly.

China To Strike

According to General Chang-Chih-Chung, the Chinese have now decided to change the tactics that they have so far adopted in the Sino-Japanese war. Hitherto their fight against the aggressors was basically defensive; now they propose to assume the offensive. A cautious, astute and patient leader Marshal Chiang Kai Shek had been content with taking no risks and with improving and consolidating his own resources while effectively weakening the might of the invader. He has succeeded in both and the magnitude of the success has surprised even hard-headed neutral experts. The Chinese leader can push through his offensive to a final victory within a year provided he is not stabbed in the back by those whose international duty is to support him.

Teachers' Training In Karnatak

The Bombay Government's communique on the facilities for the training of teachers in Karnatak should lay at rest all the doubts and fears entertained in this matter by some people in Karnatak. Government have expanded the Dharwar Training College so as to accommodate 180 pupils. The Karnatak Education Board, Dharwar, and several aided schools have also provided certain facilities for training, and the Karnatak Lingayat Education Society is to start a Training College at Belgaum next year. It is expected that these facilities will be sufficient for the present, and more facilities will certainly be provided as fast as more teachers are found to be necessary in the expansion of primary education.

A Sound Decision

The most encouraging feature in Government's communique is their decision that all primary teachers between the ages of 22 and 40, whether untrained or 1st year trained, should receive further training. It is proposed, we believe, that by an early date all teachers except very old ones shall have had at least two years' training. This is a sound decision. Children, more than grown up boys and girls, need well trained teachers, and only one year's training is hardly enough for our primary teachers, whose general education seldom goes beyond the Vernacular School Final standard.

Temple Entry In Bombay

Replying to a question in the Bombay Legislative Assembly on Monday Mr. K. M. Munshi stated that since the passing of the Bombay Harijan Temple Worship Act of 1938, 142 temples had been thrown open to Harijans, that there were 5,207 temples in the province having trustees appointed for their management, and the number of temples having no trustees was 34,537. The number of temples opened to Harijans is not negligible but not particularly encouraging either. That is partly because the present Act is only enabling or permissive. It permits temple trustees to open their temples to Harijans if they wish to do so, and they may not do so even if the local Hindus generally approve of the reform. Reformers have thus a double task to perform, to persuade the Hindu public and also the trustees, though the latter may be quite reactionary. The pace of reform will be quickened if we have a law like the Malabar Temple Act, which compels temple trustees to open their temples to Harijans if a majority of the Hindu voters of the locality concerned demand the reform.

TÊTE-A-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT

SHANGHAI, August 14.
A crowd of Chinese, among whom were several Japanese, is alleged to have been seen attacking the British Consulate at Chefoo on August 12, according to trustworthy foreign dispatches received here.

The men who were armed with clubs, and swords smashed 18 window panes and seven mosquito screens. The British authorities have lodged a strong protest with the Japanese.—Reuter.

* * * *

The Muslim League is to be called upon by Sir Currimbhoy Ebrahim to declare non-participation of Indian Muslims in the coming war because (1) Britain has violated her promises to the Arabs and (2) the Viceroy and Governors have failed to protect the religious, social and, yes, economic rights of Indian Muslims.

We congratulate Sir Currimbhoy on his courage.

More than that we congratulate the Arabs on their good fortune. The Property Tax may or may not do Bombay any good, but it has certainly proved a potential boon to the Arabs of Palestine.

* * * *

Another resolution for the League Council meeting wants all Muslim Lleague M.L.A.'s, Central and Provincial, to resign their seats to register their opposition to Federation and launch direct action against the British Government.

We do hope the Quid-e-Azam will not lose his patience at its supporters' lack of political sense.

* * * *

Sir Robert Craigie is reported to have assured M. Kato that "he was convinced he would receive new instructions from London within a few days".

Sir Robert, too, knows his Chamberlain.

* * * *

The London "Times" thunders that Peace Powers "are determined to resist arbitrary pronouncements by German leaders".

Sounds like a demand that the Powers should be afforded the opportunity to add their own agreement to these pronouncements.

* * * *

Mr. Menzies, the Australian Premier, now says that he was misreported as regards his speech about Herr Hitler.

Did he receive any cable in the meantime from Mr. Chamberlain?

* * * *

In the opinion of Mr. Menzies if Germany was willing to confer peaceably, France and Britain would undoubtedly contribute their quota of help.

Mr. Menzies did receive that cable, presumably.

* * * *

"There are some scourges even more dishonourable than war" declares the Swedish Foreign Minister.

Even the neutral Swedes rub it in. But the operation is timely. There are suggestions of a Four-Power deal.

* * * *

HOLLYWOOD, August 15.

Janet Gaynor and the noted fashion designer Adrian have eloped for Yuma where they will be married.—Reuter.

What a tame sensation!

* * * *

"I admire the harmony that seems to prevail between you and your wife. Don't you ever have differences of opinion?"

"Oh, yes, very often".

"And yet you get over them so quickly?"

"Ah, I never tell her about them".

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

When a man gets too lazy to work he may become a lofty idealist.

* * *

You have doubtless observed that small men seldom insult large ones.

* * *

After marrying the man who courted her a girl is apt to find that he's another man.

* * *

If you would make your friends weary, talk continually about yourself and your affairs.

* * *

Imitation may be the sincerest form of flattery, but most men acquire wealth by doing what they see others do not do.

* * *

A man may be able to pack a convention all right, but when it comes to packing a trunk he has to turn the job over to his wife.

Alarming Situation In Danzig

Feverish Diplomatic Activity: Complete Secrecy Maintained

ARRESTS AND COUNTER-ARRESTS IN DANZIG

WARSAW, Aug. 14.

MUCH DIPLOMATIC ACTIVITY IN THE PAST DAYS INDICATES THE RISING IN THE TEMPERATURE OF THE DANZIG SITUATION.

The British Ambassador, Sir Howard Kennard, conferred for some time to-day with Colonel Beck, who also had a talk with the French Ambassador, M. Noel, discussions followed a meeting between Colonel Beck and the United States Ambassador, Mr. Biddle, yesterday.

Information concerning the talks is not available but it is presumed that the latest stage of the Danzig dispute was examined.

Frequent conversations of the same order are expected during the period of European tension which is now generally anticipated here.

Colonel Beck also received the Papal Nuncio today.

BURCKHARDT'S VISIT TO HITLER

A telegram from Warsaw says:—

To-day's developments include the arrest of two Polish customs officials in Danzig and the arrest of two Germans by the Poles.

The Customs officials were apprehended on a charge of conniving at introducing anti-Nazi leaflets into Danzig. The Polish High-Commissioner has intervened but hitherto without result.

The two Germans were arrested on a train crossing the Polish frontier at Czew in the Polish Corridor and will be charged with insulting Polish Customs officials and the Polish nation.

A telegram from London says:—

The newspapers give great prominence to Prof. Burckhardt's visit to Herr Hitler and suggest that Prof. Burckhardt will shortly make a confidential report to Britain concerning the talks.

Some papers suggest that Prof. Burckhardt is likely to come to London to see Lord Halifax in the next day or two. They point out in this connection that Lord Halifax is Rapporteur of the League Committee of three appointed to keep in touch with Danzig developments, other State members being France and Sweden.

Hence it would be a correct procedure for Prof. Burckhardt to report to the British Government confidentially the result of his visit to Berchtesgaden. Also it is pointed out that Prof. Burckhardt was in a position to inform Herr Hitler that the attitude Britain had not changed and Britain would not tolerate a change in the situation in Danzig by force.—Reuter.

'THINGS NOT WHOLLY PLEASANT'

Roosevelt Keeps Himself In Touch

CAMPOBELLO ISLAND (New Brunswick), Aug. 15.

President Roosevelt who started on a holiday cruise on Saturday gave an assurance to a press conference that he would be keeping in close touch with the international situation.

He added "Things are not wholly pleasant They are just about the same as they have been for a fortnight and a little worse than a month or two ago."—Reuter.

DANZIG NOT WORTH A WAR?

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15

Informed quarters here are inclined to give credence to press assertions that the Salzburg conversations have led to the conclusion that Danzig is not worth a war.

Reports that Signor Mussolini desired an Anglo-Polish-French conference with the Axis for a settlement of all problems are characterised as merely the old four-purpose formula with the victim invited this time for appearance's sake.

There is confidence here that the allies with Russian assistance are probably now in a position to reject firmly all such one-sided approaches.—Reuter.

Yugoslavia Craves Italy's Friendship

ROME, Aug 15

A telegram assuring Signor Mussolini of Yugoslavia's desire for friendship and collaboration with Italy was sent to Duce by M Tsevtkovitch Yugoslav Prime Minister, following his recent visit to Trieste.—Reuter

TURKISH ARMY MANOEUVRES

ISTANBUL, Aug. 15.

Army, manoeuvres on an unprecedented scale started early to-day in Eastern Thrace near the Bulgarian frontier, all troops of Turkey's first army participating on over a forty mile front.

The manoeuvres will last until August 21.—A.P.

GERMANY AND ITALY ONE IN AIM

Separatist Tactics Won't Succeed Says 'Giornale d'Italia'

ROME, August 15

The Italo-German solidarity over Danzig is emphasised by all newspapers.

The "Giornale d'Italia" says: "The democratic press hypocritically pretends that as Italy has no interest in Danzig, she does not wish to risk a war over a cause which is not her own, but the problem of Danzig is for Italy what the Italian claims are for Germany. Have they not yet understood in Paris and London that the Axis has only one policy? The French and British hopes of separating Italy from Germany and reducing Danzig to terms of an exclusively German problem must be vanished today."

The "Giornale d'Italia" describes the Salzburg meeting as the "Last warning to democracies who are encouraging Poland to provoke Germany."—Reuter.

Democracies Can't Forget Munich

PARIS, Aug 15.

Rumours in certain circles in regard to a "peace offensive" by the totalitarian powers and a peace drawn up with complete details by the two Foreign Ministers must be treated with reserve, declares the influential paper "Le Temps."

It adds, doubtless such a possibility is not excluded once Berlin and Rome find themselves obliged to change their methods if they wish to avoid entering a war of long duration which they will be practically certain to lose.

Declaring that it is from Rome that comes the first suggestion for a Four-Power Pact and it is Italian circles that envisage a Five-Power conference. "Le Temps" says that such an idea might have had some effect had it not been for the experience of Munich and the disturbances in Central Europe which followed it.

The situation is no longer what it was last year and any peace plan drawn up in advance by Berlin and Rome would require the most serious reservations.—Reuter.

Munshi Defends Action Against 'Sawadhan'

(Continued From Page 1)

not make up their minds or were caught in two minds. The League leaders, however, thought the issues were mixed up.

PREVENTION OF PUNITIVE ACTION

Hon. Mr. Munshi's final reply was slashing. He asked: "Are you going to let us make experiments of orderly Government or are you going to be frightened by a few people, who talk of violence here and non-violence outside? He did not want India to become China or allow Kerenskys here. Mr. Munshi concluded his speech in less than eight minutes although twelve minutes were granted by the Speaker to allow the Minister to cite extracts tending to incite to violence in the "Sawadhan". Mr. Munshi stated that to discuss the principle whether prevention was better than punitive action three and a half hours had been granted in the past and that principle had been vindicated.

INDIA ACT TO RESCUE

Earlier in the day for some time the Bill to amend the Bombay Land Revenue Code, the object of which was to put the principles of assessment and settlements on statutory footing glided sedately but suddenly the House stumbled upon Sec. 52 of the Government of India Act, when Mr. Parulekar's 26 amendments came up for consideration. The point was whether Mr. Parulekar's scheme of equitable distribution as adumbrated in his minutes of dissent and on which the amendments were based could be allowed under the Section without the recommendation of the Governor. Mr. Parulekar admitted technically there was equitable redistribution but legally there was none.

RULING DEFERRED

The Speaker deferred decision of his ruling till to-morrow, when consideration of the Bill clause by clause will be resumed.

Mr. Jhabvala while supporting the Bill did not agree with some points of "agrarian extremism" in Mr. Parulekar's amendment.

The major portion of the question time was monopolised by Mr. Jhabvala who hammered once again the grievances of police constables but Mr Munshi reiterated more than three times in the course of two days that ventilation of grievance by any other method than prescribed in order to maintain discipline was prohibited by rules of the Force.

Mr. Munshi will start for Bombay to-morrow morning.

Proceedings In Detail

On resumption after tea, Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta moved in the Bombay Assembly the following motion:—

"The House do adjourn to discuss an urgent matter of definite public importance, namely, the action of the Government in demanding security from the editor of the newspaper "Sawdhan" and the printer of the Luxmi Narayan Press for publishing alleged objectionable matters.

Mr. Mehta said that the paper "Sawdhan" was formerly being published from Nagpur. But owing to certain exigencies, the paper had been brought down to Bombay. The paper was being printed in the Luxmi Narayan Press. Early in May and in June, it published two articles relating to the lives of the late Lala Hardayal and Dr. Dingree. The Government thought that the articles were likely to lead to violence and called upon the Editor and Printer to furnish a security of Rs. 3,000/- each. This Executive action had been taken two months after the publication of the articles in question. There was no evidence whatever of violence breaking out, as a result of the publication of the articles.

At this stage, the Speaker drew the attention of the House to another adjournment motion on which notice had been given by Mr. Parulekar relating to the demand of security from Ahmednagar Press

He said that since both the motions pertained to the same principle, the motion by Mr. Mehta would serve the purpose.

WHY NOT ORDINARY LAW?

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta proceeding said that the life of the late Hardayal had been one which would have inspired any youngman. He was a brilliant scholar, a noble soul and a thorough-going patriot. There was nothing dishonourable in the life of such a great man, and he failed to understand what possible violence would have resulted from the narration of the life of such a man.

Mr. Mehta asked why the Government did not have recourse to ordinary law, and instead, used the Emergency Powers Act, which the Congress had often condemned. No warning had been issued to the paper.

Even in olden days, he added, the bureaucracy warned the presses if there was need, and he asserted that the old regime was better than the Congress rule.

DANGER OF SHORT-CUTS

The Emergency Press Act of 1931 was definitely an emergency measure, and as such, the Government were not justified in using it. He wished the Government had pursued the ordinary course, namely, of prosecuting the papers concerned in a court of law.

Characterising the use of the Emergency Powers Act on such occasions as "short cuts to peace", Mr. Mehta said that this was dangerous procedure for a popular Government to adopt.

It was bound to raise discontent among the people. He referred to a recent decision of the Punjab High Court in a similar case, where the liberty of the Press had been curtailed by the Government and said that the High Court had to revise the executive order of the Government. "To try to control the Press", he added, "would result in wiping out the liberty of the Press." He referred to the Congress election manifestos which urged the repeal of the repressive laws, but the action of the Congress Government, he continued, amounted to a perpetuation of the repressive legislation. He concluded, "I submit to the House that the Government have acted in a most unconstitutional way, forgetting their own promises, ignoring their past slogans".

HOME MINISTER'S REPLY

The Hon. Mr. K. M. Munshi, Home Minister, replying to Mr. Jamnadas Mehta recounted "the pedigree of the "Sawdhan". It was printed and published in Nagpur (Central Provinces). The C. P. Government had many occasions to warn the paper for its incitement to violence and for publishing articles calculated to excite communal hatred. By the end of August 1937, its activities became objectionable, and the Government of the Central Provinces published a communique setting out the dangerous character of the articles But even the communique failed to impress the paper. It persisted in the propaganda that was carried on, and the Government directed the paper to deposit a security of Rs. 2,000. On that, the paper ceased publication, and it migrated to Bombay.

In Bombay, it carried on the same campaign and continued to preach violence and communal hatred. In praising the three revolutionaries Amirchand, Hardayal and Rashbehari Ghose, it inculcated violence. The speaker was not concerned with the nobility of those persons which the Hon. Member had thought fit to praise. The articles only impressed on the people the nobility of crimes involving violence. It, therefore, became necessary for the Government to take steps against the paper.

Proceeding Mr. Munshi asserted that it was not correct to say that the Government's executive action was unchallengeable. The party concerned might very well appeal to the highest tribunal, namely, the High Court. Government were prepared to stand corrected by the High Court. The security was demanded only after due and mature consideration.

Government's legal advisers had also advised to the same effect. It was wrong to suggest that this was an executive action, and therefore could not be challenged.

OFFENCE OF "POWADA"

The second matter was that relating to the demand of security from an Ahmednagar Press (the Laxminarayan Press) for having printed and published a "Powada" or ballad in praise of Mr. Savarker, and in which it was stated that Muslims were a curse to this land. The keeper of the Press was a woman. She expressed regret to the Government for having printed the "Powada" and said that she was not aware that such a thing was printed in her press at all. Government therefore had already ordered the refund of the deposit.

CIVIL LIBERTY AND VIOLENCE

Mr. Munshi said that so long as the Government was to discharge its duties and so long as they were pledged to non-violence, they could not allow poems to be broadcast which inculcated violence. On the face of the materials published, it could not be suggested by anyone that Government acted in an unjustifiable manner. The policy had been endorsed by the majority of the House. No sooner the party came into power, a communique was issued in August 1937 setting for the Government's policy in this regard. It was made plain that civil liberties meant neither dissemination of class hatred nor allowing the spread of ideas of organised or unorganised violence to go unchecked. On a previous occasion, he had told the House that it was not possible to have civil liberty in an atmosphere surcharged with violence. Freedom of action, freedom of association, and indeed thought, would never be possible, if people went about inciting others to violence This policy of the Government was supported by 116 members of the House as against 18. While conceding the liberty to reach a gospel, Government would certainly step in and control, if violence and communal hatred were included in it

WHY NOT GOVT PROSECUTE?

Mr. R. R. Bhole (Independent Labour Party) strongly criticised the Government's action in demanding securities from the presses. He was unable to make any difference between the present Government and the old regime. He referred to Mr. Munshi's speech in which the latter had suggested that the aggrieved party should seek relief in the High Court, and asked why the Government did not prosecute the papers in a court of law. Mr. Munshi had stated that Government would step in, only if there was violence. The Speaker wanted to know whether violence had been preached.

Mr. Munshi—Yes. it has been preached.

Mr. Bhole, proceeding, said that he knew democracy meant the rule of the majority, but democracy never meant the suppression of the minorities.

Mr. Deshpande (Congress) complimented the Government in taking firm action in checking communalism and violence. He disagreed with the views expressed by previous speakers that the Government should take measures only when there was trouble. It was the duty of the Government to prevent troubles, and he warmly congratulated the Home Minister on his dealing with the matter firmly.

Mr. S. L. Karandiker charged the Government with "hypocrisy." It was clear to him that what the Government had done was only to suppress its political opposition, or opposition against the Congress.

DEHLAVI WANTS CLARIFICATION

Sir A. M. K. Dehlavi, Leader of the Opposition, wanted to know as to what had happened to Mr. Parulekar's adjournment motion. The one before the House moved by Mr. Jamnadas Mehta related to the "Sawadhan" affair. In that, he would not hesitate condemning the Government the other motion by Mr. Parulekar referred to the demand of security from the Ahmednagar Press for printing a ballad. In that, he would support the Government. He wanted the Speaker to clarify the position to enable his party to vote properly.

HOME MINISTER CONGRATULATED

The Hon. Mr. G. V. Mavlanker, the Speaker, once again explained to the House that the motion before the House did not pertain to any individual grievance. It related to the fact that Government had made use of the Emergency Powers Act in demanding security from the Press. The principle involved in the motion of Mr. Jamnadas Mehta and that of Mr. Parulekar was the same, and therefore, he allowed them to be taken jointly.

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta: That is the position.

Mr. Firodia (Congress) supported the Government. He said he himself was interested in printing presses, and he knew that no one in Ahmednagar came forward to print the ballads. Unfortunately, the Luxminarayan Press printed it. The owner of the press was a woman who did not understand the implications of the ballad, and now she had expressed regret for having printed the same. He paid a tribute to the Home Minister on his dealing with the press in a suitable manner.

Mr. S. V. Parulekar supported the adjournment motion, and asked the Government whether they were justified in stifling their political opponents by such press bans. The Congress was pledged to non-violence, and it was fighting for the independence of the country. There were others also who were fighting for independence, but were unable to subscribe to the non-violence technique. He said that in the fight between the protagonists of the two faiths, imperialism was being benefited. He strongly criticised the Government's action in demanding security from the Press.

"EXTOLLING VIOLENCE"

Mr. Ali Bahadur Khan, opposing the adjournment motion, declared that there would be no comparison between the old bureaucratic times when the press was gagged illegitimately, and the present times. He observed what was objected to was not extolling patriotism, but extolling violence.

Mr. J. B. Greaves (European) also opposed the motion and quoted from one of the Chief Justices of England who had stated that while it was an essential right of the press to criticise and comment on matters of public interest, it was equally essential that the press must exercise the greatest restraint in such criticism and comment. Mr Greaves declared that in this particular case, Government had acted correctly.

NEED FOR QUICK ACTION.

Mr. S. K. Patil (Congress) thought that much was being made of the term "civil liberties" which had been more misused than understood, and when people talked of rights, they forgot that the enjoyment of those rights entailed great responsibil-

(Continued on Page 14, Col. 5).

Democracies And Axis Powers Evenly Balanced

RUSSIA, BIGGEST COUNTER WEIGHT

LONDON, August 15.

THE FACT THAT IN THIS NOMINAL PEACE TIME EUROPE HAS 8,500,000 UNDER ARMS WITHOUT COUNTING NAVIES AND AIRFORCES IS A STRIKING CONCLUSION OF REUTERS MILITARY EXPERT ON THE BASIS OF RELIABLE AVAILABLE ESTIMATES COLLECTED TO-DAY.

A FAIRLY EVEN BALANCE WOULD APPEAR TO BE STRUCK BETWEEN THE DEMOCRATIC AND THE AXIS GROUPS AS FAR AS THE ALIGNMENT IS AT PRESENT ESTABLISHED.

The Democratic Group muster 2,875,000 comprising France (1,000,000); Britain (600,000); Poland (500,000); Turkey (300,000); Rumania (275,000); Greece (200,000). The Axis Group has 2,700,000 distributed among Germany (1,750,000), Italy (950,000) or 2,900,000 if Hungary's 200,000 are included.

Given the success of diplomacy in Spain the Axis could count on another 150,000. Activity of similar diplomacy in Yugoslavia is understandable when it is realised that critical anxieties about her future has compelled comparatively small Yugoslavia to keep 300,000 troops in readiness.

Other "Neutrals" who might come in the line of fire in any general conflagration and who are known to have little sympathy with Totalitarian aims together contribute over 400,000 comprising Bulgaria (160,000), Belgium (100,000), Baltic States (60,000), Holland, Portugal and Switzerland (30,000 each).

Danzig is estimated at 10,000 but in this are included a number of Poles.

The biggest counterweight is naturally the Soviets whose 2,000,000 will give marked predominance to any group with which they make a common cause.—Reuter.

British Consulate Attacked

Armed Chinese Smash Windows And Mosquito Screens

SHANGHAI, Aug. 14.

A crowd of Chinese, among whom were several Japanese, is alleged to have been seen attacking the British Consulate at Chefoo on August 12, according to trustworthy foreign dispatches received here.

The men who were armed with clubs and swords smashed 18 window panes and seven mosquito screens. The British authorities have lodged a strong protest with the Japanese.—Reuter.

PALESTINE SITUATION WORSENS

Release Of Detained Persons Suspended

JERUSALEM, Aug. 15.

Maj.-Gen. M. G. Barker, commanding British forces at Palestine, has announced that the practice of releasing persons detained under Emergency Regulations will be suspended until further notice, owing to recent recrudescence of sniping and bomb outrages and intimidation of Government officials. Releases have been permitted in recent weeks only in view of a measure of returning tranquillity, which has now been marred.—Reuter.

New Military Attache For Tokio Embassy

LONDON, Aug. 15.

Lieut.-Colonel B. R. Mullaly, Gurkha Rifles, will succeed Major-General Piggott as Military Attache to the British Embassy in Tokio from October next.—Reuter.

THEIR FATE UNKNOWN.

SHANGHAI, Aug. 15.

According to another foreign report the Canadian Jesuit Mission at Hauchowfu was raided by Japanese gendarmes on 6th August and two priests were taken to the gendarmerie headquarters after which their fate is not known.—Reuter.

CHURCHILL VISITS MAGINOT LINE

PARIS, Aug. 15

Mr. Winston Churchill began early to-day an inspection of the Maginot line which he is making at Gen. Gamelin's invitation. The inspection is expected to last four or five days. Gen. Gamelin will accompany Mr. Churchill on part of his tour.—Reuter

SHAMBHU SHANKAR GETS 1 YEAR'S R. I.

(From Our Correspondent.)

PALITANA, Aug. 15.

Mr. Shambhu Shanker who is fasting unto death, is sentenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment To-day is the ninth day of his fast. Unusual decrease in weight has been recorded. The judgment was delivered in jail owing to his weak condition.

Two persons have been arrested in Charodia A hartal is being observed in the town.

Lucknow, August 15.—The U. P. Court of Wards has allotted Rs 8,000 to the Morris College of Hindustani and Music and Rs. 10,000 to various other bodies.—United Press.

19 Dead And 114 Injured

Sanfrancisco Express Disaster: A Cripple Arrested

RENO, Aug. 14.

The police have announced the arrest of a man at Sparks, Nevada, in connection with the disaster to the City of Sanfrancisco Express of which the latest casualty figures are 19 dead and 114 injured.

It is stated that the man who is a cripple, would be closely questioned regarding the crash. Reuter.

NO COMPROMISE ON SILVER QUESTION

British Press Expose Japanese Story

LONDON: August 15.

The "Daily Telegraph" diplomatic correspondent says that reports from Tokio, that Sir Robert Craigie has informed the Japanese Government that the instructions he awaits from London will enable him to discuss economic as well as security questions, should be treated with considerable reserve.

NO CONCESSION TO JAPAN

The paper adds that there is no immediate prospect that wider issues affecting other Powers can be resolved at an early future. There is no present reason to suppose that the consultations, which are proceeding with other Powers, will lead to an agreement in favour of any important concessions towards Japanese claims in these respects. Some further days may, however, elapse before decisions can be reached in London.

NO COMPROMISE

The "Times" states that suggestions that the British side is considering a compromise on the silver question can be categorically denied.—Reuter.

Oil Expropriation Dispute Not Yet Settled

WASHINGTON, Aug. 14.

Mr. Sumner Welles in a statement revealed that the United States Government was the originator of the proposal for an interim settlement of the Mexican oil expropriation dispute by the appointment of a board of nine members to operate the Mexican oil fields. The balance of power will be held by three neutral members

Mr. Sumner Welles regretted that the proposal "Should have been discarded by either party without a fair discussion of its merits." He stated that the continuance of the dispute would constitute a "material barrier" to commercial intercourse and the continuance of friendly America-Mexican relations.

Before issuing the statement, Mr. Sumner Welles conferred separately with the Mexican Ambassador and the representatives of the American oil companies concerned.—Reuter

Paynter played an unblemished innings with powerful drives hooks and pulls. He reached 150 in 220 minutes and had 19 fours and 2 sixes in his score. Croom was nearly stumped when 23. He sent up the century in 190 minutes and reached the boundary 10 times.

R. I. N. And Military Tighten Machinery

MEASURES TO COMBAT NAZI SPIES' ACTIVITIES

Air Flight And Mystery Movements Of Foreigner In Poona

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT).

EVER SINCE THE NAZI'S CAST COVETOUS GLANCES ON INDIA, THE COUNTRY HAS BEEN INFLICTED WITH A REGULAR MENACE OF ESPIONAGE.

SLOWLY, BUT SURELY, THE TENTACLES OF DR. GOEBBEL'S PROPAGANDA MACHINE HAVE SPREAD OVER THE CITY AND TO-DAY A NET-WORK OF AGENCIES HAS BEEN WOVEN WHICH EXPLORE EVERY AVENUE TO UNEARTH THE MINUTEST CLUE FOR GETTING VALUABLE INFORMATION FROM GOVERNMENT OFFICES AND THE NAVAL AND MILITARY HEADQUARTERS.

As a sequel the R.I.N. Dockyard is very strongly guarded. Previous to month back the sentries at the main gate were never so strict as they are to-day. One could get inside the dockyard without any difficulty, but during the last fortnight even a passholder is only allowed to enter with a sentry by his side.

Without an escort no one is allowed to go in. No exception is made even in the case of relatives of men working in the dockyard and having quarters there.

I happened to visit this place in these days, and was surprised to see the tightening up of the vigilance arrangements.

Naturally I made enquiries in the matter and learnt that people since suspected of spying for foreign powers had been accustomed to come in and pass out as if they belonged there. Much information is suspected to have filtered out. Secrets which were only meant for official ears had also been tried to be got at by outsiders.

Persistent and energetic attempts were being made by the agents of the Nazis to ferret out these secrets and precautionary measures to prevent any sort of leakage have been tightened up. Entry was barred to everyone who has no legitimate business in the yard.

At Army Headquarters too, the espionage nuisance has poked its dirty nose. Though not on an alarming scale, several attempts made by spies have been frustrated by the timely vigilance of the military authorities. No loopholes have been left for these notorious men to exploit.

The spy evil has become so acute, that in every hotel in Bombay, foreigners with suspicious identities who come as visitors on a sightseeing tour of India are to be found.

In my hotel, there was one whose every movement appeared to be shady and suspicious. On the day prior to his departure, however, the Police got to know about his activities and were after his blood for quite a while.

It is believed that this man has left for Europe by a German ship.

The movements of all foreigners are now being closely watched throughout their stay in the country.

Occasionally, however, they are able to evade notice. In this connection considerable comment was aroused in Poona by the arrival and departure of an individual, believed to be a German, who made a stay of only a few hours in the Deccan capital.

The arrival of this person was preceded by the appearance of a German business man well-known in Bombay. He stated that he was expecting a friend by aeroplane. The next day the friend duly arrived by air, took a meal at the hotel, and the two went off together. Hotels are only able under the law, to register the names of foreigners who book rooms. Anyone coming in for a meal to visit a friend, naturally cannot be asked to enter his name and other details in the Hotel register, so the unknown individual departed with the friend who had awaited him, without attracting much attention. The next destination of the two was given out at Bangalore.

STARTED LIFE AS OFFICE-BOY

President Of Shipping Co. Dead

NEW YORK, Aug. 15.

Death has occurred of Pas Franklin, 68-year-old President of the International Mercantile Marine Company, who started life as an office-boy in the Shipping Company.—Reuter.

Today's Strange Story Of Real People

The Boy Who Came From Nowhere

(By Vincent Towne)

A MYSTERIOUS personage was found leaning against a wall in the Bavarian city of Nuremberg in May, 1828. He was a youth of about 18, apparently an aristocrat. Blinded by the morning sun, he held his hands over his eyes. The police told him to move on, but he could not walk. They prodded him. He staggered and fell Questioning him as to his identity, they found that he could not talk, so they carried him bodily to prison. It was evident that he was an idiot. His face and demeanor bespoke inherent intelligence. Yet his inability to walk or talk was unfeigned. He was was not deaf and his vocal organs were capable of reproducing any spoken word by repetition.

The soles of his feet were convex, like those of an infant who has never walked. Every sound seemed to terrify him, as did the sight of the commonest objects. On hearing a bell ring he burst into paroxyms of weeping and the music of a street band caused him to swoon Given a substantial meal, he turned from it with abhorrance and fell into convulsions. All that could tempt his appetite was hard bread and water. Some one sent him some toys to play with, but they caused him to cry with terror, until he caught sight of a wooden horse, which he snatched up with glee, clasping it in his arms and kissing it tenderly.

The only clue to his identity was a letter found upon his person and purporting to have been written by a Bavarian labourer. It stated that the bearer had been found at the writer's door 16 years before and inclosed was a note alleged to have been written by the youth's mother. According to this his name was Kaspar; he had been born April 30, 1812; his father was a captain in the 6th Chevan-leger Regiment at Nuremberg, and his mother was a poor girl unable to support him. Kaspar thereupon learned not only to walk and talk but to read and write. Within a few months he was able to relate so much of his strange history as he could remember. According to his story he had been confined all his life in a dark cell penetrated only by a man whose shadow alone he could see and who came daily to wash him, dress him and bring him his sustenance, always bread and water. His only friend had been a wooden horse, and his jailor, although never speaking a word to him had for some mysterious reason expended a year's effort in silently teaching him to write the name "Kaspar Hauser."

Finally, one night his keeper had entered his cell, blindfolded him, placed in his hand the letter later found upon his person, taken him to Nuremberg, and left him leaning against the city wall. That was all he knew of his strange history.

Professor Daumer's house soon became the mecca for thousands There were grave suspicions that these letters had been written as a blind, inasmuch as the youth showed many evidences of aristocratic lineage.

One surprising discovery was made. At the sight of a pencil the speechless youth took it up and forthwith wrote "Kaspar Hauser" evidently a name given to him to disguise his real identity. He was unable to write anything else or to pronounce what he had written.

In Nuremberg dwelt a kindly savant, Prof. G. F. Daumer, who became interested in the mysterious youth, and took him to his home hoping to develop his retarded mentality. With surprising rapidity who flocked there to see the mystery youth and hear his strange story. One day, within less than five months from the time when Kaspar was found leaning against the city wall, Professor Daumer was terrified to hear his interesting protege utter terrified cries for help and, rushing into the room he found Kaspar writhing upon the floor. Blood gushed from a wound in his forehead, and when revived the lad said that a man with a blackened face had stolen into the room, stabbed him and fled.

The police scoured the country for the assailant, but without avail. About this time the case attracted the attention of the very wealthy Lord Stanhope, of England, who adopted Kaspar and sent him secretly to Ansbach that he might be hidden safely from his enemies and be educated by the celebrated Professor Fuhrmann. After a few years, his education having been completed Lord Stanhope arrived in Ansbach to take his ward back to England.

On the day before that set for his departure for England, a stranger handed Kaspar a note requesting him to appear at a certain place and learn the secret of his origin. Without confiding the circumstances to Lord Stanhope, the young man proceeded to the place appointed. Soon afterward he terrified his guardian by staggering into his apartment with blood dripping from a knife wound in his side. Gasping the words, "Palace—Uzen Monument—purse!" he fell to the floor, dead. Lord Stanhope hastened to the Uzen monument in the palace grounds and there found a purse of violet coloured silk, containing a slip of paper on which had been scrawled:

"Kaspar Hauser, born April 30, 1812. Murdered December 14, 1833. Know by this that I come from the Bavarian frontier on the river. These are the initials of my name: M. L. B."

A price of 5,000 florins was placed upon the head of Kaspar's assassin by Lord Stanhope, and for years the police strove to solve the mystery. But their efforts were futile.

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ELINDED BY THE MORNING SUN

NATIONAL PLANNING

Changes In Personnel Sequel To Inability Of Officers To Serve

BOMBAY, Aug. 15.

The "United Press" understands that a meeting of the group of Bombay women workers of the Women's Sub-Committee of the National Planning Committee was held to-day at the National Planning Committee office, when the questionnaire was explained and methods of tackling problems considered. The group of Bombay women workers decided to divide themselves according to the various sections of reference and questionnaires. Conveners were appointed separately for each section, and work would be taken in hand immediately.

The "United Press" further understands that some Chairmen of the Sub-Committees being unable to serve or being prevented from serving on account of want of permission from the Government of India, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru the Chairman of the National Planning Committee, has decided to make alternative appointments in their places, by virtue of the general authority vested in him for that purpose.

Accordingly Mr. S. D. Prabhavalkar has been nominated Chairman of the Housing Sub-Committee in place of Mr. N. V. Modak, City Engineer of Bombay, who is unable to serve.

Lt. Col. S. S. Sokney., it is understood, will be the Chairman of the Public Health Sub-Committee in place of Dr. Jivraj Mehta who is similarly unable to serve.

Similar other appointments will be announced shortly.—United Press.

ACTRESS ELOPES WITH FASHION DESIGNER

HOLLYWOOD, Aug 15.

Janet Gaynor and the noted fashion designer Adrian have eloped for Yuma where they will be married.—Reuter.

RAJA OF HATHURA ARRESTED

LUCKNOW, Aug. 15.

The Raja of Hathura was arrested by the C.I.D. to-day in connection with the Hathura Rani Shooting Case which is going on in the Court of Mr. Rahman Bux Qadri, the Magistrate. Bail was refused, and the Raja was sent to Hajat.

It is stated that 29 guns and a number of unlicensed cartridges were recovered from the Raja's house.—United Press

DUTCH BANKS IN TROUBLE

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 14.

The young widow of Mannheimer arrived here from Paris to help in the efforts to straighten out the banks affairs.

Before it was known that the Amsterdam Tribunal had granted a provisional suspension of payments discussions had already begun among the Dutch banks who gave firm credits against the French bonds, on the best methods to be adopted to prevent any heavy settling of the securities question.

Although no decision has yet been taken the bankers are endeavouring to form a syndicate to deal with this matter.—Reuter.

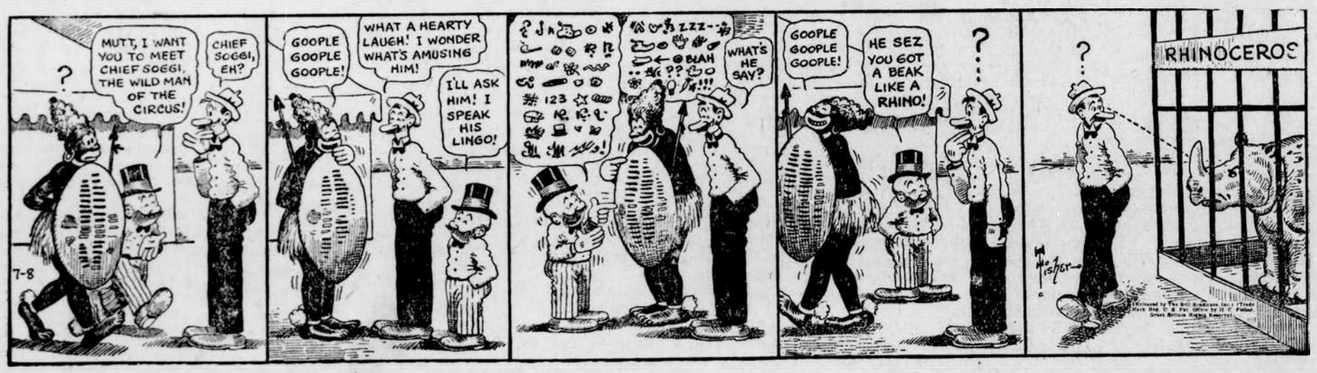
KISANS DEFY BAN

Resumption Of "Baksht" Land Satyagraha In Bihar

PATNA, Aug. 15.

In connection with the "Baksht" Satyagraha resorted to since yesterday by the Kisans of the villages of Hassanpura, Tarpura, Pakri and Jagpura in the Massaurhi Police Station, Patna District, 35 persons have been arrested so far for defying an order under Sec. 144 Cr. P. C. by trespassing into fields under dispute.—United Press.

MUTT AND JEFF—This Wild Man Must Have Come Straight From the Bronx Zoo — By BUD FISHER


MUTT, I WANT YOU TO MEET CHIEF SOGGI, THE WILD MAN OF THE CIRCUS!
CHIEF SOGGI, EH?
GOOPLE GOOPLE GOOPLE!
WHAT A HEARTY LAUGH! I WONDER WHAT'S AMUSING HIM!
I'LL ASK HIM! I SPEAK HIS LINGO!
WHAT'S HE SAY?
GOOPLE GOOPLE GOOPLE!
HE SEZ YOU GOT A BEAK LIKE A RHINO!
RHINOCEROS
7-8

'More money for Mother . . . more comforts for me now that it costs so much less to buy Glaxo

4 as. REDUCTION PER 1 LB. TIN

Brighten your smile with KOLYNOS

For brilliant, glistening teeth and healthy gums—and a mouth as sweet and fresh as the flowers—use Kolynos.

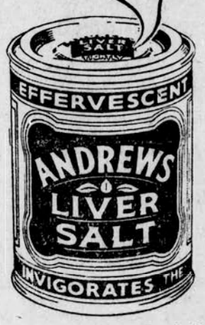
The safe, scientific dentifrice —so economical, too.

Safe'y Rely on AMRUTANJAN BALM

For the Cure of Colds, Cough, Headaches, Rheumatism, Swellings and all other kinds of Aches and Pains

AMRUTANJAN DEPOTS BOMBAY AND MADRAS

THE RULES OF HEALTH are few and simple



That morning glass of Andrews! How it sweeps away sleepiness! Its bubbling tonic action brings to your whole system that deep down Inner Cleanliness which leaves you clear headed and alert, ready for the day. Drink a glassful of Andrews. You can feel your mouth and throat being cooled and refreshed. Then the stomach is settled and excess acid removed, the liver and kidneys stimulated to proper action. And Inner Cleanliness is completed by a gentle but thorough clearance of the bowels. Start taking Andrews regularly.

There's nothing like it to clear away the effects of late hours or a restless night. It brings you that Inner Cleanliness which makes you fit and keeps you fit. Handy size (4 oz.) As. 11. Large size (double quantity) Rs. 1/4.

For Inner Cleanliness be regular with your

ANDREWS LIVER SALT

The Ideal Tonic Laxative

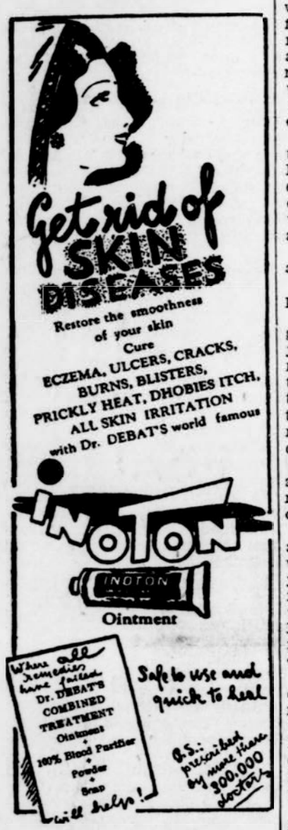
What a wonderful tonic your Andrews Liver Salt is. I have used it for 10 years and don't know what I should do without it. I have tried almost everything for indigestion, but there is nothing to beat Andrews.—H. W.

6

If you want a child
use CONCEPTO
For Birth Control
— SPERMIN —
12 TABLETS—Re 1
For delayed and painful Menses
SCOT PILLS
(EXTRA STRONG) 24 for Rs. 2
Can be had of:- All Important Drug-stores
BOMBAY:- I Bell Ram Bros., Princess Street.
J. S.P. Gandhi & Sons, Gwalia Tank Rd
NAGPUR:- Amrut Pharmacy Ltd.
AHMEDABAD:- Chandulal Premchand, Three Gates
BARODA:- A. Roy & Co. Ropers Road

BRONCHITIS
Rub this powerful ointment on throat, chest, and back. Works like a poultice and at the same time releases healing vapours you inhale for hours. Loosens phlegm, relieves congestion, eases breathing.

VICKS VAPORUB


Get rid of SKIN DISEASES
Restore the smoothness of your skin
Cure
ECZEMA, ULCERS, CRACKS, BURNS, BLISTERS, PRICKLY HEAT, DHOBIES ITCH, ALL SKIN IRRITATION
with Dr. DEBAT'S world famous
INOTON
INOTON
Ointment
When all remedies have failed Dr. DEBAT'S COMBINED TREATMENT
Ointment
100% Blood Purifier
Powder
Soap
will help!
Safe to use and quick to heal
B.S.: prescribed by more than 300,000 doctors

STAINED FALSE TEETH

..mean germs in your mouth!

Stained, insanitary dentures are a breeding ground for germs—it is estimated that over 80% of germs enter the human system through the mouth. Don't give infectious germs a foothold in your mouth—keep your plates both stain-free and germ-free with 'Steradent.'
'Steradent' is the new, scientific cleanser for false teeth. The Dental Profession has given it the highest endorsement—over 10,000 Dentists recommend it. 'Steradent' is harmless, quick and economical.
Just shake a little 'Steradent' powder in a glass of warm water. Stir well. Leave your false teeth, plates and bridges in it while you dress or for overnight. Every stain vanishes, including blackest tobacco stains of long standing. The wholesome, flesh-pink colour of your plates is restored. Dull, dingy, discoloured teeth regain their clean, lustrous, life-like appearance. Your plates feel smooth, cool and comfortable—just like new, and there is no unpleasant 'disinfectant' taste.
Brushing is quite unnecessary. 'Steradent' is much more efficient and reaches crevices never touched by any brush. Moreover it sterilises your dentures with a pleasant, harmless, but powerful purifying agent.
Agents: ATLANTIS (EAST) LTD., 20/1, CHETLA ROAD, CALCUTTA.
WARNING: Refuse imitations and inferior substitutes. They may damage your plates beyond repair. Insist upon 'Steradent' and take no chances
Steradent
CLEANS & STERILISES FALSE TEETH

Deputy Commissioner For Bombay Municipality

Corporation Adopts Law Committee's Recommendation After Heated Debate

After nearly three hours' debate, the Municipal Corporation on Tuesday approved of the recommendation of the Law, Revenue and General Purposes Committee, in regard to the appointment of Deputy Municipal Commissioner.

APPEAL TO CONGRESS PARTY LEADER

The Law and Revenue Committee had recommended out of 70 candidates (1) Dr. J. F. Balasara, (2) Mr. N. B. Abuwala, and (3) Mr. R. N. Samarth.

At the last meeting Dr. G. R. A. Shaikh had moved to select a candidate from the Municipal service. Mr. Suleman Darvesh seconded the amendment.

Mr. Hirjibehdin strongly appealed to the leader of the Municipal Congress Party not to undertake any risks or responsibilities in making the question of public appointment a party issue. Shrewd and sagacious as he is, Mr. Hirjibehdin hoped that after realising the risks that the party would undergo, he would take the first opportunity to rescind the resolution passed by the party and keep the members of the Municipal party absolutely free to vote as they like according to the merit of each individual candidate.

He then moved an amendment to refer the matter back to the Law Committee with a request to enquiry into the service record of each candidate and to see if there was any adverse remark against any of the candidates.

Mr. V. S. Velinker seconded the amendment.

Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas supported the original proposition.

Prof. S. R. Davar expressed his great regret at the way the majority party was crushing the minority party and suggested that the time had come to empower the Municipal Commissioner with the power to make every appointment in consultation with a small committee.

Mr. K. H. Goregaokar moved another amendment to add the name of Mr. A. Soares in the list of candidates.

Dr. A. J. Collaco seconded this amendment and said Mr. Soares was a municipal councillor for ten years and had thorough experience of municipal administration as he was a member of the Improvements and Standing Committee and also of the Special Committee.

Mrs. Lilavati Munshi repudiated the suggestion that the majority party was crushing any party. It was not possible to put on the list names of the candidates of every community and therefore the Law Committee had selected the best men possible.

Dr. D. N. Saher advised to set aside personal friendship and influence and appoint the candidate who was best qualified.

BIRTHDATE OF ABUWALLA.

Mr. R. K. Tatnis asked the Municipal Commissioner to inform the house regarding the birth date of Mr. Abuwala.

The Municipal Commissioner replied: 18-4-1894.

Mr. Tatnis then said that Mr. Abuwala was disqualified as he had given wrong age. He read a letter from the Registrar, Bombay University, in which he stated that Mr. Abuwala had passed his matriculation examination in 1909. According to the University regulations at that time, the candidate should have completed his sixteenth year and Mr. Abuwala would be 15 years in 1909. He moved an amendment to delete the name of Mr. Abuwala.

Mr. M. V. Donde seconded the amendment.

Mr. Soonderdas Morarji raised a point of order that the nature of the amendment should conform with the procedure rules.

The Mayor ruled Mr. Tatnis out of order.

Dr. J. N. Choksy moved the fourth amendment to request the Law Committee to enquire if any of the candidates had to appeal in the Court of Law for defalcations.

Mr. M. O. E. Patel seconded the amendment.

Mr. M. S. Serang requested the Mayor not to prolong the debate as the majority party would bring its own candidate and all the discussion was futile.

CLOSURE ACCEPTED.

At this stage closure was moved and Mr. Soonderdas Morarji in his final reply assured the House that if he found that Mr. Abuwala had given wrong birth date and had misled the House, none of his party would support his candidature. In regard to Mr. Soares he said, if he was efficient and qualified, other members would certainly vote for him.

All the amendments were taken to a division and declared lost. The original proposition was carried. The Mayor fixed Thursday the 24th for the selection of the candidate.

The House then adjourned till Thursday.

BOMBAY'S MUNICIPAL SECRETARY

Mr. S. N. Damle, who has assumed the office of the Municipal Secretary from Monday joined the municipal service in 1912 and rose gradually by dint of hard work and perseverance to the highest post in his department, viz: that of the Municipal Secretary. He is a graduate of Bombay University and had acted twice as Municipal Secretary. In that capacity he rendered great assistance to the Mayor and Chairmen of the various statutory and special committees. Mr. Damle also rendered valuable service for the Quetta Relief Fund, China Relief Fund, and Rupee Fund which was organised in aid of the King Emperor's Anti-Tuberculosis Fund. In recognition of his valuable service he was made a J. P. recently.

'More Harmful Than Beneficial'

(Continued from Page 16).

The contents of the Bill, he asserted, had nothing to do with the contents of the Agricultural Debtors' Relief Bill, whereas it only related to the conduct and regulation of money lending business. It was not only the agriculturists who suffered from moneylenders but others also.

Mr. J. B. Greaves (Progress Party) also opposed the motion. The Bill, he said, was referred to the Select Committee, 18 months ago. A number of meetings were called for, at short notices, and some meetings were cancelled. He complained of "dilatory tactics employed" before the Select Committee could even hold its meetings.

MUNSHI'S REPLY

Mr. Munshi in reply stated that the decision to extend the time of the submission of the Select Committee's report on the Moneylenders' Bill was formally taken by the Committee itself. It was found that since the Moneylenders' Bill and the Agricultural Debtors' Relief Bill were substantially the same in many respects, it would do well to proceed with the Debt Relief Bill and properly shape it into form.

Mr. Munshi added that Moneylenders were not confined to cities, but they were also in rural areas. He considered that Agricultural Debtors' Relief was much more important and should be brought before the House earlier.

CHALLENGE FOR DIVISION

Mr. Parulekar challenged for a division and the motion was carried 72 voted for and 32 against.

The Hon. Mr. Morarji R. Desai, Revenue Minister, moved the second reading of the Bill to amend the Bombay Land Revenue Code, 1879, (as amended by the Select Committee.

Mr. S. V. Parulekar opposed the bill. He said that the Bill as emerged from the Select Committee was such that it would be of no use to the tenants. The land problem could only be solved, if the state levied a nominal tax on all uneconomic holdings of five acres and less; the land revenue should be steeply graded, on the quality of the land and the crops grown. He appealed to the Minister to withdraw the bill.

Mr. S. H. Jhabvala while supporting the bill wished the Government could have gone farther enough to alleviate the agriculturists.

The Hon. Mr. Morarji R. Desai, in his reply, stated that he heard nothing new in the arguments advanced by Mr. Parulekar. The language appeared to be different, but it was all the communist philosophy again with which the majority of the House would not agree. The taxation, he added, was based on the theory that land was a means of production which left more to the person who used it. The land in this country was always presumed to belong to the state, and therefore, the state had always claimed a share in it.

Various suggestions had been made to him for the tackling of this problem. But whatever the Government had done, they had done after mature consideration. It was quite possible that theories might change in the future. People might come to take charge of the Government who would put it on an agricultural income-tax basis.

The discussion of the bill was taken up clause by clause and the first ten clauses were put through and passed, as there were no amendments for them.

But there were fiftytwo amendments tabled for the rest of the clause.—A. P.

RATE PAYERS' GRIEVANCES

Improvements Committee's Move For Redressing Them

A Special Meeting of the Improvements Committee was called on Tuesday when Mr. B. N. Meheshwari, Chairman, referred to the many complaints regarding the delay in the matter of preparation of leases, sanctioning of sitting out places, encroachments, motor garages, revised layouts, gallery projections, completion certificates, etc.

With a view to finding out ways and means as to how best the grievances complained of can be redressed, he said, it would be desirable to hear the representatives of architects, civil engineers and lessees and landlords, when Municipal Officers concerned will also be present.

After discussion, it was Proposed by Mr. Asoka R. Mehta, seconded by Dr. D. T. Anklesaria.

"That further consideration of the question be postponed to a day to be fixed hereafter by the Chairman and the representatives of the Indian Institute of Architects, Indian Institute of Civil Engineers, the Property Owners' Association and the Parsee Engineers and Architects' Union, be invited to attend the meeting and place their views before the Committee.

That in the meanwhile the abovementioned bodies be also requested to communicate to the Committee in writing any difficulties experienced by them in this connection and the suggestions they would like to place before the Committee for their consideration in the matter.

The resolution was carried.

IMPORTANCE OF ADVERTISING FOR NATIONAL INDUSTRIES

Proposal For Special Sub-Committee By Advertising Associates

A Conference of Advertising Associates was held under the auspices of National Chamber of Advertising at the Office of the Chamber at Calcutta. Sjt. Satyandranath Majumdar, Editor, Ananda Bazar Patrika presided. A proposal was moved that the President of the National Planning Committee be approached to consider the formation of a special Sub-Committee to submit proper plans and methods of advertising in respect of the industries under investigation, as without these informations and approximate estimates of expenses of the necessary advertising the planning recommendations are likely to be incomplete.

Syt. Satyandranath Majumdar, Syt. Jatin Bhattacharya and Syt. Bhabani Ray explained the importance of advertising in building national industries and also desired that advertisement should be cultured as an important industry.

Mr. Atul Rai, addressed the gathering making out a strong case in support of the formation of the National Planning Sub-Committee for advertising. A resolution was passed to this effect, and the General Secretary was requested to forward a copy of the resolution to the National Planning Committee.

(Continued from Col. 7).

and are fully prepared to meet any emergency. The workers have been advised by the Labour Union to evolve some scheme of saving money to help them in future which was uncertain.

MRS. KHADIJA TYABJI ELECTED TO LEGISLATURE

Mrs. Khadija Shafi Tyabji has been duly elected in the place of the late Mrs. Faiz Tyabji, whose death caused a vacancy in the Bombay Legislature. There were no other contestants.

ABOLITION OF CLASSIFICATION OF PRISONERS

Mr. Shah's Resolution For Council

Mr. S. H. Shah, M.L.C. has given notice of two resolutions which he intends to move in the Legislative Council which will meet at Poona on August 28.

The first of these resolutions recommends the abolition of the present classification of prisoners into "A", "B" and "C" classes, the setting up of a committee for revising the jail Manual and suggesting ways and means for effecting improvement in the life of the prisoners and the taking of steps to impart elementary education to illiterate prisoners.

The second resolution recommends that Government should stop the payment of grants and allowances and the withdrawal of Inam and Vatan lands that may have been granted to Hindu temples and religious institutions, if before January 1940, they do not extend the same treatment to Harijans as they do to other classes of the Hindu Society.

NON-OFFICIAL BILLS

The following non-official Bills will be moved:—

Mr. S. C. Joshi's Bill to abolish the Khoti system.

Mr. Joshi's Bill to amend the Bombay Hereditary Offices Act.

Mr. Shah's Bill for the Prevention of Caste Tyranny, Bill to amend the law relating to the validity of certain religious and charitable bequests and bequests for public purposes. Bill to prevent the cutting of standing crops, Bill to declare and enact the law relating to divorce and matrimonial cases among Hindus. Bill for the prevention of lotteries and prize competitions.

Only a brush with this big end tuft can reach back into the mouth and clean all around the back teeth.
LOOK— I HAVE A TUFTED Pro-phy-lac-tic JUST LIKE DAD'S— ONLY SMALLER
WHY Pro-phy-lac-tic BRUSHES ARE SO SUPERIOR
1. The big end tuft assures thorough cleansing of back teeth as well as front.
2. The notched surface cleans in between all the teeth—front and back, inside and outside.
3. Brush is welded to handle by special Perma-Grip process.
4. Highest quality—lasts longer—most economical.
Remember—only a brush with a tufted end thoroughly cleans all the teeth.
CHILDREN, TOO, NEED THE COMPLETE TOOTH PROTECTION THAT Pro-phy-lac-tic Perma-Grip ASSURES
● Children and Adults alike need the thorough tooth cleansing properties available only from a brush with a tufted end. That's why Pro-phy-lac-tic Perma-Grip comes in four sizes—Child's, Youth's, Adult's, Extra Large. There is a brush for every person and for every preference, all with the famous Pro-phy-lac-tic end tuft for better cleansing of the teeth. Always sold in the yellow box.
21-A
INSIST UPON Pro-phy-lac-tic Perma-Grip

INDIA Super TYRES

The Tyres that have the Road in their Grip
THE MARK OF SERVICE
The India Super is the finest tyre made, and has earned the title of the "100% Tyre" because of perfection of performance. Maximum silence compatible with safety, and maximum deflection under load—thus ensuring genuine comfort and smooth running—contribute to its 100% BALANCED EFFICIENCY.
THE 100% SUPER CAR TYRE

KASTURBHAI'S RESIGNATION & AFTER

Triumph Of Reactionary Section

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, Aug. 13.

Seth Kasturbhai's resignation was accepted at a general meeting of the Millowners' Association, Ahmedabad, by a bare majority. The discussions were long and heated and lasted for four hours. Seth Haridas has been elected as the new President. All concerned are surprised at the choice of a gentleman who is out of touch with the problems for more than a decade and consider it as a victory for the faction which has more faith in direct action than in constitutional methods and settlement of disputes by negotiations and arbitration. It may be remembered that Seth Kasturbhai had resigned as a protest against the drift towards policy of direct action and non-recognition of the Labour Union by not registering the Millowners' Association under the Bombay Industrial Disputes Act. There is a strong feeling that the new policy of the Association will be stiffer for labour and they will even think of taking advantage of famine conditions. It is probable that they may contemplate closing down some mills to create demoralisation among labour ranks, but the Labour Association, it is understood, is properly watching the situation and will keep up the spirit of the working classes. Some prominent millowners, who declined to vote at the election, may resign from the Association and a split in their ranks would be unavoidable and unbridgeable. Questions regarding registration of the Association under the Bombay Industrial Disputes Act and recognition of the Labour Union has been left to the Managing Committee, which will prepare its recommendations and forward it to the general meeting. City and trade circles view the change of policy with a heavy heart and a foreboding of mischief and struggle and eventual losses. The feeling is that the hot-headed section among the millowners will push forward their reactionary policy.

Inquiries in Labour circles show that they are aware of the significance of this change of attitude

(Continued in Col. 3).

Mainly About Motion Pictures

A Woman Looks At 'Crime' Films

By "J."

(THE CONTROVERSY ABOUT "CRIME" PICTURES WAS CLOSED IN THESE COLUMNS SOME DAYS BACK. THE VIEW-POINT OF "J.", AN EDUCATED YOUNG WOMAN, HOWEVER, DESERVES TO BE SERIOUSLY CONSIDERED.—Editor, "B. C.")

It is a just agitation that has been started against the production of crime films, which are on the increase day by day and are poisoning the minds of millions of our country's illiterate and robbing them of their morals. Every necessary step should be taken to stop producers from creating any more such films which not only disagree with our environments, but are a danger to the moral and social life of the country. I call the production of such films a criminal waste of time, money and energy on the part of the producers, who are responsible for driving the talents and abilities of their employees into wrong channels.

Cine-going is a healthy recreation by which one is able to profit both mentally and morally. Now, what is the value of such recreation if cine-goers are provided with such productions?

What is the producer's motive?

"The Producer Says ...."

I remember some time back arguing this point with one who has family connection with one such film studio.

"Why don't your studios produce decent films?" I questioned.

"Because they are confident of the success of their present type of films."

"But, what is the use? No decent people would go to 'set a thief to catch a thief' sort of films. And why should they go any way only to witness furniture-hurling, tin sword-playing and revolver-revelry? I would not even if I had to pay no money."

"You would not, but there are thousands who are just crazy about 'thrillers' and the producers say their films are so popular with the masses."

"Do you think they would avoid film-going, if you gave them all decent films? I believe it is the producers who are responsible for this 'taste.' Besides there are films which are popular and those are not of the 'crime' variety," I protested.

"Well, but you cannot deny the fact that such films do get them large profits."

So crime-films are made to fill the producers' coffers with gold. And that is why they are providing their ignorant countrymen with cheap excitement in the form of such degrading stuff.

Crime And Women

The women of India are universally acknowledged as modest and virtuous in character, obedient and home-loving. Now, what an abominable type of women of this country do crime films represent? They are shown as first-class criminals, equalling males, cunning, revengeful, vulgar creatures and murdering men without one twinge of guilt. This is the Indian 'woman' I have witnessed on screen in some such films, heard men applauding at some of their clever tricks and felt my whole being revolting against this shameful disregard for the instincts of their own country's women on the part of the producers. And being a woman at the same time, it has tempted me to ask the producers something and it is this:—

How many of your countrywomen are gangsters or playing counter gangsters in company with men?

How many of them are capable of performing all the actions you are showing on the screen?

How many are champions in the art of fencing?

How many have broken from gaol and duped the warders?

How many of them loot houses at night?

How many walk about towns in male attire carrying revolvers?

How many of such women you know in real life acting all the tricks of the trade?

Plain Words

Many of you have often complained that your industry is not supported by the public as it should be.

Do you want our support to allow you to produce crime films, only to raise the standard of crime in this ignorant country? To teach our poverty-stricken millions to ruin themselves and their fellow-beings? To allow you to blot the fair name of India's daughters? To teach our growing generation to become thieves?

No, sir! we cannot allow you and your films to come in the way of our country's progress. You, too, belong to this country and you cannot deny that, then why should you commit a national crime in producing a crime film?

Have you no desire to serve your country?

P. JAIRAJ
as he appears in Prakash's "Bijli," coming to Super.

ROSE and LALA YAQUB in Ranjit's "Adhuri Kahani," coming shortly to West End.

Film Of Bombay's Welcome To Congress President Banned In Indore

(By The "Chronicle" Film Correspondent).

The Indore State authorities have placed a ban on a news-reel showing the Congress President Dr. Rajendra Prasad being welcomed in Bombay.

The topical was made by the Bombay Talkies, Ltd., when Dr. Prasad visited Bombay in the first week of June last, soon after his becoming the President of the Congress.

The ban on this film, which had been advertised for release at an Indore Theatre, has caused widespread surprise, as the reason for it is something of a mystery. The film, which was recently seen in Bombay, records the enthusiastic welcome given by the Bombay public to Dr. Prasad, including a mammoth procession from the Railway Station to the Congress House. But, apart from these innocuous scenes, there is nothing in the film either by way of scene or commentary, that may be construed as subversive of authority. In fact, the film does not carry any commentary at all.

Indore is a major Indian State and comparatively speaking, is a progressive State. And this reactionary attitude towards topical films in this State is commented upon in film circles here as indicative of the handicaps that hinder the expansion of news films in India.

INDIAN FILM INDUSTRY

Through American Eyes!

By E. P. MENON

Unlike the Government of India, the Government of the United States of America takes great interest in the affairs of the Motion Picture Industry and publishes yearly reports of its progress and prospects which are of immense interest to everyone.

The latest Review of Foreign Film Markets issued by the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce of the United States, for instance, contains a section on India which ought to be read with care by everyone connected with film production in this country. It gives us an idea of how our film industry, which has been in the public eye of late, appears to expert Foreign observers. It is worth noting that the authors of the report give statistics about our films of which many, even among our producers and Distributors, are ignorant.

OVER-GENEROUS ESTIMATE

Dealing with production, the report over-generously puts down Rs. 5/- lakhs as the capital of the average Indian concern. "This amount," it continues, "is grossly inadequate for producing pictures on a commercial scale. There are a good many poorly financed companies as contrasted with the powerful corporations of America. No producer of Indian pictures receives any financial assistance from banks; he has to depend on the local usurers, paying interest ranging from 2 to 3 per cent."

Hollywood producers would probably faint if they were told that some of their Indian confreres consider one lakh of Rupees as quite sufficient capital to start a Film Company.

With real financiers coming into film production, Indian film production can hope for a brighter financial future.

TECHNICAL ADVANCE

From the point of view of technique, the report compliments us on the progress made.

"The public has become critical," it says, "and pictures, unless they are well made, are not receiving the expected support. The local technique shows a steady improvement and picture production is gradually assuming a scientific aspect This Indian industry, which in course of time promises to be one of the country's key industries, is now ranked as seventh on the list."

In the opinion of the authors of the report, the market for films in India "is capable of further expansion as the saturation point is not likely to be reached for another two decades." This should put cheer into the hearts of those who look on Indian film production with a pessimistic eye.

VIRGIN FIELD

The report is mildly contemptuous of our educational authorities because of their indifference to visual instruction. It remarks that although the possibilities of cultural development through the medium of the film have definitely begun to be recognised, educational authorities have been slow in applying themselves seriously to the subject. The question is still simmering in their minds as to the practicability of his method of instruction. A good beginning has been made in parts of the country but the field is still virtually virgin for exploitation by foreign films."

"Blackmail" story of the efforts of an escaped prison gang victim to lead a new life under an assumed name, this week entered production at M.-G.-M. with Edward G. Robinson starred and Ruth Hussey as his leading lady

BOMBAY FILM DIARY

CAPITOL: "Mere Lal", sentimental melodrama around family life, featuring Pramila, W. M. Khan and directed by Gunjal, all of "Mother India" fame.

CENTRAL: "Brandi Ki Botal" (Hindustani version) starring Vinayak and Meenakshi. Amusing, instructive, well-produced.

DIAMOND: "Imandar", featuring Anilkumar and Noor Jehan. A "thriller" with a Muslim background.

IMPERIAL: "Sadhana," Sagar film: featuring Shobhana Samarth and Prem Adib, unpretentious but in some ways appealing story of village life and youthful romance. (Fifth week).

KRISHNA: "Sapera", New Theatres' film: directed by Devki Bose; starring Nawab, Kanaubala, Pahari Sanyal, Prithviraj, K. C. Dey, etc. Music by Boral (Seventh week).

NAWAB

LAMINGTON: "Punjab Mail", Wadia thriller; featuring Nadia, Sarita Devi, John Cavas Sardar Mansoor, etc. Slap-stick and stunts! (Sixth week).

MAJESTIC: "Netaji Palkar" (Marathi) patriotic drama round Shivaji's life; featuring Lalita Pawar and Vithal.

OPERA HOUSE: "Sant Tulsidas" Ranjit's outstanding production in Marathi; starring Pagnis, Leela Chitnis, Vasantee, Datey, etc. Ideal entertainment for devotional - minded Maharashtrians, (Eighth week).

VASANTEE

ROXY: "Durga", Bombay Talkies' latest: starring Devika Rani with Rama Shukul, notable for Devika Rani's acting and fine rural background. Must be seen. (Seventh Week).

HANSA

WEST END: "My Eyes", featuring Mazhar Khan, Khurshid and Sitara. Average entertainment, "popular" stunt element and dashes of real good drama. (Fifth week).

NEW GRETA GARBO FILM IN PRODUCTION AT M-G-M

Ninotschka, Greta Garbo's new starring picture for Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer, has gone into production. This film, directed by Earnst Lubitsch, and based on an original story for the screen by Melchoir Lengyl, marks Miss Garbo's first role since Marie Walewaska, Melvyn Douglas and Ina-Claire have the leading roles in support of the star, and the cast includes Sigmund Rumann, Gregory Gaye, Paul Ellis, Rolfe Sedan and Felix Bressart. Sidney Franklin is the producer of Ninotchka.

IN FRONT OF LONDON STUDIO

Indian Extras' Demands

LONDON, (By Mail.)

Film actors and technicians on their way to work at Denham Film Studios, Buckinghamshire, found bearded and turbanned members of the Oriental Film Artistes' Union holding a demonstration outside the studio. Most of the demonstrators were Indians.

Posters they were displaying read: "Down with Exploitation" and "Support Trade Union Agency". Every few minutes they shouted in chorus "Rishrat barbad!" (Down with bribery!). Pickets on the gates handed leaflets to the studio workers as they went in.

The O. F. A. U. is claiming that its members should be employed in the making of the film "The Thief of Bagdad," now in production at the studios.

Both London Film, and Alexander Korda Films, which succeeded the earlier company, have given repeated assurances that they would give the members of the union a chance next time Oriental extras were required, the general secretary of the union, Mr. S. Alley, told the "Daily Worker".

When "The Thief of Bagdad" went into production, however, not one of the hundreds of Oriental extras employed was engaged through the Union; all were engaged through Shah Bros., the commercial concern who have hitherto had a monopoly of the supply of Oriental extras.

MANAGER'S LETTER

On March 2 of this year, in reply to a letter from the union, the production manager wrote that "you can rest assured that your organisation will be borne in mind whenever it may appear that its services can be utilised."

Further letters were exchanged, and at an interview on June 13 the production manager assured Mr. Alley once more that they would give the O. F. A. U., a chance on the film "The Thief of Bagdad." This undertaking, says Mr. Alley, has not been adhered to.

The union only asks five per cent. of artistes' salaries as commission for placing them, as compared with the ten per cent. charged by Shah Bros., and other commercial concerns, and it hopes to dispense with commission altogether when it is financially and organisationally strong enough.

NOT SATISFIED

Moreover, the union is by no means satisfied with the way the Shah agency treats its clients.

Mr. Ward, an official of the studio, told the "Daily Worker" that members of the union had the same chance as anybody else, but that they would only be considered if they applied through the Shah agency. The undertaking to consider the union when Oriental extras were needed, he said, was only intended to apply if the Shah agency could not supply all the extras they wanted.

It was not their practice to use unions as agencies.

"We will keep on demonstrating until our demands are met," said Mr. A. Khan president of the Union, to the "Daily Worker".

—"DAILY WORKER."

JEANETTE RETURNS

Returned from a concert tour which covered twenty-one cities of the United States, Jeanette MacDonald this week announced that next year she will extend her tour to cover thirty of the large cities. The star's next M.-G.-M. picture will be a musical adaptation of "Smilin' Through."

'Only Way' Censored —And Other News!

By "STUDIO SPY"

The Government of Punjab have cut down portions of the Sagar film "The Only Way," which recently concluded its first run in Bombay. WHY?

In the course of the film, it will be recalled by those who have seen it, the Indian soldiers are shown fighting in the Great War. Here and there a pacifist and anti-war touch was sought to be given to the drama by showing the gruesome reality of modern warfare and some of the dialogues made the soldiers wonder why they had gone there to fight a war in which they had no interest whatsoever.

These scenes, it appears, have now been deleted by the Punjab censors. Enquiries made at the Sagar Studio elicited the information that the "scissored" portion was only seventeen feet.

Why were the Punjab authorities so worried about what were, at best, luke-warm anti-war scenes? Is it because there is another war threatened in Europe and once again Indian soldiers may be sent to defend Britain's empire?

Those seven new films I wrote about last week may not after all arrive together. "Durga" is doing well at Roxy and so "Kapal Kundala" has to be kept waiting. Minerva Theatre is being renovated to welcome the Emperor Jehangir and Empress Nur Jehan in "Pukar." Probably the first picture, among those seven, that we will see is "Adhuri Kahani", the Ranjit production coming to West End on the 26th instant. "Admi" at Central, "As You Please" at Imperial and "Comrades" at Pathe may follow close on its heels. In any case, within the next few days we will definitely know the release dates of all these pictures.

Pendharkar "In Search Of Happiness"

One more name should be added to this list of impending releases. I hear from Kolhapur that at Huns Studios they have completed "In Search of Happiness," starring Baburao Pendharkar with Meenakshi, Usha, Malvankar etc., and directed by P. Y. Altekar.

KANAIYALAL
as the Village Chief in "Sadhana" at Imperial.

Monsoon Activity

There was a time when, for lack of weather-proof sound stages, the Indian film industry used to go to sleep during monsoon months. To-day, however, practically every studio is working at full swing (you might, of course, ask: Where is the monsoon, any way?) Here is a brief glimpse of production activities:—

BHARAT LAXMI (Calcutta)—"Matwali Meera" (Hindustani and Punjabi) featuring Mukhtar Begum and Nissar, under production.

BOMBAY TALKIES—Leela Chitnis, Ashok Kumar and Mubarak on the 'sets' of their latest production, expected to be completed before the end of September.

DEB DUTT (Calcutta)—"Rukmini", a costume picture with a mythological touch, featuring Nimbalkar, Muzammil, Ansari, Purna Chowdhary and Panna, nearing completion.

HUNS (Kolhapur)—Director Winayak is going on the 'sets' with his new film "The Better-Half" (by Principal Atre).

MINERVA—"Pukar" is practically complete. Jagirdar is shooting "Main Hari."

NATIONAL STUDIOS—Virendra Desai has started a new story (by Zia Sarhadi), Nandlal will start another this week (story by Aghajani Kashmiri).

NEW THEATRES (Calcutta)—Nitin Bose's "Jivan Maran" (Bengali) is complete, Barna's "Rajat Jyanti" (Bengali) is released, "Kapal Kundala" is coming and Hem Chander's "Jawani Ki Reet" is under production.

PRABHAT (Poona)—"Admi" is coming, "Dhnaneshwar" (Marathi) under production.

PRAKASH—"Bijli" (Jairaj and Pramila) nearing completion.

SAGAR—Thakore's "Civil Marriage" and Zia Sarhadi's "Bhole Bhale" nearing completion.

SPEEDING UP WORK ON "GONE WITH THE WIND"

With Victor Fleming and Sam Wood directing independently, two first units have gone into production on Selznick International's "Gone With The Wind", which Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer will release. Wood handled the directorial assignment on the picture temporarily while Fleming was ill.

A third unit, directed by William Cameron Menzies, will continue shooting montage sequences and atmospheric scenes.

Sequences in which Clark Gable and Vivien Leigh do not appear together will be shot simultaneously by the two directors, each with one of the stars of the picture.

WINAYAK in a scene from "Brandi Ki Botal" (Hindustani), at Central.

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MINORITY RIGHTS UNDER DEMOCRACY

Independent Thinking Should Not Be Defiance Of Law, Says R P Masani

ADVICE TO NEW GRADUATES: ATTACK ON DICTATORSHIP

"THE FACT THAT THE CONSCIENCE OF THE MAJORITY IS IN TUNE WITH THE LAW, OUGHT TO SILENCE ALL FURTHER OPPOSITION. ONCE IT IS PUT ON THE STATUTE BOOK, OTHERWISE DEMOCRACY BECOMES A MOCKERY. DISAPPROVAL OF THE ACTION OF THE MAJORITY SHOULD NOT BE ALLOWED TO STIFLE ONE'S SENSE OF PROPRIETY.

"Agitate, But ...."

"AGITATE BY ALL MEANS WHENEVER NECESSARY, BUT DO NOT JOIN THOSE WHO, ON SUCH OCCASIONS, GIVE SHOCKING DEMONSTRATIONS OF UNABASHED ADULT INDIVIDUALISM, OPPORTUNISM AND ROWDYISM.

Self-Expression

"THE RIGHT OF 'SELF-EXPRESSION' IS URGED BY THEM IN SELF-DEFENCE, BUT THE 'SELF' IS NOT WORTH EXPRESSING OR DEFENDING UNLESS SELF-MASTERY COMES FIRST."

This was the advice given by Mr. R. P. Masani, Vice-Chancellor, in the course of his address at the Convocation, held on Tuesday evening.

Over 2,000 New Graduates

His Excellency Sir Roger Lumley, the Chancellor of University, presided and conferred degrees on as many as 2,186 new Graduates, including 204 ladies and gave away the medals and prizes.

The Various Degrees

The numbers of those who received the various degrees are as follows:—

B.A. 1075; B.Com. 66; B.T. 105; M.A. 129; M.Ed. 2; D.Litt. 1; B.Sc. 361; M.Sc. 27; B.Ag. 4; B.Sc. (Agri.) 14; B.E. 60; B.Sc. (Tech.) 10; LL.B 184; LL.M. 2; M.B.B.S. 112; D.O. 2; B.Hy. 1; M.D. 4; M.S. 2; Ph.D. 4; D.Sc. 1.

CONVOCATION ADDRESS

Mr. R. P. Masani in the course of his convocation address said:—

"Twelve months have rolled by since the date of the last Convocation twelve months of alarums and excursions unprecedented in history. Never before was the world on notice, for so long a time, of the threat of war hanging over it; never before was it so disordered and distraught. A regular epidemic of race arrogance and race antagonism, envy, hatred and lust of power has spread over some of the most advanced countries, undermining the basis of civilized society and free association of scholars, and shattering all hope of enlightened adaptability and harmony essential for world-fellowship and cultural co-operation."

TRUTH SUBORDINATED TO POLITICS

"Into the serene atmosphere of a University the heated air of politics should not enter. In the Totalitarian States, however, even the academic atmosphere is politicized. The humanistic ideal of c has given place to an anti-social political ideal, called national. In pursuance of that ideal the university curriculum has been remodelled to suit what is introduced as the new "ideology", and to meet what are called national needs. The realm of science knows no territorial or national boundaries; but in the mad world of to-day even science loses its international character. "In reality", says one of the exponents of the new ideology, "science, like every other human product, is racial and conditioned by blood." Hence the title of his book, "Deutsche Physik." The doctrine that all learning must be subordinated to the pressing needs of national life makes the universities mere tools in the hands of the dictators of the hour. The professors and the pupils are but pawns in the intriguing game of politics. Owing allegiance only to pure science and learning, the German Universities were once noted for their detachment from any particular creed or school of thought. They recognized no master other than Truth. What a fall for these and other seats of learning in Europe, those citadels of truth, those bulwarks of civilization!"

Proceeding Mr. Masani said:—

"Our educational institutions are, happily, free from the domination of ministries of "enlightenment" revelling in the doctrine of control of thought, regulation of reason, regimentation of studies and annihilation of public opinion. Nevertheless, may I, as one who has throughout his life refused to be drawn into the vortex of party politics, as one who is merely interested in securing the proper academic atmosphere for the upbringing of the youth of our country, ask those people who have been incessantly preaching the puny gospel of communalism, whether the juvenile population of India is not also in danger of being similarly influenced by perverted notions, lowering the ideals of education and civilization?

DANGER OF HASTY REFORMS

We have also to beware of another danger threatening the intellectual development of the rising generation—the danger of revolutionary changes in the system of education and curricula of studies in moments of feverish enthusiasm for reform. With the introduction of Provincial Autonomy in India there has been a welcome change in the outlook of Provincial Governments on educational problems. Their enthusiasm is reflected in the general demand for radical changes in the matter as well as the manner of education. Before, however, the existing structure is pulled down, there should be a well thought-out plan of the edifice proposed to be reared in its place. This essential condition of reform has not been overlooked by the Bombay Government.

"The latest proposals for reform in secondary schools contemplate a lower secondary stage with compulsory manual training, and a higher secondary stage preparatory both for the universities and for vocational work, to be provided for in "intermediate colleges." I for one would welcome any reform that might be agreed upon on these lines.

Meanwhile, the Government of Bombay have decided to hold a separate competitive examination for entrance into Government service. If this examination could be popularised as an examination for a school leaving certificate, the complaint that the Matriculation has grown unwieldy and become an incubus upon the life of the school should disappear.

The University would then be concerned only about the schools preparing students for its entrance examination. On the question of supervision of such schools we have had an argument with Government. We have also our differences with Government on the question of amendment of the University Act regarding the constitution and administration of the Senate and other matters. As a result of recent negotiations, however, I visualize a satisfactory settlement."

EXPANSION SCHEMES

"Other important reforms are also under consideration; but I shall merely refer briefly to our programme of expansion. We have been evolving schemes for extending the activities of the University so as to bring it more in touch with the life of the people Statutes for instituting extension courses in Political Theory, Public Administration, Civics, Psychology, Language and Literature, Art, Journalism and other subjects for the benefit of those who are unable, for financial or other reasons, to pursue the university courses leading to degrees, will shortly be placed before the Senate. Meanwhile a Diploma in Teaching has been instituted and a Statute authorizing the institution of a Diploma in Music is awaiting the sanction of the Chancellor. The question of giving diplomas in Painting and Architecture is also under consideration. I hope this will correct the impression outside that Fine Arts are the Cinderella of this University."

"Research is the soul of university education. Not infrequently it adds to the enormous debris of useless knowledge. This, I hope, will never be said of our University Department of Chemical Technology. Every item of research carried out by its staff and students will add to the store of scientific knowledge and the wealth of the country. We are grateful to the present trustees of the Will of the late Mr. P. G Singhanee for their munificent donation of Rs 12 lakhs for this Department. May I also take this opportunity to say that, indebted as we are to Mr. V N. Chandavarkar for his splendid services as Vice-Chancellor during the last six years, he has a special claim on our gratitude for all that he has done to secure financial assistance for this Department and to place it on a stable basis?"

"Two other schemes for postgraduate studies have been engaging our attention for some time, one for a postgraduate department of Psychology and Education, and the other for a postgraduate department of Mathematics. We could embark on such schemes only on the supposition that public support would be forthcoming, and I venture to suggest that there can be no better outlet for the stream of benevolence of the public-spirited citizens of the Province than one of the departments of the University, from which generations of students will draw instruction and inspiration for the moral and material progress of their country."

BREAD VERSUS CULTURE

Dealing with the question of the reforms in University education Mr Masani said:—

"The object of higher education is primarily to prepare students for life and only incidentally for livelihood. I know that there is a difference of opinion on this point. Some hold that the practical necessities of life should take precedence of the intellectual. Others would subordinate "bread and butter studies" to cultural courses. Lord Brougham looked forward to the day when the poor man in England, after the labour of the day, would refresh himself by reading Bacon. Much more to the purpose, said William Cobbet, if the time came when every man in England would eat bacon. Most of the people who now demand a radical change in the existing system of education in India would, it seems, be content, if we could agree upon a system of education which would enable every man in India to earn his bread, and stand erect on his own feet. As a matter of fact, broadly speaking, the bulk of university teaching is vocational. Students join colleges with liberal professions in mind. The cry now is to prepare them for all sorts of crafts and small industries. We should be mindful, however, of the difference between preparing for life and preparing for livelihood. It would be fatal if the distinction between a University and a Technical Institute were blurred."

"The highest gift which a University can impart to you is that disciplined thinking and understanding which go to form not only a strong character, and it is character, singleness of purpose and manly spirit more than the ability to win a prize, or to secure a degree or a diploma, that count. Your presence, your manners, your outlook on life, your attitude towards your neighbours, your ability to do your work efficiently and, above all, your reputation for independence and integrity—these will bring you success in life, and, more than success, the respect of society, wherever you are placed."

"You are going out into the world at a time when India has arrived at a very critical stage in her political evolution. Vital decisions will have to be taken shortly; widely divergent views will have to be adjusted; heterogeneous elements of the vast population welded into a unified nation. What does the public expect you to do to facilitate the transition to the new order? It expects you to show a true sense of values, values which constitute the grace of life, and to bring disciplined reasoning and sound judgment to bear on the complicated problems that will arise. Indeed, what India needs to-day is a growing class of intelligent, independent, high-toned men and women who can see clearly for themselves what is to be urged on both sides of a question and be helpful in promoting mutual understanding and creating an informed public opinion.

All education is valueless if students are not trained to correct modes of thinking and ratiocination. Our Colleges, however, do not appear to attach sufficient importance to this aspect of academic training. Instead, of making it a point to encourage independent thinking and sound judgment, not a few professors expect that their pupils should be uncritically susceptible to their views! An amusing illustration of such a tendency is given by Sir Philip Hartog. He once asked a candidate for a university post at Dacca: "If, after hearing your lecture on an admittedly controversial subject, a student comes to you and says, 'I am sorry, Sir, I do not share your views. I think so and so,' what would you say to him?" The candidate replied: "I would tell the student that he had no right to an opinion of his own: he should sit at the feet of his teacher." This reply proved fatal to his candidature.

When I plead for cultivation of powers of independent thought, please do not run away with the idea that you can afford to ignore the opinion of teachers or enlightened writers or leaders of thought. We all need guidance from them, but in selecting your guides you should exercise a wise discrimination. "There are many echoes in the world," says Goethe, "but few voices." Do not take the echoes for the voices. Within the time allotted to you make the most of the company of great minds.

WHY OBEY?

Dealing with the threat of certain people to disobey the Prohibition law of the Bombay Government Mr. Masani said:—

"Independent thinking should not be confused with defiance of authority or resistance to law. "Why should I obey?" is the question now on the lips of some people who are in revolt against the policy of Prohibition initiated by the Bombay Government. Without entering into the merits or demerits of the action taken by Government, without disputing the right of a free citizen to protest against any measure with which he is not in agreement, may I call attention to the fundamental considerations out of which springs the obligation to obey law? Of the individual member of society who frets under the new enactment, may I ask: Whence have you acquired that strong sense of personality which now asserts itself in opposition to law? Does it not come from your corporate life, from your identification with the entire community? Has not your country enhanced your personal value and conferred on you the rights of citizenship?

"A man's relations to his fellows are not addenda to his personality," said Professor Henry Jones, forty-one years ago, in an article on "Social and Individual Evolution in the New World", "but are the inmost content and reality of it. He cannot act as a rational being, nor be a rational being, except by incorporating them. Man grows as an individual, he deepens his private personality, by understanding the social medium, by making its knowledge his knowledge, by converting its higher tendencies into his rational purpose." Herein lies the justification of the claim of the law upon the conscience of all the members of a civilized society whose legislature functions on a democratic basis. The laws it passes merely express the people's own sense of responsibility for their own lives and conduct. In obeying them, a member of a democratic society merely obeys his own self.

CONSCIENCE OR LAW?

"There are occasions, however, when the law overrides one's conscience instead of being in harmony with it. The question arises: How are the rights of the majority to be reconciled with those of a minority? Ordinarily, the majority has the right to demand that it should be allowed to give effect to its policy and decisions. It is, no doubt, likely to commit mistakes, but to it alone, and not to any self-constituted authority, can the right to make mistakes be conceded. Any other theory of Government would mean coercion or frustration of the majority by a smaller group or groups.

At the same time, the minority has the right to convert the majority to its point of view. This it can do by persuasion, or agitation, meanwhile bowing to the will of the majority, or, in rare cases, even by resisting the law. As in other matters, so in law, there are certain objective standards of right and wrong. If, for instance, the majority seeks to impose its will on the minority by restraining the freedom of the people to hold meetings, or to make speeches, or to oppose in the public press the policy of the authorities for the time being, the resistance of the minority may take the form of a breach of law.

If, to take another instance, a law is so outrageous as to offend one's sense of ethical values or to undermine the basis of society, one would expect an educated and intelligent body of citizens to offer resolute resistance. Such cases are, however, rare, and it would, surely, be wrong to include in this category social legislation for the protection of people from the ruinous consequences of social scourges. It is, no doubt, easy on such occasions for individuals to cry that civil liberty is in danger and to condemn the law as unjust because their personal will, bent on individual self-interest or self-indulgence, conflicts with the higher social will. But they know that they cannot in conscience repudiate it. Such legislation may be an unnecessary nuisance; it may seem fantastic and unworkable: it may even be objectionable on grounds of public policy or individual freedom, but it is certainly not something ethically obnoxious or politically outrageous, which one would justifiably refuse to obey as being repugnant to one's conscience, or fatal to the integrity of free citizenship."

"The fact that the conscience of the majority is in tune with the law ought to silence all further opposition once it is put on the Statute Book. Otherwise, democracy becomes a mockery. Democracy, I need not tell you, presupposes a sense of solidarity and loyalty to common interests strong enough to admit of the decision of the majority being peacefully accepted. **My young friends, I appeal to you to-day, in the name of our "Alma Mater", in the name of our country, in the name of all that is dear to you, to raise that sense of solidarity to a sort of religion and that sense of loyalty to a sort of spiritual faith.** May I also appeal to you to remember always that disapproval of the action of the majority should not be allowed to stifle one's sense of propriety. Agitate by all means, whenever necessary, but do not join those who, on such occasions, give shocking demonstrations of unabashed adult individualism, opportunism and rowdyism. The right of "self-expression" is urged by them in self-defence, but the self is not worth expressing or defending unless self-mastery comes first."

In conclusion Mr. Masani exhorted the students to take up some form of social service. In particular he urged them to assist in the work of spreading literacy among the masses.

LUCKNOW, Aug. 15.

News just received from Muttra states that three persons were killed and about fifty injured when the roof of a house in Swamighat Mohalla collapsed on a large number of people witnessing a dramatic performance.

Eight of the injured persons were admitted into hospital in a precarious condition.—United Press.

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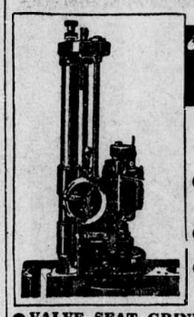

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ROVERS CUP: SECOND ROUND

Luck Deserts Bangalore Team

Maharaja's Socials Out Of Rovers Cup Championships

Rain Helps K. O. R. R. To Score Flukish Victory Over Cleverer Side

K. O. R. R. - - - - - - - - - - - - - - 2
(McLoughlan and Abbott).
MAHARAJA'S SOCIALS - - - - - - - - - - - - 1
(Subhan).

Luck was all on the side of the King's Own Royal Regiment (Madras), when they scraped through their second round encounter in the All-India Rovers Tournament against a much-fancied civilian side from Bangalore, the Maharaja's Socials, defeating the latter by the odd goal in three, on the Cooperage ground last evening.

Socials'—Cleverer Side

Though the honours went to the soldiers as far as the ultimate issue is concerned, there cannot be the slightest doubt as to who carried off the honours as far as the game and its finer points went.

Much the cleverer side, the Socials outshone their military rivals completely in the earlier stages of the game, the neat dribbling and crisp passing of the Bangalore team being a treat to watch.

Whereas the civilians revelled in the essentially dry and hard ground game of tap-and-dribble the soldiers from the very outset resorted to the less spectacular and more business-like kick-and-run tactics.

After the Bangalore team had through sheer bad luck, seen a series of sitters 'go west', the King's Own, made capital of this to make their opportunist methods pay by snatching an unexpected and on the run of play ill-deserved lead through McLoughlan. The soldiers' right-winger picking up a stray pivotal pass sprinted down the gallery in determined style and eluding Srinavasan beat Dhanraji all ends up with a deceptive rising half-volley into the near corner of the net, just five minutes before recess. (1—0). The sides changed ends at this score.

Rain Helps Soldiers

Early on resumption, a short-lived but sharp shower made ground conditions obviously disconsolating for the bare-footed team, who seemed to be gradually giving away under continuous gloomy spell of rotten luck. Unable to find their feet on the eclish grass surface, the Socials involuntarily resorted to futile mid-field dilly-dallying.

The military team, on the other hand, encouraged by their early lead by the rain which further paved the way for their more robust game of long swinging passes culminating in clever drop shots in the advantage area. When Abbott connected nicely with a perfect header, a well-timed centre by McLoughlan to increase the soldiers' lead in the 17th minute after resumption, the fate of the Socials seemed to be well-nigh sealed. This was further evident when the letter now pinned their faith in more desperate methods, leaving their scientific pattern-weaving of the earlier half, for a kick-and-run to the goal at all costs procedure.

Luck Deserts Civilians

It was indeed a pity to see such a clever and potential side falling to pieces under pressure of a series of misfortunes and 'post-repented' blunders. Just four minutes before the final whistle, however, the Socials were awarded a corner and in the ensuing scrimmage off the resultant flag-kick, Subhan headed in from close-range to suddenly put life into the game. (2—1).

The civilians now went all out for the equalizer and were distinctly unlucky not to get the same when just a couple of minutes before close Rathan narrowly missed finding the mark, his magnificent long-range corner drive just sailing over.

The final whistle saw a really brilliant side making an undeserved exit from the Championships under singularly unfortunate game' circumstances. At any rate Tuesday is certainly not the Socials' lucky day!

Result

K. O. R. R. (Madras) 2 goals
MAHARAJA'S SOCIALS (Bangalore) 1 goal

The teams were:

KING'S OWN ROYAL REGIMENT: Roberts, Ormes and Astom, Lyons, Rigg and Charnley, McLoughlan, Woods, Abbott, Rogers and Hitchens.

MAHARAJA'S SOCIALS: Dhanraji, Yellappa and Srinavasan, Najumda, Chinnasami and Govindan, Shah, Saminatham, Najumda (senior), Subhan and Rathan.

REFEREE: Mr. Ridley.

Exhibition Match

Earlier in the evening the Howrah Dist. F. C. who have put in a strong combination for the All-India Rovers Tournament, gave an initial demonstration of their prowess when they accounted for the 3rd Field Regt. by two clear goals.

Result

HOWRAH DISTRICT F.A. 2 goals
3RD. FIELD RGT. R. A. Nil

The teams were:

HOWRAH DISTRICT F.A.: B. Sarkar, K. Banerji and Rahman, P. Mitter, Narsima and Rangnathan, Krishna, S. Mitter, P. Banerji, Jumman and S. Tat.

3RD FIELD RGT. R. A.: Bonsor, Bradford and Cheese, Compton, Fahy and Williams, Patterson, Parker, Geary, McFarlane and Chapman.

To-day's Match: (Charity) (Cooperage)

6 p.m. Indians v. Civilians and Army.

Mrs. Noguer (left) who annexed the Women's singles title in the B.P.A.O. Badminton Championships defeating Mrs. Kania (right) in the final.

GLOUCESTER DEFEAT W. INDIES

Hutton's 5 For 58 Brings Yorkshire Victory

LONDON: August 15.

The following are the results of County cricket matches which began on Saturday:—

HAMPSHIRE V. LEICESTERSHIRE:—Hampshire won by 177 runs. Hants 285 and 245 for 7, declared. Leicestershire 189 and 164 (Armstrong 72 not out, Heath 4 for 31, Knott 4 for 44).

SOMERSET V. GLAMORGAN:—Glamorgan won by 2 wickets. Somerset 127 and 201. Glamorgan 151 and 179 for 8 (Dyson 90, not out, Andres 5 for 64).

YORKSHIRE V. WORCESTERSHIRE:—Yorks won by 89 runs. Yorks 171 and 309. Worcester 194 and 197 (Littleton 56, Hutton 5 for 58).

GLOUCESTER V. WEST INDIES:—Gloucester won by 7 wickets. West Indies 162 and 220. Gloucester 152 and 231 for 3 (Emmett 84, Neale 70).

SURREY V. MIDDLESEX:—Surrey won by 8 wickets. Middlesex 217 and 223. Surrey 272 and 171 for 2 (Fishlock 71, Gregory 72).

SUSSEX V. KENT:—Kent won by 106 runs. Kent 440 for 8 declared and 223 for 4 declared. Sussex 161 and 364 (John Langridge 141, Cox 82, Wright 4 for 125).—Reuter.

100 Catches In Tests!

W. R. Hammond, who created a unique record at Old Trafford in the Second Test against West Indies, when he took his 100th catch in Test cricket.

Back To Old Trafford

ITEMS OF SPECIAL INTEREST IN LAST TEST

Walter Hammond's Unique Record Of 100 Catches In Test Cricket

Commenting on the Old Trafford Test E. L. Roberts writes:

There were four special items of interest in the Second Test Match.

1.—For the first time in a Test Match in this country a side declared each of its innings. The only other instance in Test cricket occurred at Sydney in 1931 when G. C. Grant declared both the West Indies innings and by so doing won the fifth Test Match against Australia.

2.—L. N. Constantine took his fiftieth wicket in Test cricket, being the first West Indian bowler to do so.

3.—In his first three innings in Test cricket Wood had only one partner—Hardstaff. This fact might be added to the curiosities of cricket.

4.—W. R. Hammond made his 100th catch in Test cricket, a record quite unlikely to be equalled as his nearest contemporaries are S. J. McCabe 42, and B. Mitchell 40. Hammond's "bag" has been collected in 76 Tests, the distribution being 37 catches v. Australia, 30 v. South Africa, 21 v. West Indies, 8 v. New Zealand and 4 v. India. To round off a wonderful record, Hammond really should make a serious effort to take the 17 wickets required to complete his 100 wickets in Test Cricket.

BILLYCONN WINS NON-TITLE BOUT

PHILADELPHIA, August 15.

In a ten rounds non-title combat Billyconn, recognised in America as the world's Lightheavy-Weight Champion, beat Gusdorazio on a technical knockout in the eighth round. The referee intervened after one minute fifty-two seconds.—Reuter.

NORTHAMPTONSHIRE V. WARWICKSHIRE:—Warwickshire won on first innings. Warwickshire 371 for 4, declared and 200 for 4 (Croom 110 not out). Northants 357 (Merritt 53 not out, Hollies 7 for 119).

NOTTINGHAMSHIRE V. LANCASHIRE:—Lancs won by 6 wickets. Notts 237 and 234 (Gunn 63, Phillipson 7 for 55). Lancs 149 and 323 for 4 (Washbrook 81, Paynter 154).

Hammond Completes 2,000 Runs

Hammond who remained not out with 33 completed 2,000 runs of the season.

John Langridge played a faultless innings which lasted 225 minutes, his score including two sixes and 13 fours.

Cox batted for 2 hours and reached the boundary 10 times.

Leg-breaks were a feature of Hutton's well-controlled bowling.

Armstrong batted for 140 minutes and had 7 fours in his score.

Nottinghamshire lost the last 6 wickets for 29 runs. Phillipson took in a spell 4 wickets for 14 runs.—Reuter.

MODERNISATION OF AUSTRALIAN CRUISERS

MELBOURNE, August 15.

Modernisation of the cruiser "Australia" at a cost of 6,50,000 sterling, giving a big increase to fire-power will begin immediately, according to announcement of the Defence Minister, Mr. Street. The cruiser "Canberra" will be similarly modernised later.—Reuter.

NEW BREAST-STROKE RECORD

ROTTERDAM, Aug 14.

Miss Heeselaars (Holland) created a hundred yards breast-stroke record in one minute 15 6 seconds. Miss Dillard (United States) is the previous best: 1 minute, 16,6 seconds.—Reuter.

ASKED TO BOWL 3 CONSECUTIVE OVERS!

The Rev. H. Highley has favoured us with a curious cricket reminiscence. He writes: "At the beginning of my first term in Whitelaw's House I was put down to play in the 4th House XI—Three Belows I think we called it. We played on an odd bit of ground amid the elm trees close to the chapel, I was honoured by being asked to bowl the first over, and on getting two wickets, was, to my amazement, asked to continue at the other end where I got four wickets. The elated skipper pushed me back to my first end and the remaining four wickets fell in the third over—10 wickets in the only three overs bowled. It was really nothing to write about for the opposing batsmen under no circumstances would have played if cricket had not been compulsory. I mention this incident because I want to know whether it was contrary to the Laws of Cricket for a bowler "in those days" to bowl three consecutive overs".

In the present Laws of Cricket Law 14 definitely states that a bowler cannot bowl two overs consecutively in the same innings, but in the seventies it was permissible to bowl "two" overs in succession.—"The Cricketer".

THE ECCENTRIC BAIL!

In a recent match at Bulwer, Natal, a batsman was bowled by a fastish ball which removed the leg-stump from the ground. Only one ball was displaced and this finished up on end in the stump hole.

AN APPEAL TO W. I. F. A.

Help Famine-Stricken People Of Gujarat, Cutch & Kathiawar

Mr. M. D. Nassur writes:

The Western India Football Association are contemplating to hold a match at the Cooperage for the benefit of the Poppy Day Appeal Fund.

The present hair-raising condition of Cutch, Kathiawar and Gujarat owing to famine needs an urgent monetary support. During the last week alone 40,000 cattle have died for want of fodder. The scarcity of food has compelled those starving to daylight robbery of foodstuff.

May I therefore request those concerned to send the proceeds for the benefit of the more deserving people who are starving to death? This will receive wholehearted support of the public and the blessings from the suffering multitudes. The authorities can arrange any other to raise funds for the Poppy Day Appeal Fund as the famine stricken areas are more urgently in need of funds than the former.

If it is too late for the authorities to alter their decision then it will be most welcome to arrange another match at no distant date for the benefit of the above mentioned famine stricken places.

Cricket

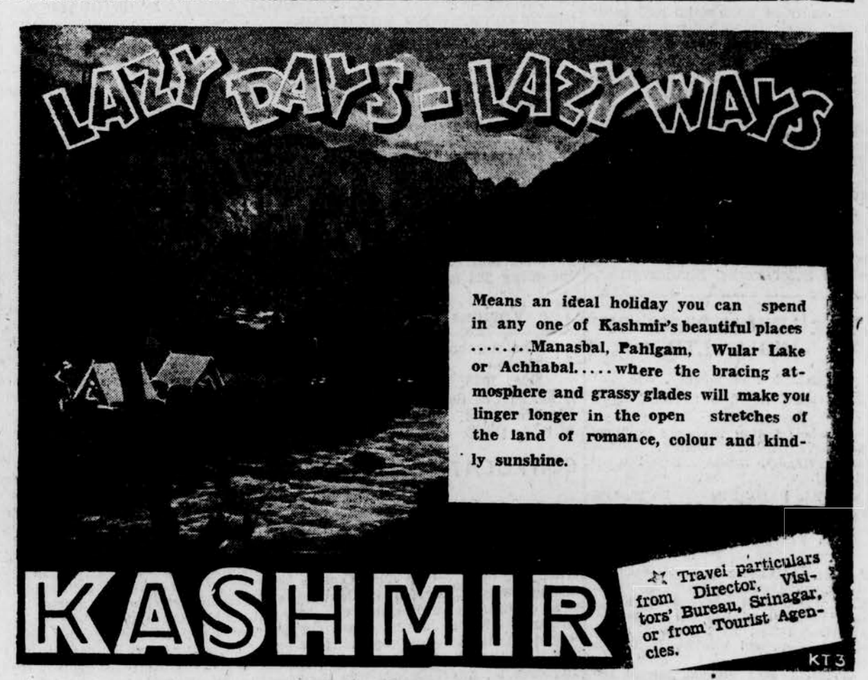
HOBBS TO LEAD INTERESTING SIDE AGAINST W. INDIES

Woolley, Hendren, Tate, Larwood, Duckworth And Sandham Among Players

LONDON

J. B. Hobbs, the great Surrey and England bat, has got together a strong, and 'interesting' side for W. E. Butlin, who has arranged a match against the West Indies at Skegness on September 2 and 4. The following comprise the side:

Hobbs (Captain), Woolley (F. E.), Hendren, Tate, Larwood, Duckworth, Sandham, Worthington, Mitchell (T. B.), Squires and Watts.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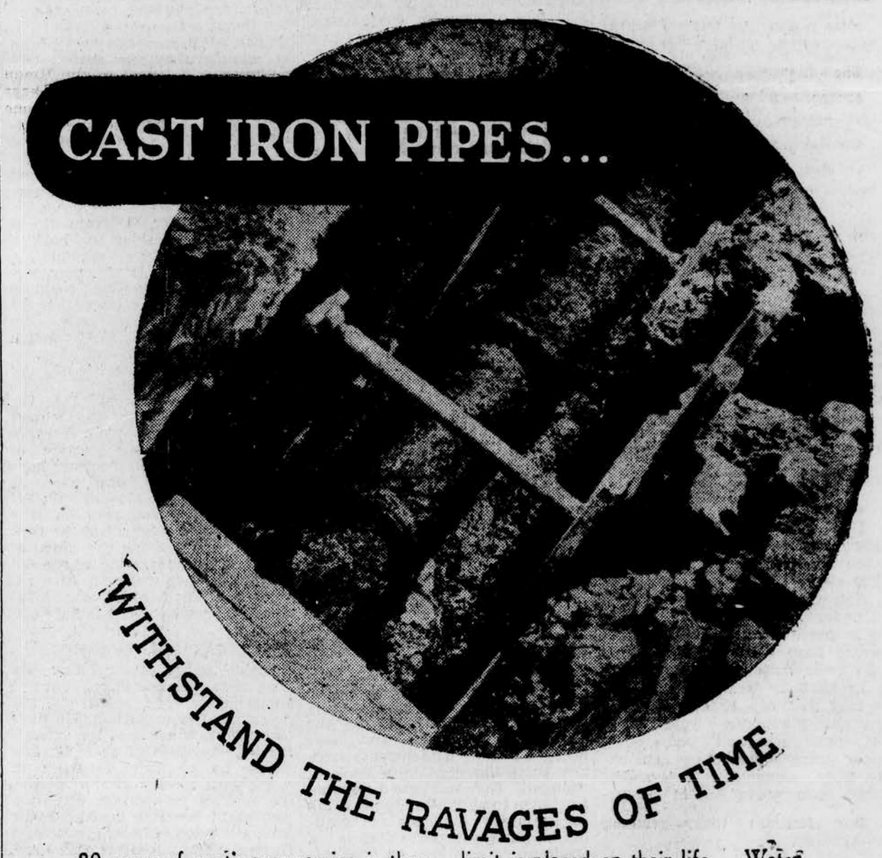

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FUTURE OF 'DECCAN CHRONICLE'

Negotiation With Residency Authorities

(From A Correspondent)

SECUNDERABAD (By Mail), The permission for publishing the "Deccan Chronicle" the only nationalist English weekly in the State has been withdrawn by the Residency Authorities and the paper has consequently ceased publication.

It is gathered that this is due to the fact that the journal published the Editorials of all newspapers in India on the Hyderabad Reforms. An overwhelming majority of these articles condemned the Reforms.

BIRTHDAY NUMBER

The publication of the Special Birthday Number of the journal has been postponed, and the proprietors of the journal have sent notices to their subscribers expressing the hope that they would be able to publish the number soon.

Negotiations, it is understood, are in progress with the Residency authorities to enable the journal to resume publication. Local political circles feel that the withdrawal of permission to publish the paper is a bad augury for the Reforms.

INAUGURATION OF HINDU PRAJA MANDAL IN HYDERABAD

Reviving Old Weaving Industry At Paithan

(From Our Correspondent.)

HYDERABAD, Aug. 13.

With the lofty aims and objects of the general advancement of Hindus in Hyderabad State in all possible ways and means under the aegis of His Exalted Highness the Nizam of Hyderabad and Berar, an organisation called the "Hyderabad State Hindu Praja Mandal" has been formed with Mr. Ambadas Rao, (advocate) as Founder-President.

The aim of the Association is to ensure the protection and promotion for the advancement and strength of the Hindus in the State. The objects of the Association, are to organise and consolidate all sections of the Hindu community into one solid block, to promote Hindu's interest to help the Harijans and give equal social status to them in the Hindu fold; to reclaim all those who have left the Hindu fold, and welcome others into the Hindu faith; to take steps for an advancement of political, religious, educational, social and economic interests and rights of the Hindu community in the State and to act in a friendly manner with a view to evolving a united self-respecting Hyderabad nation.

Dr. B. S. Moonje, who was here in connection with the arrival of Indian Sandhurst Committee paid a visit to the Mandal Office and addressed the office-bearers. He appealed to them for unity among the Hindu fold and to strengthen the hands of Government.

WEAVING WORK AT PAITHAN

A weaving institute was created at Paithan by the Hyderabad Government, under the auspices of the Industrial Trust Fund, at a cost of Rs. 20,757 for 1930 and Rs. 15,000 for 1931. The total non-recurring expenditure of the institute was fixed at Rs. 7,758 and a sum of Rs. 10,000 was provided for the stores. The two-fold object of this institute, namely, that of persuading the local weavers in reproducing Nagar Pattern saries on looms fitted with fly-shuttle sleys and dobbies, and, secondly, that of reviving the original Paithan Pagri and gold-embroidered sari-weaving industry have been steadily kept by the Industries Department of the State.

It is reliably understood that Government is considering the question of expanding the existing Legislative Department in view of huge work which the Department has to carry out in future in preparing electoral rolls and various other matters pertaining to the future Assembly

It is reliably understood that on the recommendation of the Hyderabad State Athletic Association, the Education Department of His Exalted Highness' Government have sanctioned the affiliation of the Association with the All-India Olympic Association.

HYDERABAD REFORMS "UNSATISFACTORY"

Ittihad-ul-Muslimeen Threatens Direct Action To "Combat Them"

HYDERABAD, (Deccan) Aug. 12.

The Working Committee of the Ittihad-ul-Muslimeen considered yesterday the report of the Standing Committee of the Majlis on the Reforms scheme recently announced by the Government of H.E.H. the Nizam and adopted the following resolution:—

"The Working Committee of the Majlis Ittihad-ul-Muslimeen has considered the report of the Standing Committee prepared in pursuance of the resolution of the Majlis of the 21st July last. Subject to slight amendments made by it the Working Committee unanimously accepts the report of the Standing Committee and places on record its appreciation of the labours of the Standing Committee. Further the Working Committee resolves that the Reforms announced by the Government, in their present form, are not only unsatisfactory but are detrimental to the Muslims. The Working Committee therefore reserves to itself the right to adopt direct action to combat the reforms and directs the Standing Committee, in the meanwhile to endeavour to obtain amendments to the scheme in the light of its report and report to the Working Committee by 6th September.

"The Majlis is confident that during this period the Muslims, led by the Majlis, would strengthen their ranks and thereby further the cause. At the same time they should show unflinching loyalty and devotion to H.E.H. the Nizam, through whom alone the Muslim supremacy in the Deccan flows."

BRITAIN COULD BEAT JAPAN, IF—

(Continued from page 6.)

risk the use of the naval arm without allies. But this defeatist line of argument ignores the real core of the situation.

Japan can be checked and even defeated by the use of economic weapons alone.

Everyone knows that Japan depends absolutely on foreign supplies for the materials of victory. She has overrun Chinese provinces and battered Chinese cities with American 'planes and American oil.

For cars, scrap-iron and nickel she depends on the Americans and on us. But in 1937 they supplied 54 per cent. of Japan's imports of raw materials; our share was 17.5 per cent.

Since that first year of the war America's relative share has risen. Clearly Mr. Roosevelt must lead, if this direct method is to be used; but we must be ready to follow. He has taken the first warning step.

But there is another method available, rather subtler, rather less obvious, but equally effective. And we could apply it unaided.

It is to close our markets, imperial and domestic, to Japanese goods by prohibitive duties and other supplementary measures.

But it must be done by Governmental action, an unofficial boycott, while morally useful, cannot be effective.

The reasoning behind this proposal is simple. Japan's balance of trade is always precarious. She has maintained it during the Chinese war only by the reckless export of gold.

With that she balances her accounts with the outer world and pays for her imports of arms. Two figures will suffice to show her vulnerability and our opportunity.

In 1938 she exported 634,000,000 yen in gold (with a trifle in silver). In the same year the British Empire received 630,000,000 yen of Japanese goods. The two figures tally almost exactly.

If then, we stopped receiving these goods, Japan's balance of trade would be violently upset. She would have to do one of two things—double her export of gold, or cut down her imports (including arms) to vanishing point.

Her stocks of gold are known. She has at most 500 million in reserve. Under these conditions she would be a total bankrupt within a year. Needless to say, the effects would be felt much more promptly, and they would work still more rapidly if the French took the same action.

The yen would begin to tumble at once. The sailors are right: we dare not send ships to the Far East.

There is a better and a bloodless way. Japan can be defeated in our Customs houses. But it would be as well to evacuate Tientsin before we begin.

There is then no need and no excuse for defeatism. This country, if only Mr. Chamberlain would believe it, is still a Great Power. We have it in our hands to decide whether China shall survive as a free nation with a future worthy of her noble civilisation.

The alternative, if by inaction or complicity we permit this conquest, would rank among the major disasters of history.

For if Japan would succeed in utilising China's resources in raw materials and man power, half the globe would lie at the mercy of her ruthless spirit. The choice lies with us.

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INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, Aug 15

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES	
3 1/2 per cent paper	97/11
4 per cent 1960/70	110/12
5 per cent 1945/55	114/1
BANKS	
Bank of Baroda	108
Bank of Hindusthan	27/8
Bank of India	143/12
Central Bank	34/6
Imperial Bank F P	1532/8
Imperial Bank P P	38u
Indian Overseas Bank	4/
Reserve Bank	111/4
Union Bank	5/14
TEXTILES	
Ahmd New Textiles	330
Ambica	186/14
Arun	165
Arvind	952/8
Asok	155
Bharatkhand Textiles	1600
Bombay Dyeing	702/8
Buckingham and Carnatics	175
Calico	502/8
Central India	195
Century	193/12
Colaba	105
Elgin	103/12
Gokak	126/4
Hukumchand	165/10
Indore Malwa	35/10
Jubilee	166/4
Khatau Makanji	81/4
Kohinoor	210/10
Laxmi Cotton	415
Madhusudan	200
Marsden	61/4
Morarji	110
Mysore	82/8
Nandlal Bhandari	77/4
New Great	168/2
Raipur	540
Rajnagar	134/6
Sajjan	97/8
Sassoon and Alliance	69
Sholapur	2700
Simplex	53/12
Swadeshi	188/12
Vishnu	1000
HYDRO ELECTRICS	
Andhra Valley Ord	1460
Tata Hydro Ord	155
Tata Power Ord	1280
ELECTRICS	
Ahmedabad Electrics	146/4
Ajmer Electrics	10/11
Amalgamated	11/2
Bombay Suburban	750
Bombay Tram	128/12
Lahore Electrics	225
Surat Electrics	161/4
MISCELLANEOUS	
Alcock Ashdown	376/4
Associated Cements	118/8
Belapur	170
Bombay Burma New	161/4
Bombay Burma Old	456/4
Bombay Steam	253/2
Bombay Telephone	88/12
Br B Petrol	3/4
Burma Corporation	5/1
Dalmia Cement	10/6
Indian Bleaching	82/8
Industrial Investment Tr	44/4
Indian Radio Ord	353/12
Indian Radio Defd	345
Indian Copper	1/10/6
Indian Iron	24/12
Mysore Sugar	31
Port Canning	74/8
Premier Construction	72/4
Rohtas Industries	20
Scindia Steam	16/11
Shivrajpur	30/12
Steel Corp of Bengal	12/4
Tata Oil	34/8
Tata Steel ordy	279
Tata Steel defd	1324/4
JUTES	
Birla Jute	15
Howrah	48/8
Hukumchand	2/1
Kamarhatty	453
Kanknarrah	340
Lawrence	320
Reliance	52

Produce Receipts

Bombay, Aug. 15.

Wheat	1,826 cwts.
Linseed	4,340 cwts
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	378 cwts.
Gingellyseeds	572 cwts.
Groundnuts	2,185 cwts.
Castorseeds	1,574 cwts.
Rice	10,582 cwts.
Myraboliams	551 cwts.
Cottonseed	704 cwts.
Mowraseed	44 cwts.
Gram	1,230 cwts.
Joowar	1,997 cwts.
Barley	102 cwts.
Bajree	2,745 cwts.
Indian Sugar	146 cwts.

BARODA RENT REGULATION ACT

Benefits Extended To Several Talukas

A Press Note issued by the Baroda Government states:—

"Government have permitted the Railway Department to continue the Out-Agency service between Chalala and Khambha and to run Ingorola Dhari Service on monopoly basis on usual terms.

The roads between Baroda to Jarod and Baroda to Waghodia in Baroda District, the roads between Mehsana to Kalol and Mehsana to Mulsan or Mevu in Mehsana District and the roads between Amreli to Lilia, Amreli to Damnagar and Amreli to Kukavav within Baroda State limits, are free roads on which any licence-holder can ply his bus. Monopoly has been given on the Kalol Rupal Road in Mehsana District.

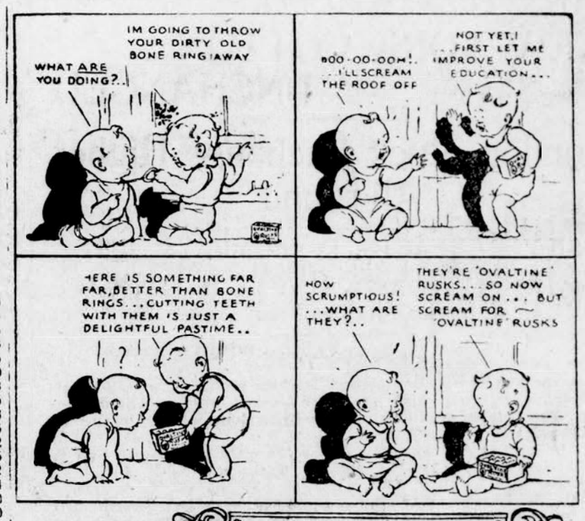
Plying of buses would be allowed on Kalol Rupal Road to those who pay the amount fixed by the Railway Department".

EXTENSION OF BENEFIT OF R. R. ACT

Another Press Note states:—

"Government have extended the benefit of the Rent Regulation Act to the tenants belonging to the Talabda, Baria and Koli classes, over and above those of the Raniparaj class, residing in the following areas:—

Vyara Songadh, Mangrol and Mahuwa talukas of Navsari District and Sankheda taluka and Amreli Tappa of Tilakwada Peta Mahal of the Baroda District".


IM GOING TO THROW YOUR DIRTY OLD BONE RING AWAY
WHAT ARE YOU DOING?..
NOT YET! ..FIRST LET ME IMPROVE YOUR EDUCATION...
HOO-OO-OOH!.. I'LL SCREAM THE ROOF OFF
HERE IS SOMETHING FAR FAR BETTER THAN BONE RINGS..CUTTING TEETH WITH THEM IS JUST A DELIGHTFUL PASTIME..
HOW SCRUMPTIOUS! ...WHAT ARE THEY?..
THEY'RE 'OVALTINE' RUSKS...SO NOW SCREAM ON... BUT SCREAM FOR 'OVALTINE' RUSKS

TEETHING time is made both safe and pleasant for the baby who has "Ovaltine" Rusks to bite and crunch. They provide the biting exercise needed to bring each little tooth easily through the gums. Made from the purest unbleached wheaten flour, to which a proportion of "Ovaltine" is added, "Ovaltine" Rusks contain the necessary vitamins and other valuable body-building properties.

'OVALTINE' Rusks

Sold by all Chemists and Stores.

Distributors:—James Wright, Ltd., 85a, Ripon Street, Calcutta, also at Bombay, Madras and Karachi.

RE/4/39

You can't keep "B.O." (BODY ODOUR) a Secret

ARE you guilty of "B.O."? Your friends know even if you don't, and many people have been failures in their work and in their social lives because of Body-Odour. It's so easy to offend because everyone perspires and "B.O." is the result of stale perspiration. There is only one sure way to prevent "B.O." and that is the regular use of Lifebuoy Toilet Soap. With its special antiseptic health element Lifebuoy Toilet Soap penetrates deep into the skin pores, washing away all traces of stale perspiration.

LIFEBUOY TOILET SOAP

Prevents "B.O."
Refreshes the Skin

MADE IN INDIA FROM PURE VEGETABLE OILS ONLY

LBZ. 2-71 LEVER BROTHERS (INDIA) LIMITED

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON UNCHANGED

London Stock Exchange Higher All-round

SILVER REACTS IN BOMBAY: JUTE FUTURES STEADY

3½ P. C. & Indian Sterling Loan Higher By 5 Sh.

BOMBAY: August 15.

NEW YORK COTTON

On the New York Cotton Market brighter sentiment prevailed following higher Liverpool advices which induced fairly good trade support. The October position closed finally unchanged after moving up by 12 points.

The local market was quiet during the night session with Broach A.-M. closing at Rs. 154-14.

BULLION

On the London Silver Market India and speculators bought. Prices for both the positions were fixed 1/8d. higher. Silver prices in Bombay reacted on profit taking with the 1st rate coming down to Rs. 46-1 from Rs. 46-7. Gold provided no interest.

STOCK EXCHANGES

The London Stock Exchange showed signs of business expansion. Prices mostly showed an upward trend throughout. Wall-Street opened firm and active.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

OCTOBER 1939

New York, Aug. 15.

Previous closing	8.74
To-day's opening	8.75
Difference	+.01
To-day's closing	8.74
Difference	nil

LIVERPOOL COTTON

OCTOBER 1939.

Liverpool, Aug. 15.

Previous closing	4.34
To-day's opening	4.34
Difference	nil
To-day's closing	4.36
Difference	+.02

BROACH EXPECTATION

July August 1939	Rs. 159-0
April May 1940	Rs. 154-4

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

ork, Aug. 15.

New York cot... ...ed brighter sentiment to-da, following higher Liverpool cables which induced fairly good trade support but subsequent operations were colourless.

Trading in October began at 8.75 i.e. one point higher than last closing prices steadied on small trade support while later improved local enquiry and outside buying developed with October rising to 8.90.

BOMBAY COTTON

Late Trading

Bombay, Aug. 15.

The cotton market ruled quiet during the night session. Prices for Broach A/M. after opening at Rs. 155-2 closed at Rs. 154-14. J/A was finally quoted Rs. 159-8. New York cotton market was one point up at the time.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Aug. 15.

Following were the opening ranges on New York Cotton Exchange:—

October (8.78/8.78) 8.75/8.75
December (8.62/8.62) 8.61/8.61
January (8.49/8.48) unquoted

Liverpool Cotton

Liverpool Aug. 15.

American October 4.36
American December 4.32
Giza October 6.24
Giza December 6.31

LONDON COMMODITIES

London, Aug 15.

TEAS

Indian Pekoe (1 1/4) 1 1/4
Indian Pekoe higher (1-3) 2-0 3/4
Ceylon Pekoe (1-3) 1-0
Ceylon Pekoe higher (1-3 3/4) 1-3 3/4

JUTE

First Marks C. I. F. Continent New Crop August September (£2o 3/4) £20 11/16
Dundee August (£23 3/4) £23 3/4
Lightning August (£22 1/4) £22 1/4

RUBBER

Spot (8 5/8 paid and buyers) 8 5/8 paid and buyers
Forward October December (8 5/8 paid and value) 8 5/8 paid and value

SEEDS

Castorseed Bombay July August (£10 7/8 sellers) £10 15/16 sellers
Linseed Calcutta July (£12 11/16) £12 11/16 sellers
Linseed La Plata July (£11 5/16 sellers) £11 1/4 sellers
Groundnuts Coromandal August (£12 1/16) £11 3/4

METALS

Tin (£229 7/8 buyers, £230 sellers) £229 7/8 buyers; £230 sellers
Lead (£15 13/16 buyers £15 7/8 sellers barely steady) £15 3/4 buyers £15 13/16 sellers steady
Copper (£49 3/4 to £50 3/4) £50 1/4 to £50 3/4
Iron (102) 102

EXCHANGES

CROSS RATES

T. T NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, Aug. 15.

Previous closing	4.68 1/8
To-days opening	4.68 1/8
At the time of New York cotton closing	4.68 1/16

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, Aug. 15.

Previous closing	4.68.13
To-days opening	4.68.13
To-days closing	4.68.13

T. T. LONDON ON PARIS

London, Aug. 15.

Previous closing	176.70
To-days opening	176.70
To-days closing	176.70

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Aug. 15.

London Exchanges opened with sterling dollar at 4.68.13 and continued inactive without any changes Franc opened at 176.70 and remained dull and listless.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-5 15/16 sellers) 1-5 15/16 sellers
Paris on Bombay (13.200) 13.231
New York on Bombay (34.59) 35.00
Berlin on Milan (0.87 1/8) 0.87 1/8
London on Milan (89.02) 89.01
London on Shanghai (0-3 9/16) 0-3 19/32
London on Kobe (1-2) 1-2

DISCOUNTS

3 months (11/16 to 3/4 per cent) 11/16 to 3/4 per cent
4 months (3/4 to 13/16 per cent) 3/4 to 13/16 per cent
6 months (1 1/8 to 1 1/8 per cent) 1 1/8 to 1 1/8 per cent

BULLION

Influx (nil) nil
Withdrawal (nil) nil
Gold (£7-8-7 1/2) £7-8-7
Silver (17 3/16) 17 5/16

LONDON SILVER CABLE

Bombay, Aug. 15.

The following cable regarding London silver market was received in Bombay "India and speculators bought. Small offerings. Market steady."

LONDON SILVER

London, Aug. 15.

Spot	(17 3/16) 17 5/16+1/8
Forward	(16 7/8) 17+1/8

LONDON GOLD

London, Aug. 15.

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£7-8-7 1/2) £7-8-7

BOMBAY BULLION

Latest Night Quotations

SILVER

Bombay Aug. 15.

Silver ready	46	7	0
Silver Shravan (Second)	46	1	0
Silver Bhadrapad	45	12	0

GOLD

Gold ready	37	1	6
Gold Shravan (Second)	37	1	9
Gold Bhadrapad	37	1	9
Sovereign	23	9	6

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Night Quotations

Bombay, Aug. 15.

Wheat September	2	15	0
Wheat January	3	3	3
Wheat May	3	3	6
Linseed September	5	3	9
Linseed	4	15	3

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Aug. 15.

The following are the ... quotations
General Motor (dol 47 3/8) 48 1/8
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 26) dol 26 1/4
U S Common New Stock (dol 48 1/2) dol 49 5/8
U S Steel Preference (unquoted) unquoted

3½% GOVT. LOAN

Latest Quotation

Bombay, Aug. 15.

3 1/2 per cent Government paper closed at Rs. 97-10 for spot at 5 p.m.

3½% INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, Aug. 15.

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed at £83 3/4

Closing quotations of the same Loan on the previous days were:—

Tuesday, August 8, £83 3/4
Wednesday August 9, £83 3/4
Thursday August 10, £83 3/4
Friday August 11, £83 3/4
Monday August 14, £83 1/2

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Aug. 15.

London Stock Exchange displayed better feeling with business expanding. Giltedged securities were in fair request with three and half quoted at 83 1/2 i.e. unchanged from last close.

INDIAN LOANS

3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (£94) £94 1/4
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (£83 3/4) £83 3/4
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950-55 (£107 1/2) £107 3/4
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68 (£109 3/4) £109 3/4
4 per cent Indian Stock 1948-58 (£102 1/2) £102 1/2
5 per cent 1942-47 (£105 1/4) £105 1/4
4 per cent (£96 1/2) £95 1/2

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent 1945-55 (£101 1/4) £101 1/2

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£66 1/2) £66 3/8
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£92 7/8) £92 3/4
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£102 5/8) £102 5/8
5 per cent Funding Loan (£105 3/8) £105 1/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£91 7/8) £91 7/8
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£105 1/8) £105 1/8

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (16-6) 16-6
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (59-9) 59-9
Hydro Electric (60) (3 5/8) 3 5/8
Elec Musical Industry (9-9) 9-9
Pinchin Johnson (21-7 1/2) 21-7 1/2
Imperial Chemical (29-6) 29-6 1/2
Woolsworth New Ordinary (65-0) 65-4 1/2
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates (£19) £18-6
Dunlop Rubber (28-3) 28-3
Unilever Ordinary (33-3) 33-3
Ford Motors (17-6) 17-6
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£50 1/2) £51
British American Tobacco Ordinary (89-4 1/2) 90-0
Carreas 'A' (£6 5/8) £6 5/8
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (132-6 /2) 132-6
P and O S N Common Deferred (18-6) 18-6
Distillers (96-6) 96-9
Bredford Dye (3-9) 3-9
British Celanese (6-1 1/2) 6-1 1/2
J and P Coates Ordinary (29-10 1/2) 29-7 1/2
Courtaulds Ordinary (30-3) 30-3
Fine Cotton Spinners (3-0) 2-10 1/2
Vickers Limited Ordinary (17-10 1/2) 17-10 1/2
Inter Nickels (dol 52) dol 53 1/4
Indian Iron (36-3) 36-3

TEA SHARES

Assam (16-6) 16-10 1/2
Donaro Tea (30-0) 30-0
Empire of India (23-9) 23-1 1/2

JUTES

Barnagore (£10 1/4) £10 1/4

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (25-3) 25-3
Gula Kelampong (18-1 1/2) 18-1 1/2
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (29-9) 29-9

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (27-6) 27-6
Burma Corporation (8-0) 8-3
Rio Tintos (£11 1/8) £11
East Rand Proprietors (48-9) 48-9
Rand Mines (£8 1/4) £8 1/4

MINE SHARES

Crown (£15) £15
Associated Portland Cement (70-10 1/2) 70-10 1/2
Trinidad Leaseholds (81-3) 82-6
Sub Nigel (£11) £11
Spring Mines Split Shares (27-6) 27-5
Union Corporation (£7 5/8) £7 5/8

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (21-3) 21-10 1/2
Anglo Iranian (72-6) 73-1 1/2
Burma Oil (68-9) 70
Mexican Eagle (7-0) 7-1 1/2
Shell Transport (81-3) 83-9
Royal Dutch (£33 7/8) £34-4 1/2

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary (£30) £29-6
London Midland Ordinary (£13 1/8) £12 7/8
London North Eastern Def (£3) £3
London Southern Def (£13 1/8) £12 7/8
London Transport 5 per cent (£113 1/4) £113 1/4
London Transport 'C' (£71) £70 3/4

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Closing Quotations

Liverpool, Aug. 15

The Liverpool wheat market closed at 44d. for October position to-day, while yesterday's closing was 43 5/8.

Chicago Wheat

Chicago, Aug. 15.

Chicago wheat opened steady with September at 0.65 1/8. Prices improved moderately on better local enquiry and trade support influenced by steadiness abroad with the rate rising to 0.65 3/8.

Liverpool Wheat

Liverpool, Aug. 15.

Liverpool wheat opened steady with Oct. at 43 3/4 prices responded to better overseas cables but subsequently reacted owing to small plate sales and improved Indian crop advices.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

All Round Advance

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, Aug. 15.

On the Stock Exchange all round advance in busier trading took place owing to more optimistic views on European situation. Kaffirs and oils were prominent while there were useful gains throughout the list apart from home rails, which continue depressed owing to the wage dispute.

Wall Street opened firm.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

Jutes Slightly Easier

CALCUTTA, Aug. 15.

Jutes:—Slightly easier feeling was noticed in this section to-day and transactions were also somewhat restricted. Coals:—These were slightly enquired for. Teas:—Only small trading was reported. Miscellaneous speculative issues ruled quietly steady while others kept more or less unaltered. Government securities were easier. Following were the closing quotations

Govt. securities three per cent new loan (1965/69) 97/12 small lot, three and half per cent Govt. paper 97/8, four per cent loan (1960/70) 110/10 small lot.

Banks:—Imperial fully paid 1546 Cenly 382/6, Reserve 110/8.

Railways—Baraset Basirhat 40, Shahdara (Delhi) Saharanpur 139.

Coals:—Borrea pref 119, Equitable 30/12, Hurriladin 106, Mundu pore 6/13. West Jamurian 28/4.

Jutes:—Adamjee pref 126, Anglo-India 310 Bally 185 small lot, Ft Gloster 421, Howran 48/9, Hukumchand 1/8, pref 21/8, Kanknarrah 344, Ct. Orient 168.

Miscellaneous:—Burma corpn 5/5 c div Indian copper 1/10, Bengal Potteries 5/8, Jorhat elec ord 10/4, pref 100/8, Hukumchand steel ord 5/10, defd 1/6, Indian iron and steel 24/11, steel corpn. ord 12 pref 65, Bararee Coke 16, investment pref 96, B I corpn ord 4/9, Dunlop rubber ord 17/14, second pref 105 Indian wood products 24, Bengal paper 66, Humayan property defd annas 12 Ct Assam Saws 1/4, Borooah timber 13/14 Champaran 12/2

Teas:—Murphula ord 3/4, prefd ordy 6/12, odd lot New Doars ord 819/8 c div New Terai 8/8.—A P

KARACHI PRODUCE MARKET

(From Our Correspondent.)

Karachi, Aug. 15.

To-day's closing quotations:
Sind cotton Jan. 15/5/9.
Punjab Jan. 13/0/3
Desi American Jan. 17/10/3 quiet.
Wheat Sept. 21/8/6
Nov. 22/7/6 quiet.
Gram Sept 28/7, Nov 28/10/3
Toria seed Sept 56/1/6, Nov 36/9.
Cottonseed Sept 24/14, Jan. 19/12/6

TENDERS FOR TREASURY BILLS

Tenders for Rs. One Crore and fifty lakhs of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday, the 15th August 1939. Total amount offered was Rs. 3,74,75,000. Tenders at Rs. 99-12-3 and above were accepted in full and those at Rs. 99-12-0 allotted approximately 40 per cent. Lower tenders were rejected. Total amount accepted was Rs. 1,50,00,000, the average rate of accepted tenders being Rs. 0-15-8 per cent per annum.

Tenders for Rs. Two Crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills will be received on Tuesday, the 22nd August 1939. Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday, the 25th August 1939. Other conditions are as usual.

During the week ended 11th August 1939, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 1,80,75,000 were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India

The sale of intermediate Treasury Bills has been discontinued until further notice.

Three months' intermediates sold from 9th to 14th August 1939 amounted to Rs. 2,22,75,000.

SEEDS MARKET

Closing Night Quotations

Bombay, Aug. 15.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Groundnuts Aug.	31	1	0
Groundnuts Feb.	30	13	0
Castorseeds Sept.	29	12	0
Castorseeds May	29	14	0
Cottonseeds Sept.	28	7	0
Cottonseeds Jan.	22	15	3

Calcutta Jute Futures

Calcutta Aug. 15.

On the East India Jute Association market, the September settlement opened at Rs. 38-2. The highest level touched was Rs. 38-8 and the lowest Rs. 37-14. The rate closed at Rs. 38-4. The market was steady.

Grain Control Ordinance And Kaira District

The Government of Bombay have amended the Revenue Department Notification dated Aug. 14 last re: Bombay Fodder and Grain Control Ordinance, adding "the District of Kaira" to the Schedule.

ARRAH, Aug. 14.

The Baksht Satyagraha is continuing at the village of Sargaon in the district of Shahabad. Forty Kisans have been arrested so far. Fifty military police and two Sub-Inspectors of Police have been posted in the village.—United Press.

MUNSHI DEFENDS PUNITIVE ACTION

(Continued from Page 7.)

ties. In the present case, immediate and prompt action had to be taken by Government, in order to prevent mischief created by such writings, while recourse to the ordinary procedure of law would have failed to achieve the desired object, as it was slow. Hence Government had to resort to the Emergency Powers Act.

Mr. S. H. Jhabvala was all in favour of taking the most stringent action against papers, who were irresponsible and were likely to disturb peace and tranquillity in the country, but he objected to the course adopted by Government in taking recourse to the Emergency Powers. Why could not have the Government brought the culprit in an ordinary court of law and punished him for his crime—and even punish him most heavily, in which case, he would have stood with the Government.

JAMNADAS' ACTS

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta replying to the debate stated that Opposition to his motion was based on the argument that prevention was better than cure, and the method of that prevention should be according to the views of the Government and that when they acted in an arbitrary manner, they should be supported. This was exactly how the bureaucracy had acted in the years 1935/36. "Did the Congress make any reservations in their election manifesto, when they promised in it to repeal the Emergency Powers Act?" Mr. Jamnadas Mehta asked.

Mr. Mehta characterised the action taken by the Bombay Government against the "Sawdhan" as a "sympathetic suppression" of a paper which had been suppressed by another Congress Government in the Central Provinces. He recalled the resolution passed by the Karachi Session of the Congress expressing admiration at the courage and patriotism of Bhagatsingh, though he admitted that the resolution had disapproved of his methods, and observed that the writings of a small paper like the "Sawdhan" were nothing compared with that resolution.

The Hon. Mr. Munshi, Home Minister replying quoted two instances to prove the irresponsible nature of the articles written by papers like the one in question, and asked the House what would be the effect of such provocative writings on the minds of the impressionable young men. They, the Congress Government, were convinced of the futility of violence, which would retard progress towards the national goal, and it was out of this profound conviction that the Government had taken the action they did. If a house was set on fire by some lunatics or self-interested persons, they had to take immediate action to save the house. It was not that they got any pleasure out of taking such an action. It was a painful realisation for him and the Home Ministers of other Provinces, both Congress and non-Congress, that in the last two years, violence had been growing in the country, and that law and order were in jeopardy. Every Home Minister, either of a Congress or a non-Congress Province, at the Home Ministers' Conference, had given expression to this impression. "We cannot weaken and allow ourselves to be Kerenskys. We will not let loose the floodgates of violence in India, the result of which will be perpetuation of slavery. We do not want India to be made another China".

The motion was pressed to a division, and defeated by 72 votes to 19, the Muslim League Party remaining neutral.—A. P.

LUCKNOW CONGRESS SECRETARY RESIGNS

LUCKNOW, Aug. 15.

Mr. Pulin Behari Banerjee, Secretary of the Lucknow City Congress Committee, has tendered his resignation of the Secretaryship and membership of the Committee, as he "feels it against his conscience to carry out the behests of the present Congress High Command, which is not only wedded to constitutionalism, but has developed a mentality not to launch any mass struggle for the country's independence and is presumably contended with Provincial Autonomy."—United Press

THE CONVOCATION

(Continued from page 6)

rag at Oxford and have watched and enjoyed the flouting of authority on such occasions as Guy Fawkes Day, but never at a Convocation could one see anything but the most dignified behaviour. That is the difference between the education of one University and the other and as one who has had the benefit of both, I feel grieved that my own, national, Indian 'alma mater' has yet so much to learn and so much to teach.

JAPANESE SENTRY SLAPS AMERICAN WOMAN

TIENTSIN, Aug. 15.

A Japanese sentry slapped the face of an American woman, Mrs. Francis Mary Richard while she was entering the French Concession.

The Japanese Vice-Consul apologised for her and the American Consulate, which, it is understood, is making a full report of the case to Washington.—Reuter.

FRANCO RELEASES AMERICAN PRISONERS

HENDAYE, Aug. 15.

Following a demarche by the American Ambassador to Gen. Franco, 45 American prisoners in Spain, including Harold Dahl, airman, who was sentenced to death for fighting for the Republicans but reprieved after his wife appealed to Gen. Franco, are expected to cross the frontier here in the next few days.

They comprise twenty war prisoners, and 25 political prisoners, the latter including two women.—Reuter.

Britain Orders Guns From Canada

MONTREAL, Aug. 15.

The Marine Industries Limited of Sorel, Quebec, has concluded a contract worth several million dollars with the British Government for manufacture of 3.7 guns with necessary equipment and carriages.

It is understood other orders are to follow.

Experts from France are coming to Canada, specially to assist in making dial sights.—Reuter.

PALESTINE ARAB MODERATES' MISSION

JERUSALEM: August 15.

A delegation of the "Moderate" Arab National Defence Party, led by Fakhri Bey Nashashibi, arrived in Beirut for the purpose of a tour of Syria to ascertain the feelings of Arabs towards the British White Paper Policy for Palestine and also to enquire whether there is any support to the scheme to offer the Crown of Syria to Emir Abdullah, thereby making Syria and Trans-Jordan a joint kingdom.

The delegates report that they were welcomed enthusiastically in villages "en route" to Beirut.—Reuter.

TEACHERS GIVE UP HUNGER-STRIKE

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, August 15.

Thirty-three teachers who went on hunger-strike yesterday have given up their fasts this evening after promising them to put their case before local board's meeting on August 26.

The Chairman of the School Board has agreed to consider their case in general meeting if they are not satisfied with the decision of the meeting. It is certain that they will again resume their fasts.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVED

Bombay, Aug. 15.

James Finlay s.s. City of Kobe of 3805 reg tons Capt W S Craig arrived from Antwerp via Dunkerk Middlesbrough, Hull Port Said Suez and Port Sudan with general cargo

B I S N s.s. Itindia of 3964 rtg tons Capt G G Smith arrived from Rangoon with rice timber and general cargo

O S Kaisha's s.s. Sumatra Maru of 4272 reg tons Capt K Oide arrived from Karachi with cotton and general cargo

SAILED

Lloyd Triestino s.s. Himalaya of 3904 reg tons Capt T Marsava sailed for Kobe via Colombo and Singapore with same bottom cargo and passengers

Lloyd Triestino s.s. Carso of 3955 reg tons Capt C Sambo sailed for Rangoon via Madras and Calcutta with same bottom cargo

Lionel Edward's s.s. Lichtenfels of 4594 reg tons Capt H Arians sailed for Port Said Antwerp Rotterdam Hamburg and Bremen with passengers local and same bottom cargo

Mackinnon Mackenzie s.s. Heughton Hull of 2968 reg tons Capt H T White sailed for Calcutta via Madras with same bottom cargo

F F Campbell s.s. City of Johannesburg of 3583 reg tons Capt G F Sampton sailed for Marmagoa Colombo Madras Calcutta and Rangoon with local and same bottom cargo

P and O S N s.s. Bangalore of 2875 reg tons Capt M G Symons sailed for Kobe via Colombo and China Japan Ports with local and same bottom cargo

O S Kaisha's s.s. Mansei Maru of 4823 reg tons Capt T Takesita sailed for Karachi with local and same bottom cargo

N Y Kaisha's s.s. Anyo Maru of 5141 reg tons Capt K Kurata sailed for Kobe via Colombo Singapore and Hongkong with passengers local and same bottom cargo

LOADING

The following vessels booked for loading on 15-8-39.

S S Beron Dechmont (KD) for Port Said for Orders Hull and Liverpool

S S City of Kobe (JF) for Karachi Navlakhi Marmagoa Tellicherry Mangalore Cochin and Calicut

KHADI CENTRES IN FAMINE AREAS

Decision Of All-India Spinners' Association

WARDHAGANJ, Aug. 15.

The All-India Spinners' Association had about three hours sitting to-day. Gandhiji attended the meeting.

The meeting decided to opening Khadi centres in famine areas by paying Famine Code wages and requesting the respective Governments to meet the deficit from their funds.—A.P.

NO BR. INTERESTS AT STAKE

Mendelssohns' Transactions And Creditors

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 15.

No British interests are mentioned in the long provisional list of Mendelssohns' creditors deposited at the Registry.

The list reveals that the firm sold considerable amounts of foreign Treasury Bonds, which in many cases it is under obligation to repurchase. The amounts mentioned in the list, which are virtually liabilities total about 65 million guilders. French Bonds account for 57,100,000 guilders, Belgian Bonds 6,100,000 and Argentine Bonds 1,100,000.—Reuter.

BRITISH ARMY MANOEUVRES

Two Notable Figures Participate

LONDON, Aug. 15.

The annual British army manoeuvres are now in full swing. Not since the end of the great war, so many people in Khaki have been seen in England.

TWO NOTABLE FIGURES

Brilliant weather is attending the exercises in which Eastland and Westland forces are also engaged. Two notable figures in uniform have been Mr. Duff-Cooper, who rejoined his old regiment, Grenadier Guards, as a subaltern and Mr. Anthony Eden, who is a Major of the Territorial Army. Mr. Duff-Cooper was Captain at the time of Armistice.—Reuter.

HUNT FOR TWO I. R. A. SUSPECTS

LONDON: August 15.

Descriptions of two young women and a man, all speaking an Irish accent, have been issued by the police following explosions at hotels in Lancashire seaside towns Fleetwood and Southport, during the night. Nobody was injured in the outrages, both of which apparently are I.R.A. replies to the Home Office expulsion orders.—Reuter

BENGAL CONGRESS HOUSE

Tagore Lays Foundation Stone On Aug. 19

CALCUTTA, Aug. 15.

"Mahajati Sadan"—this name has been suggested by Dr. Rabindranath Tagore for the Congress House for Bengal.

The foundation laying ceremony of the Congress House will be performed by Dr. Tagore himself on August 19.—United Press.

Lt.-Col. Spear Shows Signs Of Captivity

PEIPING, Aug. 15.

Capt. Parker of the British Embassy in Tokio returned here today from Kalgan after seeing Lt.-Col. Spear, British Military Attache, arrested by the Japanese nearly three months ago. Capt. Parker said that Lt.-Col. Spear was well, but showed signs of his long captivity.

With Maj. Hennessey, British Army Doctor, Capt. Parker flew to Kalgan yesterday by special permission of the Japanese Government. Previously Lt.-Col. Spear had not seen a Briton for ten weeks.—Reuter.

Bombay Tibbiyya College

The General Secretary, Bombay Tibbiyya College writes:

It is hereby notified for the information of the students and patrons that the above College has been located on the 2nd floor of Vaid Building, at the junction of Carnac Road and Nagdevi Street. Students should present themselves punctually for roll call at 3 p.m., (S.T.), on the 18th instant, for classification and tuition will commence from 19th instant, at the regular time of the college at 4 p.m., (S.T.) daily.

The second annual meeting of the Harijan Vidyarthi Sangh was held at Miraj under the presidentship of Mr. B. K Joshi, the Diwan of the Miraj State, who requested all to help the Sangh and gave an assurance that the State also would help it in due course.

Wall-Street Selling And Hedging In New York Cotton

LOCAL BUYING AND SHORT COVERING

Mixed Nature Of Business

BOMBAY, August 15.

Business on the New York Cotton market was of a mixed nature on Monday. Bombay liquidated May but a fair volume of buying was in evidence owing to general rains in Alabama with offerings light

The cotton trade sees no particular threat to American export business in the removal of the Egyptian Cotton export tax, but the action is regarded as indicative of the attitude abroad towards the American subsidy with some commenting that retaliatory measures are expectable from other cotton countries.

So far as India is concerned, there seems no likelihood of any Government action but it will be essential to increase import duty on imports of cotton piecegoods manufactured from subsidised American cotton.

The New York cotton market opened steady in moderately active trading. Early prices declined on Wall-Street selling and hedging on favourable crop reports from Western Belt.

Moderate price fixing in nears met increased long liquidation. There was some local buying and short covering. Later Spot Houses bought d.s.a.ns and the session closed steady.

The market opened at about the highest level of the day at price unchanged with October 8.78. There was increased selling and prices declined to 8.70 which was the lowest level. In the afternoon there was improved buying and the market closed at a decline of 4 points to a rise of 2 points. Spot cotton prices declined 4 points at 9.23 per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

The New Orleans cotton futures market was quiet with scattered selling and closed at a decline of 1 to 3 points. Spot cotton prices closed 5 points down at 8.90c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

The Liverpool cotton market opened at a decline of 5 points with October 4.33. There was hedging and scattered liquidation influenced by favourable weather in U.S.A. cotton Belt, coupled with removal of Egyptian Export tax. Later hedging met trade calling and the market was dull. Prices closed at a net decline of 4 to 2 points. Middling American Spot cotton prices declined 5 points at 5.12d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Egyptian cotton market was easy on reports of removal of export duty G.C. futures closed 10 to 9 points with spot cotton 11 points down at 6.38. Uppers futures declined 12 to 10 points. The Alexandria cotton market was fairly steady and Sakels futures closed 6 to 10 points up and Ashmouni contracts gained 14 to 6 points.

EGYPTIAN CROP.

A fair amount of prompt shipment business is in progress, notably with Lancashire, and this is reflected in the spot market, where there is quite an active demand, especially for Ashmouni and Giza 7, but forward trade in new-crop cotton remains stagnant.

In the course of the last few weeks it has been plainly demonstrated that the recent restrictions on trading in maturing futures months tend to penalise severely growers who leave their call sales unfixed until the eleventh hour, belated fixing sales in May and again in July having caused steep declines in these deliveries in the absence of any compensating trade demand and with speculators and professional dealers excluded. The Government has consequently decided to modify the restrictive regulation so as to permit general trading as before.

SMALL AREA.

The area planted this year is estimated by the Ministry of Agriculture at 1,624,000 feddans, of which 1,056,206 feddans in Lower Egypt, 341,922, feddans in Middle Egypt, and 186,639 feddans in Upper Egypt, compared with 1,783,911 feddans, of which 1,209,396 feddans in Lower Egypt, 356,448 feddans in Middle Egypt and 218,067 feddans in Upper Ekypt last year.

The Ministry will publish the figures for the various growths early next month, but in the meantime it is worth noting that the acreage in Middle and Upper Egypt, where Ashmouni is grown almost exclusively, is 8 per cent. smaller than last year. No Ashmouni is grown in the Delta, so that the reduction in all other varieties in the aggregate is 9.36 per cent. Crop condition at present promises a substantially higher yield throughout Egypt than last year, and it must be borne in mind that increased plantings of comparatively high-yielding varieties in the Delta in substitution for Sakellarides tend to raise the average production per feddan.—M.G.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York October highest (10 a.m.)	8.78
New York October lowest (11-7 a.m.)	8.70—08
Liverpool October highest	4.33—36
Liverpool October lowest	4.32—36

Messrs. Bhawanidarai Maheshwari have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:

New York: Certificated stock amounts to 4100 high temperatures in western states forecast of unsettled weather over the eastern belt liquidation well absorbed foreign buying distant months.

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cable:—

New York Cotton Exchange Service cabled:

Export business large after Bureau on lower prices forward shipments American relative foreign due subsidy. Crop prospect improved believed well above Bureau. Cloths slower. Mill activity maintained. Commodities easier. Business better.

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:

Liverpool: The tendency is to increase crop estimates. Market fears hedge selling owing to entire absence of speculation.

Market opened quiet unchanged to four decline. Increased American offerings at lower basis plus hedge selling met trade calling.

New York: Early Bombay buying May and trade demand with hedge selling and liquidation supplying contracts.

NEW YORK COTTON
New York, Aug 14

October	8.74—04
December	8.60—01
January	8.47
March	8.38+01
May	8.27+01
July	8.03+02
Middling Spot	9.23—C4

NEW ORLEANS COTTON
New York, Aug 14

October	8.86—03
December	8.69—02
January	8.56—01
Middling Spot	8.90—05

NEW YORK
New York, Aug 14

11 A.M. RANGES—

October	8.71/8.71
December	8.54/8.54
March	8.32/8.32

NOON CALL—

October	8.72
December	8.56
March	8.34

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS
New York, Aug 14

Day's receipts at all U S Ports	17,000 bales
Day's exports to Great Britain	8,000 bales
Day's exports to the Continent	4,000 bales
Day's exports to China and Japan	1,000 bales

LIVERPOOL COTTON
Liverpool, Aug 14

August	4.57—04
September	4.44—04
October	4.34—04
November	4.30—05
December	4.31—04
January	4.30—04
February	4.31—03
March	4.32—03
April	4.32—03
May	4.32—03
June	4.31—02
July	4.30—02
Middling Spot	5.12—05
	11-12 a.m. quotations
October	4.34
January	4.32

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, Aug 14

Broach J/A highest 161 1/4 lowest 159 5/8 closing 159 5/8

Broach A/M highest 156 7/8 lowest 154 3/4 closing 155

Oomra D/J highest 149 1/2 lowest 147 closing 147

Bengal D/J highest 121 1/2 lowest 120 1/4 closing 120 1/4

Night session: Broach A/M opening 154 3/4 highest 155 lowest 154 5/8 closing 154 3/4

Broach J/A closing 159 1/8

LONDON SEEDS

London, Aug 14

Linseed La Plata Hull c.i.f. per ton

Aug sellers	11-6-3

Linseed Calcutta London c.i.f. per ton

Aug sellers	12-13 9

Linseed Bombay London c.i.f. per ton

Aug sellers	13-1-3

Rapeseed Toria Hull/Cont c.i.f. per ton

Aug Sept sellers	11-10-0

Castorseed Bombay Hull c.i.f. per ton

Aug Sept sellers	10-17-6

LONDON RUBBER

London, Aug 14

Smoked sheets standard ribbed per lb

Sellers	8 5/8

Alexandria Cotton

Alexandria, Aug 14

SAKELS—	
November	12.46+6
January	12.48+8
March	12.55+10
ASHMOUNI—	
August	9.34+14
October	9.62+10
December	9.67+3
February	9.73+8
April	9.79+6
GIZA—	
November	11.45+12
January	11.57+14
March	11.73+13

Egyptian Cotton

Liverpool, Aug 14

GIZA 7—	
October	6.17—10
November	6.22—10
January	6.29—10
March	6.33—3
May	6.37—9
July	6.41—9
UPPERS—	
Spot	5.66—12
October	5.44—11
November	5.44—11
January	5.46—11
March	5.49—11
May	5.51—12
July	5.53—10

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Aug 15

Following a decline of 4 points in near months of New York cotton market, the local market was expected to open at Rs. 154/12 for Broach A/M delivery.

There being no relief in draught area, the market opened very steady at Rs. 155/12 and advanced to Rs. 156 on general buying. Later on there was increased selling on private reports of rain and prices declined to Rs. 154/14 but with scattered covering prices again improved to Rs. 155/2. The market was very steady.

The Broach cotton crop is in danger and particularly in the northern parts plants are dry up rapidly. Kathiawar cotton crop is a failure now and from the present indications it appears that even with raws from now we can have only a small crop. Thus price level is likely to remain firm but large straddle operations are checking upward move. There is a fairly large short interest in new crop and the fundamental position of cotton is sound.

Liverpool market was due to open one point up but it opened unchanged and the local market declined to Rs. 154/10. Later on Liverpool was 2 points up and prices in the local market improved to Rs. 155. The market closed at 4-30 p.m. as under:—

F G M G—

Broach J/A	.....	Rs.	159	8 0
Broach A/M	.....		155	2 0
Oomra D/J	.....		148	12 0
Bengal D/J	.....		120	0 0

Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, Aug. 15.

	Extra	Spr-fine	Sup	Fine	F.G.	Good
M. G.—						
Bengal U.P.	...	131	128	125	122	
Punjab	...	131	128	125	122	
Rajputana	...	134	131	128	125	
Oomra No. 3	160	158	155	152	...	
C. P. No. 1	171	169	166	163	...	
C. P. No. 2	164	162	159	156	...	
Broach No. 2	...	166	164	161	158	
Punjab-Ame.	...	187	185	182	180	
Surat	...	204	202	199	197	
Rajpipla	...	201	199	196	194	
Navsari	...	213	211	208	206	

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, Aug. 15.

Bengal Fine	129/31
Bengal F.G.	126/28
C. P. 1	160/62
C. P. 2	158/59
Arvi	158/59
Amraoti	157/58
Ellichpur	157/59
Berar	157/58
Malkapur	153/54
Khandesh	141/46
Jalna/Sailu	145/47
Burwah/Sanavad	156/57
Khandwa	156/57
Mathia F.G.	131/37
Broach	160/62
Punjab 4 F.	175/80
Punjab 289F.	205/10
Sindh N.T.	180/90
Surat	197/98
Navsari	208/10
Western Farm	170/78

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, Aug. 15.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY
Since 1st September.

In full-pressed Bales.

	2 days	This year.	Last year.
Khandesh		38,886	33,920
Central India		225,377	50,184
Barsi and Nagar		94,942	150,321
Hyderabad-Gaorani		4,474	40,380
Berar		162,905	331,392
Central Provinces		39,066	45,309
Total Oomras		565,670	711,305
Dhulera		277,593	154,651
N.-W. Provinces		10,428	3,1.2
Rajputana	150	81,011	16,963
Sind-Punjab	269	536,411	526,316
Broach		414,944	267,511
Coompta and Dharwar	795	154,313	82,835
Westerns-Northerns		97,969	28,742
Cocoanada		98	23
Tinnevelly and Cambodia		2,677	7,481
American		3,487	177,893
Egyptian, African and Sudan	255	383,477	533,554
Comilla, Burma and other sorts		267	1,171
Total	1,469	2,325,355	2,511,558
Arrived by road to 10th Aug. 39		392,855	...

Exports From Bombay

1st Sept. to 10th Aug.

In full-pressed Bales.

	Yester-day	This year.	Last year.
Europe	105	314,462	334,610
Japan and China	11,540	1,278,954	738,789
Coast Ports		35,039	62,361
Up-country by Rail		281,646	379,396
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan		64,306	5,375
Total	11,645	1,974,407	1,520,531

Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

Broach A/M New York May Rs. 41

Broach A/M Liverpool May Rs. 35

New York Liverpool: October 26 December 16 January 3 March 8 May 25 July 41.

LONDON PRODUCE

London, Aug 14

Rozario Santa Fe Sept sellers	17/6
Barletta Russo	unquoted
South Australian	unquoted

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, Aug 15

On Monday, London gold prices were raised by one penny to 177-8-7 1/2. London Paris Exchange rate was unchanged at 176.70. Dollar sterling cross rate was 4.68.13 at London and 4.68 1/4 at New York.

London silver prices advanced 1/16d. at 17 3/16d. for Spot and forward quotation was raised 1/8 at 16 7/8d. India and speculators were small buyers and offerings were small. The market was quietly steady. There were small buyers at fixed prices.

New York Spot silver prices were again raised 3/8 cent to 35 5/8 cents per ounce. Shanghai T T on London was quoted 3 1/4d.

London Bombay Spot silver parity was Rs. 46-8-6 and forward parity was Rs. 45-13-0.

The local silver market was fairly firm to-day with increased buying. Option dealers were free buyers and professional bears were covering which hardened prices. Gold was fairly steady with a moderate business. Quotations were as under:—

GOLD

Ready	37	1	9
2nd Shravan delivery	37	1	6
2nd Shravan tejimandi	0	1	0
Bhadrapad delivery	37	1	3
Bhadrapad tejimandi	0	3	0

SILVER

Ready	46	12	0
2nd Shravan delivery	46	7	0
2nd Shravan tejimandi	0	15	0
Bhadrapad delivery	46	2	0
Bhadrapad tejimandi	1	8	0

LONDON SILVER
London, Aug 14

Spot	17 3/16
Forward	16 7/8

LONDON GOLD
London, Aug 14

Gold Bars Fine per oz	£7-8-7 1/2

LONDON METALS

London, Aug 14

Copper	£44 6 3
Tin	£225 5 0
Lead	£15 11 3
Spelter	£14 12 6

Bombay Metals

Bombay, Aug. 15.

London Market—	
Standard copper cash	£44-5-0
Standards copper 3 months	£44-10-0
Electric copper	£50-15-0
Bombay Market—	
Yellow metal sheets	Rs. 39-8-0
Copper sheets	Rs. 49-10-0

Tone:—Very steady.

WEATHER OVER U.S.A. COTTON BELT

Liverpool, Aug. 15.

Temperatures between 95 and 100 degree in Western Belt, light to moderate rainfall in Oklahoma Texas, Central and Eastern Belts, more rain expected.

Groundnuts Coromandel Shelled

London, Aug. 14.

September	£12-0-0.
November	11-11-3.

Groundnuts And Seeds

Bombay, Aug. 15.

Castorseeds Sept—			
Opening	30	1	0
Highest	30	1	0
Lowest	29	12	0
Closing	29	12	0
Castorseeds May—			
Opening	30	2	0
Highest	30	4	0
Lowest	29	14	0
Closing	29	14	0
Groundnuts Aug.—			
Opening	31	6	6
Highest	31	6	6
Lowest	31	0	0
Closing	31	2	0
Groundnuts Feb—			
Opening	31	8	0
Highest	31	8	0
Lowest	30	13	0
Closing	30	14	9
Cottonseeds Sept—			
Opening	28	11	0
Highest	28	15	6
Lowest	28	6	0
Closing	28	8	0
Cottonseeds Jan—			
Opening	23	6	0
Highest	23	6	6
Lowest	22	15	6
Closing	23	1	0

Wheat Liverpool

Liverpool, Aug. 14.

October	43 5/8d.
December	46d.
March	48 1/2d.

Wheat Chicago

Chicago, Aug. 14.

September	dol 0.65 1/8.
December	dol 0.64 7/8.
May	dol 0.65 1/4.

Bombay Sugar

Bombay, Aug. 15.

Ready Javas	15	7	0
Shipment August	5	2	0
Shipment September	5	2	0
Shipment Oct.-Dec	5	5	0
Shipment Jan.-March	5	7	0

New York Sugar

New York, Aug. 14.

September	1.85.
November	1.89.
January	1.88.
March	1.91.

LONDON SUGAR

London, Aug 14

December	sh. 6 1/2d.

LINSEED OIL
London, Aug 14

Linseed oil naked London per cwt

Aug sellers	21/9
Linseed oil naked London per cwt	
Oct Dec sellers	20/1 1/2

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Aug 15

2 3/4 p.c. 1948-52 Loan	98/0
3 1/2 p.c. G P Notes (Cash)	97/11
3 p.c. 1951-54 Loan	100
3 p.c. 1941 Bond	102/8
3 p.c. 1963/65 Loan	97/11
3 1/2 p.c. 1947-50 Loan	104
4 p.c. 1943 Bond	107/6
4 p.c. 1960/70 Loan	110-12
4 1/2 p.c. 1955-60 Loan	116
5 p.c. 1940-43 Loan	103/12

TAXFREE LOANS

3 p.c. 1945/55 Loan	114
4 p.c. 1955-65 Mysore Loan	111/12
5 p.c. 1950 Mysore Loan	121/0

CORPORATION DEBENTURES

4 p.c. B. P. T 1974	108/0
4 p.c. M. Deb 1974	107/0
5 p.c. M. Deb. 1959	116/0
5 p.c. M. Deb. 1954	128/0
6 p.c. K. P. I 1950	127/0

Note: 3 1/2 per cent G P Notes opened to-day at Rs. 97/13 and declined to close at Rs. 97/10. Buriee difference was around as. 6-9 against the bears. To-morrow is the last day for 18th August settlement.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay, Aug 15

B. C. RATES—

T T D D 1/5 7/8 to December

LONDON—

Bank's selling T T D D 1/5 29/32 Aug./Oct.

Bank's buying T T 1/5 15/16 Aug.

Bank's buying D D 1/5 31/32

Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 1/32 to Nov 1/6 1/16 Dec/July

NEW YORK—

Bank's selling T T 287

Bank's buying T T 284 3/4

Bank's buying D D 284

PARIS—

Bank's selling T T 1306

Bank's buying T T 1328

JAPAN—

Bank's selling T T 78 1/2

Bank's buying T T 77 1/4

Bank's buying 60 days 77

AMSTERDAM—

Bank's selling D D 64 1/2

JAVA—

Bank's selling D D 64 3/8

HUNGKONG—

Bank's selling D D 82 7/8

SHANGHAI—

Bank's selling D D 23 nominal

SINGAPURE—

Bank's selling D D 158

BERLIN—

Bank's selling D D 86

CROSS RATE—

Hongkong London 1/2 5/8 15th instant

Shanghai London 0/3 19/32 15th instant

Japan London 1/2 1/64 15th instant

Java London 8.70 5/8 15th instant

New York London 4.68.12 14th instant

London New York 4.68.13 14th instant

London Paris 176.70 14th instant

London Italy 89.02 14th instant

London Belgium 27.55 7/8 14th instant

London Switzerland 20.74 1/4 14th instant

London Berlin 11.66 1/2 14th instant

London Stockholm 19.39 14th instant

London Amsterdam 8.71 3/4 14th instant

Tone of Sterling Exchange: Very steady.

Gold £7-8-6 1/2 12th instant

Gold £7-8-7 1/2 14th instant

Silver London Ready 17 1/8 12th instant

Silver London Ready 17 3/16 14th instant

Silver London Forward 16 3/4 12th instant

Silver London Forward 16 7/8 14th instant

Silver New York Ready 35 1/4 12th instant

Silver New York Ready 35 5/8 14th instant

London discounts 3 months 3/4 per cent 12th instant

London discounts 3 months 11/16 per cent 14th instant

London discounts 6 months 1 1/8 per cent 12th instant

London discounts 6 months 1 1/8 per cent 14th instant

Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.

Bank of England Rate 2 per cent

Money:—Call 1/4 per cent

3 months 1/2 per cent.

6 months 1 per cent.

Tone:—Very easy.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, Aug 14

Call Loan London	1/2
3 per cent	70 3/4
3 1/2 per cent	83 1/2
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	86 1/4
4 per cent 1948/53	102 3/4
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	107 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1956/68	109 1/2
5 per cent 1944/54	105 1/2
3 per cent 1949/52	94 1/4
3 1/2 per cent British Consols	66 3/8
3 1/2 per cent War loan	91 7/8
4 per cent Funding loan 1960/90	105 1/4
Indian Iron and Steel New Ord	36/6

MADRAS SHARE BAZAR

MADRAS, Aug. 15.

	Rs.	a.	p.
3 per cent 1941 Loan	102	6	0
3 per cent 1963/65 Loan	97	12	0
3 1/2 per cent G. P. Notes	97	13	0
4 per cent 1960/70	110	13	0
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60	116	8	0
4 per cent Mysore 1955/63	112	8	0
3 1/2 per cent Travancore 1956	102	13	0
3 per cent Mysore	97	13	0
Radhakrishna Mill	104	8	0
Cochin Minbar	4	8	0
Kalpeita Estate	12	2	0
Vellamalai Tea	7	0	0
Malayalm Plan Shilling	29	0	0
Inlamallay Estate	17	0	0
Trichi Shrirangam	16	0	0
Reserve Bank	110	0	0
Central Bank	35	4	0
Indian Bank	22	15	0
Prem. Construction	6	4	0
Indian Copper	1	10	6

Note: Cotton Mill shares quietly dull. Plantations lower fair turnover. Securities and Banks steady.

LONDON EXCHANGES
London, Aug 14

T T London on:	
New York	4.68.13
Paris	176.70
Berlin	11.66 1/2
Madrid	42.25
Montreal	4.68 1/16
Amsterdam	8.71 3/4
Brussels	27.55 7/8
Milan	89.62
Berne	20.74 1/4
Copenhagen	22.40
Stockholm	19.39 7/8
Oslo	19.90 1/2

Tata Steel Shares Drop To New Low Levels

ASSOCIATED CEMENTS GIVE WAY

Absence Of Rains Causing Anxiety

BOMBAY, August 15.

Absence of rains in Gujarat and Kathiawar is causing anxiety on the local Stock Exchange, where professional bulls had to withdraw their support and Tata Steel Shares were depressed to new low levels.

The technical position of the market is sound with speculative interest at a low ebb but at the moment the market is facing a grave shortage of rain. The situation is now fast driving to famine conditions in many parts and in a predominently agriculturist country like ours, there must be serious effect on our national industries. The purchasing power of masses will be destroyed and there can be no demand for manufactured goods to keep machinery active.

The European political situation and Sino-Japanese tension are having their effect on the general sentiment and speculative enthusiasm is utterly absent.

These two unfavourable factors are destroying confidence and the Taravaniwalas who managed to dictate prices seem getting nervous. They are reported carrying long interest and for the first time to-day, they showed signs of exhaustion. The small improvement in Wall Street was ignored and there were many sellers in to-day's one hour session.

Yesterday the Wall Street Market closed very steady with a good undertone owing to combined optimistic American business news and the improved output in steel. This week steel activity is reported 62.1 per cent as against 60.1 per cent. last week and 10.4 per cent. this week last year.

It is true that business in the States and the United Kingdom is showing steady improvement under large armament orders but the local situation presenting discouraging outlook with utter absence of confidence.

Tata Steel Dfds. opened at Rs. 1,325 and declined to Rs. 1,310 on general and nervous long liquidation. Later on there was some short covering and professional support and prices improved to Rs. 1,320. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 279 and closed at Rs. 278-8. There was heavy selling by bulls in Associated Cement Shares which after opening at Rs. 121-8 declined to Rs. 118-12. Cotton Mill Shares were steady.

The local Share Bazar will remain entirely closed for forward and cash business but the Government Securities will remain open.

TEXTILE SHARES

BOMBAY, August 15.

100	Ahmed. Advance	247	8
250	BOM. DYEING	702	8
100	CENTURY	194	0
100	CENTRAL INDIA	195	8
100	COLABA	105	8
100	Coorla	84	0
250	David	25	0
250	Dawn	285	0
1	E. D. Sassoon	0	3 9
100	Finlay	89	0
100	GOKAK	127	0
1,000	Hindustan	1660	0
100	Indore	35	0
100	Khatau	81	8
100	KOHINOOR	209	0
250	Laxmi	415	0
250	MADRAS United	25	0
100	MORARJI	110	8
250	Model	40	0
50	MYSORE	80	8
200	NEW GREAT	168	8
100	Oosmanshahi	41	0
100	PHOENIX	226	4
25	SASSOON SILK	69	0
1,000	Sholapur	2,700	0
50	SIMPLEX	64	4
1,000	SWADESHI	189	8
100	SWAN	82	0
500	Vishnu	1,000	0
1,000	Westerns	850	0

BANKS

50-100	Baroda	108	0
35-50	Central	34	6
500	Imperial	1,532	8
125-500	Imp. Conty.	380	0
50-100	India	143	12
100	Reserve Bank	111	4
5	Union	5	14

CEMENTS

100	ASSOCIATED	118	12

INSURANCE

100	Empire	640	0
15-100	Jupiter	13	9
20	Mercantile	53	0
New	India	38	4
15-75	Oriental	4,650	0
10-50	Vulcan	7	1

ELECTRIC

100	Ahd. Old	146	4
1,000	ANDHRA VALLEY	1,462	8
10	Ajmer	10	11
50	BOMBAY TRAM	129	0
100	Bombay Suburban	160	0
10	Broach	10	11
100	Karachi	191	4
100	Poona	187	8
100	Surat	161	4
100	TATA HYDRO	155	0
1,000	TATA POWERS	1,282	4

RAILWAYS

500	Ahmedabad Prantij	1005	0
100	C. Province	101	0
100	Dh. Baramati	101	8
100	Gujarat	99	0
100	Mandra Bhon	101	8
100	Pachora Jamner	85	8
100	Sara Serajganj	102	12
100	Tapti Valley	781	4

MININGS

8	Burma Corp.	XD 5	1
2sh.	Indian Copper	1 10	6
10	Indian Iron and Steel	24	12
10	SHIVRAJPUR	31	0
30	TATA STEEL DEFDS.	1320	0
75	TATA STEEL ORD.	278	8

MISCELLANEOUS

100	ALCOCK	377	0
10	Air Service	6	0
50	BELAPUR SUGAR	170	0
200	Bombay Safe Dep	610	0
250	BOMBAY STEAM	254	0
125	B. BURMA	457	0
50	B. BURMA CONTY	161	4
8sh.	Br. B. Petrol	3	4
50	BOMBAY TELEPHONE	89	0
100	IND. BLEACHING	82	8
50	Ind. Invest Trust	44	4
100	I. Radio Defd	347	8
100	I. Radio Ord.	340	0
100	Port Canning	74	8
30	PREMIER CON.	72	8
15	Scindia	16	11
25	Tata Oil Mill	34	8

PREFERENCE

7	p.c Andhra Valley	1.482	8
6	p.c Bombay Steam	297	8
7	p.c. Bombay tram (T.F.)	XD 77	4
5	p.c Central India (T.F.)	560	0
6-1/4	p.c. Prem Const 1st	110	4

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, Aug 15

Bombay Dyeing (698/12) 696 695 709 702

Century (194) 194 193 194 195/8

Central India (195) 194 193 194 195/8

Kohinoor (210) 210 208 209

New Great (171/8) 170 168 168/8

Simplex (64/4) 64/4 63/12 64/4

Swadeshi (189) 188 189/8

Associated Cement (121/8) 121/8 120 118/12 120 118/12

Andhra (1460) 1462/8

Tram Ord (129/4) 129

Tata Hydro (155) 155 153/8

Tata Power (12/2/8) 1275 1272 1280 1282

T Steel Defd (1325) 1322 1318 1321 1310 1321 1320

T Steel Ord (279) 278 277 279 278/8

Tata Steel 2nd Pref (165) 164/8

Bellapur (171) 171 170/8 170

B Steam (255) 254 253 254

B Burma (454/8) 454 455 454 457

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, Aug 14

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dol.
American Power and Light Common	5
American Power and Light 5 per cent Pfd	40
Electric Power and Light 7 per cent Pfd	37
Electric Bond and Share Common	9 7/8
Electric Bond and Share 5 per cent Pfd	60
Columbia Gas and Electric	8
American Tel and Tel	165
Western Union Telegraph	25 5/8
Great Northern Pfd	25
New York Central	14 3/8
Liggett Myers 'B'	106
Union Carbon and Carbide	79 3/4
Amrex Corporation	21 3/8
Texas Corporation	24
National Dairy	17 1/2
Socony	11 1/8
Consolidated Oil	6 7/8
United States Steel	48 5/8
Bethlehem Steel	60 1/2
Crucible Steel	23
Alleghany Ludlum Steel	17
Republic Steel	17
Int Nickel of Canada	49 3/8
Anaconda Copper Mining	25 7/8
U S Smelting	73
Chrysler Motors	82
General Motors	47 3/8
General Electric	36 7/8
Woolworth	48
Brooklyn Manhattan Transit Com	12 3/8
Loews Inc	42 1/2
National Cash Register	18 3/4
Lockheeds	29 1/4
Chase National Bank	31 3/4
National City Bank of New York	28 1/4

Turnover 550,000 shares. Market likely to go higher; steels buoyant. Steel production 62.1 per cent against 60.1 per cent last week and 40.4 per cent same period last year.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE
London, Aug 14

Rupee paper 3 1/2 per cent	£70 1/2
Indian stock 3 per cent 1948	70 3/4
Indian stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	83 1/2
Indian stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	107 1/2
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	66 3/8
Conversion loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	92 3/4
War loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952	91 7/8
Funding loan 4 per cent 1960/90	105 1/4
Victory Bonds	105 3/8
Chartered Bank of I A and China	6 3/4
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London Reg	73
National Bank of India	28 1/4

(Capital Letters indicate Shares in Forward List.)

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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 16, 1939

ZODIAC
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Sure Cure
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STOCKISTS WANTED IN UP-COUNTRIES.

"More Harmful Than Beneficial"

Munshi On Activities Of Kisan Leaders

Heated Debate In Bombay Assembly On Land Revenue Code Amending Bill

POONA, Aug. 15.

The situation arising out of the activities of Kisan leaders in Gujarat were raised in the Bombay Legislative Assembly to-day during question hour when Mr. Musaji Patel asked "Whether Government are aware that their activities are highly detrimental to the interest of agriculturists in Gujarat, if so, what steps Government propose to take to stop their activities."

Mr. K. M. Munshi replied that Government were aware of the activities of Kisan leaders. "The methods followed by them," he said, "have been more harmful than beneficial to the agriculturists, but it is the policy of Government not to interfere with the Kisan movement, so long as it is conducted on legitimate and peaceful lines. Government is however closely watching the situation and will take action if it becomes necessary for it to do so."

CANNED AND DRIED FRUIT INDUSTRY

Manufacture of canned and dried fruit figured prominently on the question list when Mr. S. H. Jhabvala asked whether any practical research had been made by Government into the question of manufacture of canned and dried fruit.

The Hon. Mr. A. B. Latthe, Finance Minister, informed the House that the Department of Industries had carried on some investigations in respect of drying of mango pulp. The experiment had proved successful and the powder prepared had been shown to the various merchants. They were all of the opinion that if the fruit was available in powder form it would find a good market. The method of drying mango pulp had been demonstrated at the H.O.H. Fete.

He added that the Department of Agriculture had carried out experiments in canning mango pulp and slices, guna, pineapple and chiku, canning tomato juice and strawberries. Government had not adopted any special measures for checking the import of those articles as the subject came under the purview of the Central Government.

The Finance Minister further added that the Department of Agriculture gave suitable training at the Horticultural Laboratory to intending candidates who wished to start fruit canning concerns. Technical advice had been offered by the Department to parties interested in the industry.

SHIP-BUILDING

"If any business concern wishes to start a ship-building industry on modern lines and approaches Government for assistance Government will be prepared to render such help as is possible," said the Hon. Mr. L. M. Patil, Minister for Local Self-Government, in reply to questions by Mr. B. R. Rane on the development of the ship-building industry in the Province of Bombay.

The Minister added that ship-building activities were carried on especially in the Ratnagiri and Kanara Districts and the industry on a small scale was now conducted on modern lines in this province. In addition to those the Royal Indian Navy Dockyard also constructed shops required for the Navy in the year 1918.

The Government of Bombay appointed an expert Committee on ship-building under the Munitions Board, which carried out detailed investigations and survey of the ship-building activities, availability of timber supplies and location of possible sites for shipyards, etc., in this province.

MONEY LENDERS' BILL

Munshi's Motion Carried

After interpellation hour in the Bombay Assembly to-day, Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta asked leave of the House to move for an adjournment of the business of the House to draw its attention to an urgent matter of definite public importance namely the action of the Government in demanding security from the editor of "Sawadhan", published from Bombay, and the printer of the Luxmi Narayan Press, from where it was published.

Leave was granted and the speaker, the Hon. Mr. G. V. Mavlanker fixed 4 p.m., when the motion will come up for discussion.

Money-Lenders' Bill

The Hon. Mr. K. M. Munshi, then moved that the period for the presentation of the Select Committee report appointed on 29th January 1938 on the bill to regulate money-lending in the Province of Bombay be extended to 30th November 1939.

Mr. Munshi said that the Agricultural Debtors Relief Bill would be shortly placed before the House. This Bill was closely connected with Money-lenders' Bill, and he suggested that it would be better to hold up the progress with regard to the Money-lenders' Bill, till the former Bill got through the House.

SJT. PARULEKAR'S MOTION

Mr. S. V. Parulekar opposed the motion. He said that the Money-lenders' Bill was introduced in this House more than a year ago.

(Continued on Page 9, Col. 4).

The Council of the Imperial Indian Citizenship Association at its meeting held in Bombay last week, Sir Jagdish Prasad attending, discussed the South African Indian situation with Swami Bhawani Dayal (second from right).

CENTRAL GOVT. & INDIANS ABROAD

Sir Jagdish Prasad At Indian Citizenship Association

The Council of the Imperial Indian Citizenship Association discussed problems affecting Indians overseas with the Hon. Sir Jagadish Prasad, Member in charge of Education, Health and Lands Government of India, during his brief visit to Bombay. During the discussion the Council was, it is understood, informed of Government's attitude towards those problems. Swami Bhawani Dayal, President of the Natal Indian Congress, was also present. The Council was represented by Sir Purshotamdas Thakurdas, Chairman, Mr. K. Natarajan and Dr. T. M. Kajiji, Honorary Secretaries, Sir Rahimtoola Chinoy, Mr. Mavji G. Seth, and Mr. Kaikobad C. Dinshaw.

The questions related to the rights of Indians in South Africa, Kenya, Ceylon Burma and Malaya.

As regards the first question, the Council is stated to have considered the Asiatic Segregation legislation of the Union Government. The Council felt that the position of the South African Indian population by the Segregation legislation in the Union had become desperate and was frought with immense peril to the relationship between the two countries. In its representation on the subject to the Government of India the Council brought to their notice the gravity of the situation suggesting to them to take up the matter with the Union Government.

The Council it is understood, was also informed of the action taken by the Government of India in connection with the question of reservation of the Kenya Highlands for Europeans. In connection with this matter an Order-in-Council was passed by Parliament some time ago under which the Government of Kenya was authorised to reserve the Highlands for Europeans only.

The Council is of the opinion that the Order-in-Council perpetuates the policy of racial discrimination.

With regard to the situation in Ceylon the Government of India, having already taken action by stopping the recruitment of unskilled Indian labour for Ceylon, are now watching developments. They may take further steps if it was found necessary to do so.

Referring to the situation in Malaya the Council it is gathered, was informed that the cut in the wages of Indian labourers had now been restored.

The Council also reviewed the position of Indians in Burma.

RESOLUTION TO BOYCOTT CENTRAL ASSEMBLY

SIMLA, Aug. 15.

The "United Press" learns that Maulana Zafar Ali Khan has given notice of a resolution for the meeting of the Council of the Muslim League to be held in Delhi on August 27 suggesting that members of the Muslim League Party of the Central Assembly should not attend the Assembly Session on the opening day as a protest against the despatch of troops outside India without consulting the Legislature.

Private advices received here indicate that the Congress members belonging to the Nationalist Party also will not attend the next session of the Central Assembly.—United Press.

MUSLIMS AND WAR

No Co-operation With Britain?

NEW DELHI, August 14.

The attitude of Indian Muslims towards Federation and in the event of war form the subject matter of resolutions for discussion at the forthcoming meeting of the Council of the All India Muslim League on August 27 and the subsequent days, under the presidency of Mr. M. A. Jinnah.

A resolution standing in the name of Sir Currimbhoy Ebrahim, Bombay, states "that the Muslims of India should not co-operate with Britain in the event of a war in view of the injustice done to Arabs by the violation of promises made to them at the time of the last war and to Indian Muslims by enforcing upon them a constitution which allows the majority to trample down their religious, social and economic rights and the utter neglect and indifference on the part of the Viceroy and the Governors of provinces to exercise their special powers to give justice to the minorities".

Of the two resolutions dealing with Federation, one recommends to the League Council to call upon all Muslim League members of the Central and Provincial Legislatures to resign their seats at once with a view to registering their opposition to Federation and boycotting the same. The other suggests the launching of direct action against the British Government, in co-operation with other parties in the country, on the day of the forthcoming Id Qurban.

SEPARATE ELECTORATES

Other subjects expected to come up for consideration at the meeting include a demand for separate electorates for Muslims in local bodies, the framing of an economic programme, the recent firing at Cawnpore, measures to strengthen the Muslim League organisations in provinces and action against Maulana Hasrat Mohani, if he declines to withdraw the allegations made against the League Council.

The League Council will also consider a resolution seeking to condemn the Government of India Act Amending Bill now before the House of Commons as being further destructive of provincial autonomy and demanding its withdrawal.

On the question of release of political prisoners a resolution has been tabled for discussion. While appreciating the policy of the Bengal Ministry on the subject, it urges the immediate release of the remaining prisoners as a gesture of goodwill towards the "Forward Bloc".—A. P.

MADRAS, Aug. 14.

The "United Press" understands that the Government of Madras are considering the question of taking advantage of Lord Nuffield's offer of "iron lungs" or respirators to hospitals in the British Empire.

Gandhi-Viceroy Parleys Likely?

Move Behind Scene To Get Boycott Decision Revised

(From Our Correspondent.)
SIMLA, August 15.

Prominent members of the Central Assembly, who are at present here are not feeling happy over Wardha direction to boycott the Simla Session. It is understood that suggestions are being seriously put out through private channels to impress upon the Viceroy the need for inviting Mahatma Gandhi for table talk to discuss issues involved in the dispatch of troops and the circumstances which necessitated such a course of action.

It is, however, unlikely that Simla will accept such overtures. Official circles apparently feel relieved at the prospect of not having to face opposition on the floor of the House and enjoying easy time during September when Simla season is generally at its best.

The farce of session, however, will be staged though dull monotony will be broken by Viceroy's State visit to the Council Chamber to address the members of the Central Legislature after interval of two years on September 21.

Lord Linlithgow however, has knack of rising above officialdom and political circles here have not lost hope that something may be done to enable the Congress participation in the Assembly Session.

They apprehend if nothing materialises now they might not have the satisfaction of even showing their Parliamentary talents in budget session also. It is believed the Executive Council which ordinarily meets on Wednesdays would review the position for benefit of Viceroy.

13 Congressmen Arrested For Defying Ban

BANGALORE, August 15.

NEWS HAS BEEN RECEIVED HERE THAT THE MYSORE STATE CONGRESS PRESIDENT AND 12 OTHERS INCLUDING MR. K. T. BASHYAM, CONGRESS LEADER, WERE ARRESTED YESTERDAY EVENING AT KOLAR GOLD FIELDS, ABOUT 50 MILES FROM BANGALORE.

IT APPEARS THE CONGRESSMEN HAD GONE THERE IN CONNECTION WITH THEIR PROPAGANDA TOUR WHICH THEY DECIDED AT THE LAST MEETING OF THE CONGRESS WORKING COMMITTEE.

Apprehending trouble the District Magistrate, Kolar, served an Order under Section 39 of the Police Regulation prohibiting them from holding meeting or making speeches in that area (being a large labour area of about 30,000 labourers employed in gold fields). The Congressmen, it appears, defied the Order and were consequently arrested.

They will be shortly produced before the Magistrate.—A.P.

CONGRESS MEMBERS OBEY INSTRUCTIONS

Not To Attend Session Of Public Accounts Committee

SIMLA, August 15.

On receipt of instructions from Wardha Congress members who are here in connection with the present session of the Public Accounts Committee, namely, Mr. Satyamurthi, Deputy Leader of the Party in the Assembly, Mr. B. Das and Prof. Ranga, are not attending the meetings of the Committee from to-day. They intend to leave Simla shortly.—A. P

WHAT SHOULD CONGRESS ELDERS DO?

Biyani's Letter To Rajen Babu

AKOLA, Aug. 15.

In view of the recent resolution of the Congress Working Committee passed at Wardha calling upon the Congress members of the Central Assembly, to refrain from attending the session of the Central Assembly, the Hon. Mr. Brijlal Biyani, Secretary of the Congress Party in the Council of State, has referred to Dr. Rajendra Prasad, the Congress President, about the attitude of the Congress members of the Council of State regarding their attendance in the ensuing Simla session.

As soon as the reply from Dr Rajendra Prasad is received, Mr. Biyani will inform the members of his party in the Council of State accordingly.—United Press.

MADRAS, Aug. 14.

Out of the grant of Rs. 2,75,000 by the Government of India for rural reconstruction work in the Madras Presidency, the Government have so far distributed about Rs. 1,75,000 for execution of schemes in the various districts.—United Press.

Edgar Wallace Detective Story: Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE — THE POISON THORN

HI! WHAT ARE YOU LOOKIN' SO MOON-STRUCK ABOUT?
THAT GIRL, DONAVAN.. .. HER NAME'S MAGDA THORNE, AND SHE'S A BEAUTY!
THORNE! THAT BODY IN THE MORGUE ---- TYREL-BLAKE --- HE WAS MURDERED BY A POISONED THORN! D'YOU THINK THIS GIRL -----
NEVER! NOT A GIRL LIKE THAT!
JUMPIN' BLUE BLAZES, HE'S ACTIN' QUEER! I BETTER INVESTIGATE THIS DAME BEFORE WADE FALLS FOR HER COMPLETELY!
1-22
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